## **GPAT QUESTION PAPER 2011 WITH ANSWER KEY**

## **GPAT QUESTIONS**

| 1. | A glycoalkaloid   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|    | [P] Contains sulphur in addition to nitrogen in its molecule  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | [Q] Is glycosidic in nature.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | [R] Can be hydrolysed to an alkaloid.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | [S] Always contains endocyclic nitrogen in its molecule.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | (a) P&R (b) Q&S (c) Q&R (d) P&Q   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. | Which of the following statements are true for ginseng root   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | [P] It is among the most traded plant material of Brazil  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | [Q] It is obtained from Panax ginseng and Panax quinquefolium   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | [R] It is obtained from young plants of six months to one year age                                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | [S] It contains derivatives of protopanaxadiol.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | (a) P&Q (b) R&S (c) Q&R (d) Q&S   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. | Which of the following drugs is a triterpenoid containing root?                                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | (a) Valerian (b) Brahmi (c) Satavari (d) Adusa  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4. | Which of the following alkaloids is derived from tyrosine   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | (a) Quinine (b) Morphine (c) Atropine (d) Ephedrine   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5. | The following options carry the name of the plant, part used and its family. Find awrong combination. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | (a) Aegle marmelos, fruit & Rutaceae  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | (b) Conium maculatum, fruit & Umbelliferae  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | (c) Glycyrrhiza glabra, root and stolon & Leguminosae   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | (d) Strophanthus gratus, seed & Scrophulariaceae  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6. | Anomocytic stomata, trichomes with collapsed cell and absence of calcium oxalate crystals are some of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | themicroscopic features of which plant  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | (a) Digitalis (b) Hyoscyamus (c) Mentha (d) Senna   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7. | Each of the following options lists the name of the drug, its class, pharmacologicalaction and plan   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | source.Choose an option showing a wrong combination.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | (a) Asafoetida, oleo-gum-resin, anti-flatulence, Ferula foetida                                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | (b) Benzoin, bakam, antiseptic, Styrax benzoin  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | (c) Myrrh, gum-resin, antiseptic, Commiphora wightii  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    | (d) Papaine, enzyme, proteolytic, Carica papaya   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| 8.  | Quinoline alkaloids are biosynthesized via which     | h one  | e of the following pathways                             |
|-----|--|--------|---|
|     | (a) Shikimic acid -tyrosine                          | (b)    | Shikimic acid -tryptophan                               |
|     | (c) Shikimic acid -cathinone                         | (d)    | Shikimic acid - phenylalanine                           |
| 9.  | Which of the following ergot alkaloids is water s    | solub  | le and shows blue fluorescence                          |
|     | (a) Ergosine   | (b)    | Ergotamine  |
|     | (c) Ergocristme                                      | (d)    | Ergometrine   |
| 10. | Khellin is an active constituent of which one of t   | he fo  | ollowing plants   |
|     | (a) Prunus serona                                    | (b)    | Tribulus terrestis                                      |
|     | (c) Ammi visnaga                                     | (d)    | Vanilla plamfolia                                       |
| 11. | Goldbeater's skin test is used to detect the prese   | ence   | of which one of the following classes of compounds      |
|     | (a) Tannins  | (b)    | Steroids  |
|     | (c) Glycerides                                       | (d)    | Resins  |
| 12. | Which one of the following compounds is usefu        | l for  | the stimulation of cell division and release of lateral |
|     | bud dormancy?  |        |   |
|     | (a) zeatin   | (b)    | 2, 4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid                         |
|     | (c) Indole acetic acid                               | (d)    | Picloram  |
| 13. | Phenylethylisoquinoline is the precursor of which    | ch of  | the following alkaloids                                 |
|     | (a) Colchicine                                       | (b)    | Papaverine  |
|     | (c) Emetine  | (d)    | Cephaline   |
| 14. |  |        | cters: Anther cells, parenchyma,pollen grains,phloem    |
|     | fibers, volatile oil cells and stone cells. The powd |        | A A PASSAGE   |
|     | (a) Clove bud powder                                 | , ,    | Clove bud powder with stalk                             |
|     | (c) Mother Cove                                      | 7.5    | None of the above                                       |
| 15. | Arrange the following fatty acids in decreasing of   |        |   |
|     | [P] Stearic [Q] Oleic acid                           | ٠,     | Linolenic acid [S] Linoleic acid                        |
|     | (a) P>Q>R>S  | ` '    | S>R>P>Q   |
|     | (c) R>S>Q>P  | (d)    | Q>P>R>S   |
| 16. | Determine the correctness or otherwise of the fo     | llow   | ing Assertion [a] and the Reason [r]:                   |
|     | Assertion (a): Tannins are polyphenolic substance    | es oc  | curring in plant cell sap. Hydrolysable and condensed   |
|     | tannins are differentiated by match stick test       |        |   |
|     | Reason (r): The condensed tannins are resistan       | t to a | acid hydrolysis therefore stain the lignin present in   |
|     | matchstick.  |        |   |
|     | (a) Both (a) and (r) are true, and (r) is a correct  | rea    | son for (a)   |
|     | (b) Both (a) and (r) are true, but (r) is NOT the    | corre  | ect reason for (a)                                      |
|     | (c) (a) is true but (r) is NOT the correct reason    | for (a | a)  |
|     | (d) Both (a) and (r) are false                       |        |   |
|     |  |        |   |

| 17.   | Determine the correctness or otherwise of the following Assertion [a] and the Reason [r]: <b>Assertion (a):</b> Castor oil is soluble in alcohol and is used as purgative. <b>Reason (r):</b> The oil contains ricinoleic acid having a hydroxyl group at C-12 position which is responsible for its solubility in alcohol and its purgative action.  (a) Both (a) and (r) are true but (r) is NOT the correct reason for (a)  (b) (a) is true but (r) is NOT the correct reason for (a)  (c) Both (a) and (r) are true and (r) is the correct reason for (a) |                 |                       |                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|-----------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 18.   | (d) Both (a) and (r) are false In acetate mevalonate pathway geranyl pyrophos constituents of volatile oils.  | spha            | ate leads to forma    | ation of monoterpenes, the major    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| [P] Geranyl pyrophosphate contains two isoprene units |   |                 |                       |                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | [Q] Monoterpenes have 15 carbon atoms   |                 |                       |                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | [R] The two isoprene units condense in head to ta   | ail fa          | ashion to give Moi    | noterpenes                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | [S] Isoprene unit has molecular formula of C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>8</sub> .  |                 |                       |                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | which one of the given statements is correct?   |                 | (h) Diefele Oie       | Anna Diahun Ciafala                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | (a) P is true. Q is false, R is true, S is false  |                 |                       | true, R is true, S is false         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19.   | (c) P is true. Q is true, R is fa1se, S is true Two genetic types of Cannabis i.e. drug type and H  |                 |                       | false, R is true, S is true         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1).   | [P] Drug type cannabis is rich in (-) 9-trans-tetrah  |                 |                       | ateu.                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | [Q] Hemp type cannabis is rich in cannabidiol   | ilyui           | ocamiaomor            |                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | [R] Drug type cannabis is rich in cannabidiol   |                 |                       |                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | [S] Hemp type cannabis contains elongated bast fi   | ibre            | s o remi              |                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | which one of the given statements is correct?   |                 |                       |                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | (a) P is true, Q is true, R is true, S is true  |                 | (b) P is true, Q is f | false, R is false, S is true        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | (c) P is true, Q is true, R is false. S is true   |                 | (d) P is false, Q is  | fake, R is true, S is fake          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20.   | Each of the following options lists a phytoconstitue and corresponding semisynthetic analogue. Find a (a) Podophyllotoxin, lignan, anticancer, etoposide (b) Sennoside, anthraquinone, laxative, sinigrin (c) Atropine, alkaloid, anticholinergic, homatropin (d) THC, terpenophenolic, psychoactive, nabilone  | a M<br>e<br>ine |                       |                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21.   | Inhibition/induction of which of the following Cytod  | chr             | ome P450 enzyme       | system ismost likely to be involved |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | in important drug-drug interactions   |                 |                       |                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | (a) CYP3A4 (b) CYP2D6 (c)   | (c)             | CYP2C9                | (d) CYP1A2                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22.   | Which of the following mechanisms is NOT related  | d to            | platelet aggregatio   | on inhibitory action                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | (a) ADP receptor antagonism (I  | (b)             | Glycoprotein IIb/     | Illa receptor antagonism            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | (c) Phosphodiesterase inhibition (d   | (d)             | Prostacyclin inhib    | ition                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   |   |                 |                       |                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| 23. | Choose the correct statement about the given is        | our diseases?   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|     | [P] Cardiomyopathy                                     | [Q] Rheumatoid arthritis                                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | [R] Myasthenia gravis                                  | [S] Ukerative colitis                                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Q & S are autoimmune disorders                     | (b) P & Q are autoimmune disorders                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) P & R are not autoimmune disorders                 | (d) R & S are not autoimmune disorders                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24. | Which of the following species is being inactivate     | ed by the enzyme Dipeptidyl Peptidase-4                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Oxytocin (b) vasopressin                           | (c) Incretins (d) Glucagon                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25. | Patients taking isosorbide mononitrate or nitr         | oglycerine should be advised not to take Sildenafil Thi     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | drug- drug interaction causes which of the follo       | ving actions  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Respiratory failure                                | (b) Severe hypotension                                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Prolongation of QT interval                        | (d) Myocardial ischemia                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26. | Which of the following drugs does NOT induce in        | nydriasis?  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Atropine (b) Ephedrine                             | (c) Phentolamine (d) Cocaine                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27. | Which of the following statements is TRUE for a        | ngiotensin-II   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Causes myocyte hypertrophy                         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (b) Decreases the action of sympathetic nervous system |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Increases force of myocardial contraction          |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (d) Decreases the synthesis and release of aldo        | sterone   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28. | Which of the following beta blockers has been sho      | wn clinically to reduce mortality inpatients of symptomatic |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | heart failure http://www.xamstudy.com                  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Atenolol (b) Carvedilol (c)                        | Propranolol (d) Esmolol                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29. | All of the given four drugs cause vasodilatation.      | Choose the correct statement about them.                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | [P] Bradykinin [Q] Minoxidil [R]                       | Acetylcholine [S] Hydralazine                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) P & Q cause release of nitric oxide                | (b) Q & R do not cause release of nitric oxide              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) R & S cause release of nitric oxide                | (d) P & S do not cause release of nitric oxide              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30. | Rhabdomyolysis is the side effect associated wit       | h which of the following classes of drugs                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) ACE inhibitors                                     | (b) Statins   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Calcium channel blockers                           | (d) Sodium channel blockers                                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31. | Blood level monitoring of HbA1c is important in        | which of the given diseased states                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Hypercholesterolemia                               | (b) Diabetes mellitus                                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Myocardial infarction                              | (d) Congestive heart failure                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 32. | Most of the emergency contraceptives have whi          | ch one of the following active ingredients                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Estradiol (b) Norethindron                         | (c) Misoprostol (d) Levonorgesterol                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33. | Which of the following antibiotics produces conc       | entration dependent bactericidal action and also possesses  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | post-antibiotic effect                                 |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Ceftazidime (b) Azithromycin                       | (c) Amikacin (d) Piperacillin                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34. |  | which of its following actions                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Integrase inhibition                               | (b) CCR5 Co-receptor antagonism                             |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Fusion inhibition                                  | .(d). Reverse transcriptase inhibition                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| 35. | What is chemotaxis   |                     |                                  |  |        |                            |  |  |  |
|-----|--|---------------------|----------------------------------|--|--------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
|     | (a) Toxicity of chemicals  | (b)                 | Taxo                             | onomy of chemica                       | als    |                            |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Inhibition of Inflammation   | (d)                 | Mov                              | Movement of leucocytes in inflammation |        |                            |  |  |  |
| 36. | Which one of the followings is NO?   | an example of G     | -prot                            | ein coupled recep                      | tor?   |                            |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Muscarinic cholinergic receptor  | or (b)              | Alph                             | a adrenoceptor                         |        |                            |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Nicotinic cholinergic receptor   | (d)                 | Beta                             | adrenoceptor                           |        |                            |  |  |  |
| 37. | Which of the followings used in the  | treatment of rheu   | ımato                            | oid arthritis is NO                    | T a b  | iologic response modifier  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Anakimra (b) Leflunor  | nide (c)            | Etan                             | ercept                                 | (d)    | Infliximab                 |  |  |  |
| 38. | Which of the following statements is FALSE for artemisinin?  |                     |                                  |  |        |                            |  |  |  |
|     | (a) It is a sesquiterpene lactone e  | ndoperoxide         |                                  |  |        |                            |  |  |  |
|     | (b) It is a drug of choice in prophy   | axis of malaria     |                                  |  |        |                            |  |  |  |
|     | (c) It does not cure relapsing mala  | ria                 |                                  |  |        |                            |  |  |  |
|     | (d) It is useful in treatment of cere  | bral fakiparum m    | nalari                           | a                                      |        |                            |  |  |  |
| 39. | Which of the followings is a nonco   | mpetitive inhibito  | r of t                           | the enzyme rever                       | se tra | inscriptase in HIV         |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Lamivudine (b) Nevirap   | ine (c)             | Aba                              | cavir                                  | (d)    | Tenofovir                  |  |  |  |
| 40. | Which of the followings is the mos   | t effective monot   | heraj                            | y for raising HD                       | L cho  | lesterol                   |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Statins (b) Niacin   | (c)                 | Eze                              | timibe                                 | (d)    | ω-3-Fatty acids            |  |  |  |
| 41. | Which of the following parameters from plasma concentration time profile study gives indication of the |                     |                                  |  |        |                            |  |  |  |
|     | rate of drug absorption?   |                     |                                  |  |        |                            |  |  |  |
|     | (a) $C_{max}$ (b) $T_{max}$  | (c)                 | AUC                              | remix                                  | (d)    | t <sub>1/2</sub>           |  |  |  |
| 42. | Which of the following pairs has high binding affinity for $5\alpha$ -reductase                        |                     |                                  |  |        |                            |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Letrozole and androstenedion   | e                   | (b)                              | Finasteride and                        | estol  | actone                     |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Finasteride and 5-DHT  |                     | (d) Finasteride and testosterone |  |        |                            |  |  |  |
| 43. | Which of the following skeletal mu   | scle relaxants acts | dire                             | ectly on the contra                    | actile | mechanism of the muscle    |  |  |  |
|     | fibers   |                     |                                  |  |        |                            |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Pancuronium (b) Bac  | lofen               | (c)                              | Dantrolene                             | (d)    | Chorzoxazone               |  |  |  |
| 44. | Which is the molecular target for the  | ne vinca alkaloids  | as an                            | ticancer agents                        |        |                            |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Tyrosine kinase (b) DN   | A                   | (c)                              | Ribosomes                              | (d)    | Tubulin                    |  |  |  |
| 45. | Choose the correct pair of the new   | rodegenerative di   | isord                            | ers from those gi                      | ven b  | pelow.                     |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Parkinson's disease and Alzhe  | imer's disease      | (b)                              | b) Schizophrenia and Mania             |        |                            |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Alzheimer's disease and Schiz  | ophrenia            | (d)                              | Parkinson's dise                       | ase a  | nd Autism                  |  |  |  |
| 46. | A 64 year old woman with a histo   | ory of Type II dia  | bete                             | s is diagno <b>sed w</b>               | ith h  | eart failure. which of the |  |  |  |
|     | followings would be a Poor choice  | in controlling her  | diab                             | etes                                   |        |                            |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Metformin (b) Pio  | glitazone           | (c)                              | Glipizide                              | (d)    | Exenatide                  |  |  |  |
|     |  |                     |                                  |  |        |                            |  |  |  |

| 47. | 7. Mifepristone and gemeprost combination is used for medical termination of pregnancy. The action is      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|     | causeddue to which of the following mechanisms   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Mifepristone is an antiestrogen while gemeprost is a prostaglandin E receptor agonist                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (b) Mifepristone is an antiprogestin while gemeprost is a prostaglandin E receptor agonist                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Mifepristone is an antiandrogen while gemeprost is a prostaglandin E receptor agonist                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (d) Mifepristone is an antiprogestin while gemeprost is a prostaglandin E receptor antagonist              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 48. | Which one of the followings is a $\beta$ lactamase inhibitor   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Penicillanic acid (b) Embonic acid   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Cephalosporanic acid (d) Clavulanic acid   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 49. | All of the followings are indications for use of ACE inhibitors Except for one. Identify that              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Hypertension (b) Myocardial infarction   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Left ventricular dysfunction (d) Pheochromocytoma  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50. | Neural tube defects may occur by which one of the following anti-seizure drugs                             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Ethosuximide (b) Vigabatrin (c) Valproic acid (d) Primidone  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 51. | Which water is used for hand washing in a change room of pharmaceutical manufacturing plant?               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Potable water (b) Purified water (c) Disinfectant water (d) Soap water                                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 52. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | capsules?  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Truck drying. (b) Fluid bed drying (c) Vacuum drying (d) Microwave drying                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 53. | Which one of the followings does NOT afford a macromolecular inclusion compound                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Zeolites (b) Dextrins (c) Silica gets (d) Cyclodextrins  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 54. | If C is the concentration of dissolved drug and Cs is the saturation concentration. In which case the      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | sink conditions are said to be maintained?   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) C < 20% of Cs (b) C > 20% of Cs (c) C < 10% of Cs (d) C > 10% of Cs                                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 55. | Which condition does not apply as per Indian law while conducting single dose bioavailability study of an  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | immediate release product  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Sampling period should be at least three t1/2 el   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (b) Sampling should represent pre-exposure, peak exposure and post-exposure phases                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) There should be at least four sampling points during elimination phase                                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (d) Sampling should be continued till measured AUC is at least equal to 80% of AUC                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 56. | Upon standing sometimes gel system shrinks a bit and little liquid is pressed out. What is this phenomenon |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | known as   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Oozing (b) Syneresis (c) Shrinking (d) Desolvation   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 57. | Which of the following routes of administration of drugs is associated with Phlebitis                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Subcutaneous (b) Intravenous (c) Intraspinal (d) Intradural  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| 58. | Study the following two state                               | ements and choose th      | e co  | orrect answer                           |   |  |  |  |  |
|-----|---|---------------------------|-------|---|---|--|--|--|--|
|     | [P] Antibodies are serum p                                  | roteins providing imr     | nun   | nity.                                   |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | [Q] IgG provides immunity t                                 | to new born babies w      | hile  | IgM is the first generate               | ed antibody.                            |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) P is correct and Q is inc                               | orrect (                  | (b)   | P is incorrect and Q is c               | orrect                                  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Both P and Q are correct (d) Both P and Q are incorrect |                           |       |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 59. | Which microbe is used for v                                 | alidation of sterilizati  | ion   | by filtration process                   |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Bacillus stearothermophi                                | ilus (                    | (b)   | Pseudomonas diminuta                    |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Bacillus subtilis                                       | (                         | (d)   | Pseudomonas aeruginos                   | 2                                       |  |  |  |  |
| 60. | Non-linear pharmacokinetics can be expected due to          |                           |       |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | [P] Enzyme induction  |                           |       |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | [Q] Active secretion Choose                                 | the correct answer        |       |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Both P and Q are true                                   | (                         | (b)   | P is true, Q is false                   |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Q is true. P is false                                   | (                         | (d)   | Both P and Q are false                  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 61. | Which wavelength of the UV                                  | light provides maxim      | um    | germicidal action                       |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | · ·   |                           |       |   | i) 240.0 nm                             |  |  |  |  |
| 62. | Which of the following states                               | ,                         | . ,   | (                                       |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Chick Martin test uses organic matter in media          |                           |       |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | (b) The organism in Rideal-walker test is S. typhi          |                           |       |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Rideal-walker test uses organic matter in media         |                           |       |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | (d) The organism in Chick Martin test is S. typhi           |                           |       |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 63. | Which of the following force                                | es contribute to stabil   | ity ( | of charge-transfer compl                | exes                                    |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Resonance forces  |                           |       |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | (b) Resonance and London dispersion forces                  |                           |       |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Dipole-dipole interactions and London dispersion forces |                           |       |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | (d) Resonance forces and dipole-dipole interactions         |                           |       |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 64. | Which of the following isot                                 | herms are produced        | wh    | en the heat of condensa                 | ition of successive layers is           |  |  |  |  |
|     | more than the heat of adsor                                 | ption of first layer      |       |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Type III and IV   |                           |       | (b) Type II and V                       |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Type I and III  |                           |       | (d) Type III and V                      |   |  |  |  |  |
| 65. | Which of the followings act a                               | as a non-ionic emulsif    | yin   | g agent                                 |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Triethanolamineoleate                                   |                           |       | (b) Polyoxyethylene sorbitan monooleate |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) N-Cetyl-N-ethylmorphol                                  | inium ethosulfate         |       | (d) Dioctylsulphosuccin                 | ate                                     |  |  |  |  |
| 66. | The minimal effective flow ra                               | ate of air in laminar flo | w h   | nood should be not less th              | an how many cubic feet per              |  |  |  |  |
|     | minute  |                           |       |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) 10 (b   | o) 50                     |       | (c) 100                                 | (d) 1000                                |  |  |  |  |
| 67. | Which of the following Scheo                                | dules include shelf life  | of o  | drugs                                   |   |  |  |  |  |
|     |   | ) Schedule M              |       | (c) Schedule G                          | (d) Schedule P                          |  |  |  |  |
|     |   |                           |       | · Jan and Symmetric St.                 | • |  |  |  |  |

| 68. | Which of the following pumps is used in handl             | ing of  | corrosive liquids            |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----|---|---------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|     | (a) Turbine pump (b) volute pump                          |         | (c) Air binding pump         | (d) Peristaltic pump         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 69. | By addition of which of the followings the shell          | s of so | ft gelatin capsules may be   | madeelastic                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Polyethylene glycol (b) Sorbitol                      |         | (c) Propylene glycol         | (d) Dibutyl phthalate        |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 70. | Convert 90% v/v alcohol to Proof strength. Ch             | oose t  | he correct answer.           |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) 57.77° under proof                                    |         | (b) 57.77° over proof        |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) 47.41° over proof                                     |         | (d) 47.41° under proof       |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 71. | Department of Transport Test (DOT) is perform             | med fo  | r which of the followings    |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Strip packing (b) Aerosols                            |         | (c) Injection packing        | (d) Glass containers         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 72. | What is the Heat of vaporization of water at 10           | 00°C?   |                              |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) 2790 cal/mole (b) 7290 cal / mole                     |         | (c) 7920 cal/mole            | (d) 9720 cal/mole            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73. | Determine the correctness or otherwise of the             | follov  | ving Assertion [a] and the   | e Reason [r]:                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Assertion[a]:For a pharmaceutical powder tru              | ie dens | sity is greater than the gra | nule density.                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Reason[r]: Mercury displacement used for det              | termin  | ing granule density, allows  | s penetration of liquid into |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | internal pores of the particles.                          |         |                              |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) [a] is true but [r] is false                          |         |                              |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (b) Both [a] and [r] are false                            |         |                              |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Both [a] and [r] are true and [r] is the co           | rrect r | eason for [a]                |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (d) Both [a] and [r] are true but [r] is NOT th           | e corr  | ect reason for [a]           |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74. | Determine the correctness or otherwise of the             | follov  | ving statements:             |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | [P] Rheopexy is the phenomenon when a sol f               | forms   | gel more readily when sh     | eared gently.                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | [Q] In a rheopectic system, sol is the equilibrium        | ım for  | m.                           |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | [R] Rheopexy is a phenomenon when a sol for               | ms ge   | when the material is kep     | ot at rest                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) [R] is true but [P] and [Q] are false                 | (b)     | [P] is true but [Q] and [R   | ] are false                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) [P], [Q] and [R], all are false                       | (d)     | [P], [Q] and [R], all are tr | rue                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 75. | Define PlasmapheresisChoose the correct answ              | wer     |                              |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) The process of collecting plasma and return           | rning t | he red blood cells concen    | trate to thedonor            |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (b) The process of collecting red blood cells co          |         |                              | sma to thedonor              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) The process of separating whiteblood cells from blood |         |                              |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (d) The process of generating artificial blood            | plasma  | a expanders                  |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 76. | Moleculesin the smectic liquid crystals are char          | racteri | zed by which one of thefo    | llowings                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Mobility in three directions and rotation in one axis |         |                              |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (b) Mobility in two directions and rotation in one axis   |         |                              |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Mobility in two directions and no rotation            |         |                              |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (d) Mobility in three directions and no rotation          | n       |                              |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 77. | Choose the correct sequence of Moisture vapo              | r Tran  | smission Rate in packagi     | ng materials?                |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Paper >Aluminium foil >PVC>PVdC                       | (b)     | Aluminium foil >PVC>PV       | dC> Paper                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Aluminium foil>PVdC>PVC> Paper                        | (d)     | Paper >PVC>PVdC>Alum         | inium foil                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     |   |         |                              |                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| 78.         | . How many mL of 50% (w/v) dextrose solution and how many mL of 5% (w/v) dextrose solution are required to prepare 4500 mL of a 10 (w/v) solution? |                            |        |                        |  |  |  |
|-------------|--|----------------------------|--------|------------------------|--|--|--|
|             | (a) 500 mL of 50% and  | 4000 mL of 5%              | (b)    | 1000 mL of 50% an      | d 3500 mL of 5%  |  |  |
|             | (c) 4000 mL of 50% an  | d 500 mL of 5%             | (d)    | 1500 mL of 50% an      | d 3000 mL of 5%  |  |  |
| <b>7</b> 9. |  |                            | _      | -                      | alf-1ife ofthe drug is 3 h,volume<br>te the steady state concentration   |  |  |
|             | (a) 5.05mcg/ml   | (b) 4.50 mcg/ml            | (c)    | 3.53 mcg/ml            | (d) 3.00 mcg/ml  |  |  |
| 80.         | P-Glycoprotein pump is r   | esponsible for which or    | ne of  | the followings         |  |  |  |
|             | (a) Transporting the dru   | gs from the enterocyte     | s into | the gutlumen           |  |  |  |
|             | (b) Transporting the dru   | gs from gut lumen into     | ente   | erocytes               |  |  |  |
|             | (c) Transporting the dru   |                            |        | • 2                    |  |  |  |
|             | (d) Transporting the dru   |                            |        | -                      |  |  |  |
| 81.         | Statement [x]:Hofmeister   |                            |        | J                      | s per their ionic size.  |  |  |
| 01.         | Statement[Y]:Therelative   | 0                          | ٠.     |                        | o per alen leme side.  |  |  |
|             | [P] Al***> Ba **   | [Q] Li > F - [R] NH        |        | 0                      |  |  |  |
|             | Choose the correct staten  | nent                       |        |                        |  |  |  |
|             | (a) Statement x is true bu   | it P, Q and R are false in | State  | ement Y                |  |  |  |
|             | (b) Statement x is false as  | nd P, Q and R arefalsein   | State  | ement Y                |  |  |  |
|             | (c) Statement x is true ar   | nd Q and R are fake in S   | Stater | nent Y                 |  |  |  |
|             | (d) Statement x is false an  | nd P is false in Statemer  | nt     |                        |  |  |  |
| 82.         | The first stage of wetting   | on addition of a granul    | ating  | agent to the powders   | s is characterized by which one  |  |  |
|             | of the followings?   | J                          |        |                        | and the second of the second o |  |  |
|             | (a) Capillary state  | (b) Pendular state         |        | (c) Funicular state    | (d) Droplet state  |  |  |
| 83.         | Larger values of Ky in the   |                            |        | . ,                    |  |  |  |
|             | (a) Harder tablets   | (b) Softer tablets         |        | (c) Fluffy tablets     | (d) Brittle tablets  |  |  |
| 84.         | The degree of flocculation   | of a suspension is 1.5     | and    | the sedimentation vo   | olume is 0.75. what will be the  |  |  |
|             | ultimate volume of defloc  | culated suspension         |        |                        |  |  |  |
|             | (a) 2.0  | (b) 1.5                    |        | (c) 0.75               | (d)0.5   |  |  |
| 85.         | What will be the time re   | quired for a drug exhi     | biting | g first order rate con | stant of 4.6/hr to be degraded   |  |  |
|             | from initial concentration   |                            |        |                        | ,  |  |  |
|             | (a) 2 hr   | (b) 4hr                    |        | (c) 9 hr               | (d) 0.5 hr   |  |  |
| 86.         |  | quired maintaining the     |        |                        | 20 μgm/ml for 24 hr of a drug  |  |  |
|             | exhibiting total clearance   |                            | •      |                        |  |  |  |
|             | (a) 96 mg  | (b) 480 mg                 |        | (c) 960 mg             | (d) 48 mg  |  |  |
| 87.         | What will be the urine to  | . ,                        |        |                        |  |  |  |
|             | [urine (pH : 5) plasma (pl   | •                          |        | 3                      |  |  |  |
|             | (a) 1:101  | (b) 1:201                  |        | (c) 2:101              | (d) 1:202  |  |  |
|             | ₹1.5.  | <i></i>                    |        |                        | 3.3  |  |  |
|             |  |                            |        |                        |  |  |  |

| 88. | The Reynolds number widely used to classify flow bel  | havior   | r of fluids is the ratio of which one of the following | gs: |  |  |  |  |  |
|-----|---|----------|--|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
|     | (a) Inertial forces to gravitational forces   | (b)      | ) Inertial forces to viscous forces                    |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Viscous forces to inertial forces   | (d)      | ) viscous forces to gravitational forces               |     |  |  |  |  |  |
| 89. | If the distillation graph using McCabe Thiele metho   | od is pa | parallel to x-axis, then the feed is which one of the  | he  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | followings?   |          |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Saturated liquid  | (b)      | ) Saturated vapor                                      |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Superheated liquid  | (d)      | ) Superheated vapor                                    |     |  |  |  |  |  |
| 90. | What for the baffles are provided in a shell and tul  | be hea   | at exchanger?  |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) To increase turbulence  | (b)      | ) To decrease turbulence                               |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) To prevent corrosion  | (d)      | ) To increase shell side passes                        |     |  |  |  |  |  |
| 91. | SOS means which one of the followings   |          |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Take occasionally   | (b)      | ) Take immediately                                     |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Take when necessary   | (d)      | ) Take as directed                                     |     |  |  |  |  |  |
| 92. | Which statement is FALSE for Association Colloids   |          |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) They are also called amphiphiles  | (b)      | ) They contain aggregated molecules                    |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) They show partial solvation   | (d)      | ) They are also called micelles                        |     |  |  |  |  |  |
| 93. | Which of the followings is NOT a reciprocating pur  | mp       |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Plunger pump  | (b)      | ) Diaphragm pump                                       |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Gear pump   | (d)      | ) Piston pump  |     |  |  |  |  |  |
| 94. | Which is NOT applicable to protein binding  |          |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Klotz reciprocal plot   | (b)      | ) Sandberg modified equation                           |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Blanchard equation  | (d)      | ) Detli plot   |     |  |  |  |  |  |
| 95. | Statement [P]: Soft gelatin capsules contain 12-15  | % moi    | pisture.   |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Statement [Q] : Hard gelatin capsule shells contain 6                                       | 6-10 %   | % moisture.  |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | Choose the correct statement? http://www.xamstudy.com                                       |          |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Both of the above statements P&Q are true   | (b)      | Both of the above statements P&Q are false             |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Statement P is true and Q is false  | (d)      | ) Statement P is false and Q is true                   |     |  |  |  |  |  |
| 96. | According to USP, the speed regulating device   | of the   | e dissolution apparatus should be capable              | of  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | maintainingthe speed within limits of what % of the selected speed?                         |          |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) 1% (b) 2%   | (c)      | ) 4% (d) 5%  |     |  |  |  |  |  |
| 97. | A drug whose solubility is 1 g/L in water, when giv   | en ora   | ally at a dose of 500 mg is absorbed up to $95\%$      | of  |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | the administered dose. The drug belongs to which class according to the BCS classification? |          |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Class I (b) Class II  | (c)      | Class III (d) Class IV                                 |     |  |  |  |  |  |
| 98. | Which statement is NOT true for steam distillation  |          |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) It is also called differential distillation   |          |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (b) It can be used for separation of immiscible liq   | uids     |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (c) It can be applied for volatile substances   |          |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (d) It can be used for separation of miscible liquid  | ds       |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) it can be abea for separation of inisciple figure                                       |          |  |     |  |  |  |  |  |

|      | (a)   | 1:4                     | (b)   | 1:6                 | (c)   | 1 : √2             | (d) 1 : √3                                |  |  |  |  |
|------|---|-------------------------|-------|---------------------|-------|--------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| 100. | Wh  | at is Primogel          |       |                     |       |                    |   |  |  |  |  |
|      | (a)   | Substituted HPM         | C for | direct compressi    | on    |                    |   |  |  |  |  |
|      | (b)   | Modified microc         | rysta | lline cellulose for | dire  | ct compression     |   |  |  |  |  |
|      | (c)   | Hydro gellingpol        | ymer  | rfor gel formation  |       |                    |   |  |  |  |  |
|      | (d)   | Modified starch         | or d  | isintegration       |       |                    |   |  |  |  |  |
| 101. | A to  | ooth paste conta        | ins s | tannous fluoride    | and   | calcium pyroph     | osphate along with other formulation      |  |  |  |  |
|      | con   | stituents. Choose       | the c | correct statement   | out o | of the followings? |   |  |  |  |  |
|      | (a)   | Stannous fluoride       | is a  | n anticaries agent  | whi   | le calcium pyroph  | osphate is a dentifrice                   |  |  |  |  |
|      | (b)   | Stannous fluoride       | is a  | dentifrice while ca | akiu  | m pyrophosphate    | is a desensitizing agent                  |  |  |  |  |
|      | (c) Stannous fluoride is a desensitizing agent while calcium pyrophosphate is an anticaries agent |                         |       |                     |       |                    |   |  |  |  |  |
|      | (d)   | Both are dentifri       | ces w | vhile calcium pyroj | phos  | phate is addition  | ally a desensitizing agent                |  |  |  |  |
| 102. | Нус   | lrogen peroxide s       | oluti | on (20 volumes)     | is u  | sed topically as   | a mild antiseptic. It is mainly used for  |  |  |  |  |
|      | clea  | ning of wounds w        | hich  | could be due to s   | ome   | of the following   | actions of hydrogen peroxide.             |  |  |  |  |
|      | [P] Astringent action   |                         |       |                     |       |                    |   |  |  |  |  |
|      | [Q]   | Nascent hydroge         | n rel | easing action       |       |                    |   |  |  |  |  |
|      | [R]   | $Oxidizing \ action \\$ |       |                     |       |                    |   |  |  |  |  |
|      | [S]   | Mechanical clean        | sing  | action Choose the   | corr  | ect statements for | the use of hydrogen peroxide as cleaning  |  |  |  |  |
|      |   | agent for wound         | S     |                     |       |                    |   |  |  |  |  |
|      | (a)   | P&R                     | (b)   | P&Q                 | (c)   | R&Q                | (d) R&S                                   |  |  |  |  |
| 103. | Mag   | gnesium trisilicate     | is c  | onsidered to be a   | bett  | er antacid than a  | luminium hydroxide due to its following   |  |  |  |  |
|      | add   | itional properties      | :     |                     |       |                    |   |  |  |  |  |
|      | [P]   | It has a fixed che      | mica  | l composition       |       |                    |   |  |  |  |  |
|      | [Q]   | It forms colloidal      | silic | one dioxide         |       |                    |   |  |  |  |  |
|      | [R]   | Magnesium ions          | over  | come constipatio    | n     |                    |   |  |  |  |  |
|      | [S]   | Magnesium ions          | cause | e higher inhibition | of pe | epsin than alumin  | ium ions Choose the correct combination   |  |  |  |  |
|      |   | of statements           |       |                     |       |                    |   |  |  |  |  |
|      | (a)   | Q&S                     | (b)   | R&S                 | (c)   | P&Q                | (d) Q&R                                   |  |  |  |  |
| 104. | Bor   | ic acid is a weak a     | cid ( | pKa 9.19) which ca  | anno  | t be titrated with | a standard solution of sodium hydroxide   |  |  |  |  |
|      |   |                         | -     |                     |       |                    | ble on addition of glycerol due to one of |  |  |  |  |
|      |   | • •                     |       | hoose the correct   |       | •                  | 0,  |  |  |  |  |
|      |   | 0                       |       | oronic acid on re   |       |                    |   |  |  |  |  |
|      | (b)   |                         |       | onoprotic tetravale |       | 0,                 | lycerol                                   |  |  |  |  |
|      | (c)   |                         |       | pasic acid on react |       |                    |   |  |  |  |  |
|      | 1   | •                       |       |                     |       |                    | resence of glycerol                       |  |  |  |  |
|      | . ,   |                         |       |                     |       | . •                |   |  |  |  |  |
|      |   |                         |       |                     |       |                    |   |  |  |  |  |
|      |   |                         |       |                     |       |                    |   |  |  |  |  |

99. The area of clear opening of any two successive sieves according to Tyler standard is in the ratio of-----.

| 105. | An iron con                          | npound used     | as heamatinic ag                               | ent must    | meet two re             | equirements i          | .e. it should be b  | iologically |
|------|--------------------------------------|-----------------|--|-------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------|
|      | available and                        | d be non-irrit  | ating. Which one                               | of the folk | owing comp              | ounds meet tl          | ne above two requ   | uirement    |
|      | most closely                         | r               |  |             |                         |                        |                     |             |
|      | (a) Ferric c                         | hloride         |  | (b)         | Ferric amm              | onium sulpha           | ate                 |             |
|      | (c) Ferric a                         | mmonium cit     | rate   | (d)         | Ferrous thi             | oglycollate            |                     |             |
| 106. | Iodine-131                           | as sodium iod   | dide solution is u                             | sed as a    | radiopharma             | aceutical for o        | diagnostic and th   | erapeutio   |
|      | purposes. It                         | s usage is dep  | endent on the rel                              | ease of th  | e following e           | missions:              |                     |             |
|      | [P] Alpha pa                         | rticles         | [Q] Pos  | itrons      |                         |                        |                     |             |
|      | [R] Beta em                          | ission          | [S] Gam  | ıma radia   | tion Choose             | the correct c          | ombination of sta   | tements     |
|      | (a) R&S                              |                 | (b) Q&S  | (c)         | P&R                     | (d) P&                 | S                   |             |
| 107  | Arrange the                          | following Lov   | wry-Bronsted acid                              | ds into the | eir decreasin           | g order of aci         | dity (highest to k  | owest)      |
|      | [P] C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH | [Q]             | $H_3C - C \equiv CH$                           | [R]         | H,0                     | [S] CH <sub>3</sub> NH | 1,                  |             |
|      | (a) R>P>Q>                           |                 |  | (b)         | P>R>Q>S                 |                        | •                   |             |
|      | (c) P > Q > F                        | <b>₹&gt;</b> \$ |  | (d)         | R > Q > P > 5           | S                      |                     |             |
| 108  | Alkenes sho                          | w typical elec  | trophilic addition                             | reactions   | s. If an electro        | on withdrawi           | ng group is attach  | ed to one   |
|      |                                      |                 | e double bond, wh                              |             |                         |                        |                     |             |
|      |                                      | ins electrophil |  |             |                         |                        |                     |             |
|      | ` '                                  | nes free radio  |  |             |                         |                        |                     |             |
|      | ` '                                  | nes pericyclic  |  |             |                         |                        |                     |             |
|      |                                      | nes nucleophi   |  |             |                         |                        |                     |             |
| 109. | ` '                                  | -               | ease the rate of SN                            | 2 reaction  | ns manifo <b>k</b> l. I | Enhancement            | in the rate of such | reactions   |
|      |                                      |                 | e following effects                            |             |                         |                        |                     |             |
|      |                                      |                 | n by the solvent k                             |             | cation unaf             | fected                 |                     |             |
|      |                                      |                 | the ionic species                              | 0           |                         |                        |                     |             |
|      |                                      |                 | tion and solvation                             | n of the a  | nion                    |                        |                     |             |
|      | - ,,-                                |                 | on by the solvent l                            |             |                         | fected                 |                     |             |
| 110. | ` '                                  |                 | aromatic compo                                 |             |                         |                        | of electrophilic    | aromatio    |
|      |                                      |                 | n the six-member                               |             |                         |                        | - 10.1-5            |             |
|      |                                      |                 | roaromatic comp                                |             |                         |                        |                     |             |
|      |                                      | membered on     | -  |             | <b>.</b>                |                        | <b>,</b>            | <b>g</b>    |
|      |                                      |                 | roaromatic comp                                | ounds hav   | ve lower circ           | ulating electr         | on density in the   | ring than   |
|      | . ,                                  | membered on     | •  |             |                         |                        |                     |             |
|      |                                      |                 | igs are smaller i                              | n size tl   | han the six             | membered               | ones which affe     | ects their  |
|      | reaction                             |                 |  |             |                         |                        |                     |             |
|      |                                      |                 | paromatic rings a                              | re flat wh  | ile the five-n          | nembered one           | es are nuckered     |             |
| 111  |                                      |                 | an pyrrole. This is                            |             |                         |                        | •                   |             |
|      |                                      |                 | on N in pyrrole is                             |             |                         | onowing race           |                     |             |
|      |                                      |                 | on N in pyriole is                             |             |                         |                        |                     |             |
|      |                                      |                 |  |             |                         | ile nyridina d         | nes not haveany     |             |
|      | (d) Pyridine                         | has three do    | s one hydrogen a<br>www.<br>uble bonds while i | remixed     | ucation.in              | ı⊷ pyriume u           | Jes not naveany     |             |

|                         | (a) Pyrrole   | (b) Thiophene                           |            | c) Furan          | (d              | ) Pyridine                            |  |  |
|-------------------------|---|---|------------|-------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| 113                     | . In nucleophilic al  | i <mark>phatic su</mark> bstitution rea | ctions ar  | ange the follo    | wing leaving gr | oups in decreasing order of           |  |  |
| their leaving capacity? |   |   |            |                   |                 |                                       |  |  |
|                         | [P] Brosyl  | [Q] Hydroxyl                            | 1          | [R] Chloro        | [S]             | Mesyl                                 |  |  |
|                         | (a) S > R > P > Q   | (b) $P > S > R > Q$                     | (          | c) R>Q>S>P        | (d              | ) R>S>Q>P                             |  |  |
| 114                     | . Determine the c   | orrectness or otherwise                 | of the fo  | llowing Asser     | ti0n [a] and th | e Reason [r]:                         |  |  |
|                         | Assertion (a): Quaternary ammonium phase transfer catalysts can enhance the rate of nucleophil          |   |            |                   |                 |                                       |  |  |
|                         | aliphatic substitution reactions in biphasic systems with water soluble nucleophiles.                   |   |            |                   |                 |                                       |  |  |
|                         | Reason (r): Qu  | aternary ammonium                       | compoun    | ds are highly     | polar, positiv  | ely charged water solubk              |  |  |
|                         | compounds.  |   |            |                   |                 |                                       |  |  |
|                         | (a) Both (a) and  | (r) are true but (r) is                 | not the co | rrect reason      | for (a)         |                                       |  |  |
|                         | (b) Both (a) and  | l (r) are true and (r) is               | the corre  | ct reason for (   | (a)             |                                       |  |  |
|                         | (c) (a) is true (r  | ) is false                              |            |                   |                 |                                       |  |  |
|                         | (d) Both (a) and  |   |            |                   |                 |                                       |  |  |
| 115                     |   |   |            | as primary s      | tandard for sta | indardization of perchloric           |  |  |
|                         |   | non-aqueous titrations?                 |            |                   |                 |                                       |  |  |
|                         |   | ydrogen phthalate                       | 77.        | b) Sodium b       |                 |                                       |  |  |
|                         | (c) Potassium d   | ihydrogen phosphate                     | . (1       | d) Sodium m       | ethoxide        |                                       |  |  |
| 116.                    |   |   |            |                   | wo terms labil  | e and inert complexes, are            |  |  |
|                         |   | Choose the correct state                |            |                   |                 |                                       |  |  |
|                         | (a) Labile complexes are formed instantly while inert complexes take hours or days in their formation   |   |            |                   |                 |                                       |  |  |
|                         | (b) Labile complexes take much longer time in formation than inert complexes                            |   |            |                   |                 |                                       |  |  |
|                         | -   | exes get hydrolyzed in v                |            | -                 |                 |                                       |  |  |
|                         |   | exes get decomposed of                  | n mild hea | iting in aqueo    | us solutions w  | hile inert complexes do not           |  |  |
|                         | decompose   |   |            |                   |                 |                                       |  |  |
| 117.                    |   | n complexometric titra                  | tions are  | chelating age     | ents. Choose th | e correct statement about             |  |  |
|                         | them  |   |            |                   |                 |                                       |  |  |
|                         |   | etal ion complex should                 | _          | - 1               |                 | · · · · ·                             |  |  |
|                         |   | etal ion complex should                 |            |                   |                 | •                                     |  |  |
|                         |   | etal ion complex should                 |            | _                 |                 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |  |  |
|                         |   |   | •          | •                 |                 | complexometric titrations             |  |  |
| 118.                    |   |   | `          | •                 |                 | rried out: treatment of the           |  |  |
|                         | •   |   |            |                   |                 | ed by addition of sulphamic           |  |  |
|                         | acid and then treatment with N-(I-naphthyl) ethylene- diamine in slightly basic medium to obtain a pink |   |            |                   |                 |                                       |  |  |
|                         | colour; which is measured at a fixed wavelength tocorrelate the quantity of the drug with the optical   |   |            |                   |                 |                                       |  |  |
|                         |   | h <b>e drug u</b> nder estimatio        |            | Mataurinia Inc. I | ما المامات      |                                       |  |  |
|                         | (a) Streptomycir  | · •0.                                   | ` '        | hiamine hydr      |                 |                                       |  |  |
|                         | (c) Dexamethas  | one                                     | (a). S     | ulphamethox       | azole           |                                       |  |  |
|                         |   |   |            |                   |                 |                                       |  |  |

112. Diels-Alder reaction can be carried out in which of the following heterocyclic compounds most readily

- 119. Name the compound used for standardization of Karl-Fisher reagent in aquametry?
  - (a) Sodium tartrate dihydrate
- (b) Copper sulphate pentahydrate

(c) Sodium iodide

- (d) Sodium thiosulphate
- 120. In the electrochemical series, the standard reduction potentials of copper and zinc are +0.337 v and -0.763 v, respectively. If the half cells of both of these metals are connected externally to each other through an external circuit and a salt bridge, which one of the following processes will take place?
  - (a) Zinc metal electrode will start dissolving in solution while copper ions will start depositing on the copper electrode.
  - (b) Copper metal electrode will start dissolving in solution while zinc ions will start depositing on the zinc electrode
  - (c) Both of the metal electrodes will start dissolving in the solution
  - (d) Both types of ions will start depositing on their respective electrodes
- 121. In polarography. DME has a number of advantages. One of the advantages is that mercury has large hydrogen over potential. It means which one of the followings?
  - (a) Hydrogen ions get easily reduced on the DME
  - (b) Hydrogen gas gets easily reduced on the DME
  - (c) Hydrogen ions require high potential to be reduced at DME
  - (d) Water is difficult to get oxidized at DME
- 122. Following are the desirable properties of the liquid phase used in GLC EXCEPT for one of the followings.

  Identify that.
  - (a) It should be inert to the analytes
  - (b) It should have high viscosity at operating temperature
  - (c) It should have low vapour pressure at the operating temperature
  - (d) It should have a high resolving power
- 123. In HPLC analysis what type of column would you prefer
  - (a) A column with high HETP and high number of plates
  - (b) A column with low HETP and low number of plates
  - (c) A column with high HETP and low number of plates
  - (d) A column with low HETP and high number of plates
- 124. To synthesize sulphonyl urea antidiabetic, which of the following reactions can be used
  - (a) Reacting a suitably substituted sulphonyl chloride with a desired urea derivative under basic conditions
  - (b) Reacting a suitably substituted sulphonamide with a desired isocyanate derivative
  - (c) Reacting a suitably substituted sulphonic acid with adesired isocyanate derivative
  - (d) Reacting a suitably substituted sulphoxide with a desired urea derivative

125. In an optically active organic compound a chiral carbon has the following attached groups: using Sequence Rules choose the correct order of priority of the groups.



Using 'Sequence Rules' choose the correct order of priority of the groups

(a) Q>P>S>R

(b) P>Q>R>S

(c) Q>P>R>S

- (d) P>Q>S>R
- 126. The following statements are given:
  - [P] Conformational isomers are interconvertible by rotation around a single bond while configurational isomers cannot be interconverted without breaking a bond.
  - [Q] Configurational isomers could be optically active or optically inactive while conformational isomers are optically inactive
  - [R] Geometric isomers must have a double bond in their structures
  - [S] Geometric and optical isomers are the two distinct categories of configurational isomers.

Choose the correct combination of statements.

- (a) P, Q & S are true while R is false
- (b) P, R & S are true while Q is false
- (c) Q, R & S are true while P is false
- (d) P, Q & R are true while S is false
- 127. A carbocation will NOT show one of the following properties. Choose that
  - (a) Accept an electron to give a carbene
  - (b) Eliminatea proton to afford an alkene
  - (c) Combine with a negative ion
  - (d) Abstract a hydride ion to form an alkane
- 128. Determine the correctness or otherwise of the following Assertion (a) And the Reason (r):

**Assertion (a):** Formaldehyde and benzaldehyde both undergo Cannizaro reaction while acetaldehyde and Phenyacetaldehyde undergo Aldol condensation.

**Reason(r):** Aldehydes can undergo both Cannizaro as well as Aldol condensation while ketones undergo only Cannizaro reaction.

- (a) Both (a) and (r) are false
- (b) (a) is true but (r) is fake
- (c) (a) is fa1se but (r) is true
- (d) Both (a) and (r) are true

| 129   | . Cho   | oose the FALSE statement for E 2 mechanism      | in e     | limination reactions?      |       |                              |  |
|---|---|---|----------|----------------------------|-------|------------------------------|--|
|   | (a) These reactions are accompanied by rearrangements   |   |          |                            |       |                              |  |
|   | (b) These reactions show a large hydrogen isotope effect  |   |          |                            |       |                              |  |
|   | (c)   | These reactions show a large element effect     | t        |                            |       |                              |  |
|   | (d)   | These reactions are not accompanied by h        | ydro     | gen exchange               |       |                              |  |
| 130.  |   |   |          |                            | nolvi | nentide?                     |  |
| 100.  | . Choose the correct statement for writing the sequence of amino acids in a polypeptide?<br>(a) Amino terminal is to be written on the left hand side while the carboxyl terminal is to be written on the   |   |          |                            |       |                              |  |
|   | right hand side   |   |          |                            |       |                              |  |
|   | (b)   | Carboxyl terminal is to be written on the left  | hand     | d side while the amino to  | ermi  | inal is to be written on the |  |
|   |   | right hand side                                 |          |                            |       |                              |  |
|   | (c)   | Any of the amino acid terminals can be writt    | en o     | n any sides but it is to b | e me  | entioned by specifying the   |  |
|   |   | amino terminal and the carboxyl terminal is     | n abl    | breviations http://www     | w.xai | mstudy.com                   |  |
|   | (d)   | It varies from author to author how the seq     | uen      | ce of amino acids in a p   | olyp  | eptide is to be written      |  |
| 131.  | BET   | TA-Carboline ring system is present in          |          |                            |       |                              |  |
|   | (a)   | Emetine (b) Riboflavine                         | (c)      | Deserpidine                | (d)   | d-Tubocurarine               |  |
| 132.  | Wh  | ich one of the followings is NOT a bioisoste    | ric p    | oair?                      |       |                              |  |
|   | (a)   | Divalent ether (-0-) and amine (-NH)            | (b)      | Hydroxyl (-OH) and th      | iol ( | -ОН)                         |  |
|   | (c)   | Carboxylate $(CO_2^-)$ and sulfone $(SO_2)$     | (d)      | Hydrogen(-H) and fluo      | orin  | e (-F)                       |  |
| 133.  | Of t  | the four stereoisomers of chloramphenicol w     | hich     | one is the biologically    | acti  | ve isomer                    |  |
|   | (a)   | L-Erythro (b) L-Threo                           | (c)      | D-Erythro                  | (d)   | D-Threo                      |  |
| 134.  |   | ecatalytic triad in acetyl cholinesteraseis com | pose     | d of which of the follow   | ving  | amino acid residues?         |  |
|   |   | Serine, Histidine and Glutamate                 | (b)      | Serine, Arginine and (     | Gluta | mate                         |  |
|   | ` '   | Threonine, Histidine and Aspartate              |          | Threonine, Arginine a      |       |                              |  |
| 135.  | . Fajan's method of titrimetric analysis involves detection of the end point on the basis of which one of the   |   |          |                            |       |                              |  |
|   |   | owings  |          |                            |       |                              |  |
|   | ` .   | Colour change                                   |          | Appearance of a preci      | -     | te                           |  |
|   |   | Neutralization reaction                         | (d)      | Adsorption phenome         | non   |                              |  |
| 136.  |   | ich of the following statements is true?        |          |                            |       |                              |  |
|   |   | Aliphatic protons have chemical shifts > 7 p    | pm       |                            |       |                              |  |
|   | -   | Spin quantum number of proton is 1              | <b>.</b> | -6                         |       |                              |  |
| <ul><li>(c) Chemical shift describes electronic environment of a proton</li><li>(d) Vicinal coupling constant is always higher than geminal coupling constant</li></ul> |   |   |          |                            |       |                              |  |
| 127   | ` '   | FT-IR instruments Michaelson interferom         |          |                            |       | ng. The function of the      |  |
| 137.  |   | erferometer is to act as a modulator'. What do  |          |                            |       |                              |  |
|   | (a)   |   |          | •                          | itein | ent:                         |  |
|   | <ul> <li>(a) The function of the interferometer is to act as a monochromator</li> <li>(b) The function of the interferometer is to convert high frequency radiations into low ones</li> <li>(c) The function of the interferometer is to convert low frequency radiations into high ones</li> <li>(d) The function of the interferometer is to convert frequency domain spectra into time domain spectra</li> </ul> |   |          |                            |       |                              |  |
|   |   |   |          |                            |       |                              |  |
|   |   |   |          |                            |       |                              |  |

| 1. | 38. Polyamine polystyrene resins belong to which  | gory of ion-exchange resins?          |                            |  |  |  |  |
|----|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|    | (a) Strongly Acidic Cation Exchange Resins  | Strongly Basic Anion Excha            | nge Resins                 |  |  |  |  |
|    | (c) Weakly Acidic Cation Exchange Resins  | ) Weakly Basic Anion Exchan           | ge Resins                  |  |  |  |  |
| 1  | 39. Discrepancies in potential measurements invo  | g factors like alkaline error a       | nd asymmetry potentia      |  |  |  |  |
|    | are associated with which of the following elec-  | es?                                   |                            |  |  |  |  |
|    | (a) Hydrogen electrode  | ) Quinhydrone electrode               |                            |  |  |  |  |
|    | (c) Saturated calomel electrode   | ) Glass Electrode                     |                            |  |  |  |  |
| 1  | 40. Which amongst the following auxochromes pr  | es a shift towards higher ene         | rgy wave length?           |  |  |  |  |
|    | (a) -CH3 (b) -NHCH3   | -CI (d) -C=0                          |                            |  |  |  |  |
| 1  | 41. What is the wave number equivalent of 400 n   | velength?                             |                            |  |  |  |  |
|    | (a) $0.0025 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ (b) $0.25 \text{ cm}^{-1}$                                       | 2500 cm <sup>-1</sup> (d) 2500        | 0 cm <sup>-1</sup>         |  |  |  |  |
| 1  | 42. Chloroformis stored in dark colored bottles be  | e it is Oxidized in presence o        | f light and air to a toxic |  |  |  |  |
|    | compound. Identify that.  |                                       |                            |  |  |  |  |
|    | (a) $CH_2Cl_2$ (b) $COCl_2$   | CO (d) CCl <sub>4</sub>               |                            |  |  |  |  |
| 1  | 43. All 0f the given compounds show n* transition   | ntify which one will have the h       | ighest λmax?               |  |  |  |  |
|    | (a) Methanol (b) Methylamine  | Methyl iodide (d) Meth                | yl bromide                 |  |  |  |  |
| 1  | 44. Given are the four statements about NMR:  |                                       |                            |  |  |  |  |
|    | [P] 13CMR is a less sensitive technique than F  |                                       |                            |  |  |  |  |
|    | [Q] Both 13C and H have I =1/2  |                                       |                            |  |  |  |  |
|    | [R] Precessional frequency of the nucleus is d  |                                       |                            |  |  |  |  |
|    | [S] Deuterium exchange studies can be performed to ascertain protons attached to heteroatoms. |                                       |                            |  |  |  |  |
|    | Choose the correct combination of statements  |                                       |                            |  |  |  |  |
|    |   | S & Q are true while P is false       |                            |  |  |  |  |
|    |   | are true                              |                            |  |  |  |  |
| 1  | 45. Which of the following statements is WRONG?   |                                       |                            |  |  |  |  |
|    | (a) The energy required for removing an elec-   |                                       | given order :              |  |  |  |  |
|    | lone pair < conjugated n < non conjugated   |                                       |                            |  |  |  |  |
|    | (b) Isotopic ratio is particularly useful for the   | tion and estimation of number         | r of S, CI and Br atoms ir |  |  |  |  |
|    | the compound in MS  |                                       |                            |  |  |  |  |
|    | (c) Neutral fragments and molecules do not ge   |                                       |                            |  |  |  |  |
|    | (d) The most intense peak in the MS is called   |                                       |                            |  |  |  |  |
| 1  | 46. Which one is an example of a bulk property de   |                                       |                            |  |  |  |  |
|    | (a) Fluorescence detector   | ) Photo diode array detector          |                            |  |  |  |  |
|    | (c) Refractive index detector   | ) UV detector                         |                            |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | 47. The protons orthoto the nitro group in p-nitro  | • 1000                                | of the Following types     |  |  |  |  |
|    | (a) Chemically equivalent but magnetically not  | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |                            |  |  |  |  |
|    | (b) Chemically and magnetically equivalent pro  |                                       |                            |  |  |  |  |
|    | (c) Chemically and magnetically nonequivalen  |                                       |                            |  |  |  |  |
|    | (d) Chemically nonequivalent but magnetionally  | <b>iveamon</b> o no tons              |                            |  |  |  |  |

- 148. A 250 kg/mL solution of a drug gave an absorbance of 0.500 at 250 nm at a path length of 10 mm. what is the specific absorbance of the drug at 250 nm?
  - (a) 0.002 cm <sup>-1</sup>gm -1 1itre

(b) 0.002 cm <sup>-1</sup>gm<sup>-1</sup> dl

(c) 20 cm -1 gm-1 1itre

- (d) 20 cm -1 gm-1 dl
- 149. The peak at m/z 91in the mass spectrum for alkyl benzenes is due to which one of the followings
  - (a) Alpha fission

(b) Retro Diels-Alder rearrangement

(c) Mc-Laffartey rearrangement

- (d) Tropylium ion formation
- 150. Following statements are given for a chemical reaction: Change in Gibb's free energy of the reaction has a negative value. Change in Enthalpy of the reaction has a negative value Change in Entropy of the reaction has a positive value Based on the above statements choose the correct answer.
  - (a) The reaction is spontaneous.
  - (b) The reaction is non-spontaneous.
  - (c) The reaction could either be spontaneous or non-spontaneous.
  - (d) The reaction can never be spontaneous.

## End of paper

## **ANSWER KEY GPAT 2011**

| 1-c   | 2-d   | 3-c   | 4-b/d | 5-d   | 6-a   | 7-c   | 8-b   | 9-d   | 10-с  |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 11-a  | 12-a  | 13-a  | 14-b  | 15-с  | 16-b  | 17-с  | 18-d  | 19-b  | 20-b  |
| 21-a  | 22-d  | 23-b  | 24-c  | 25-b  | 26-c  | 27-a  | 28-b  | 29-с  | 30-b  |
| 31-b  | 32-d  | 33-c  | 34-a  | 35-d  | 36-с  | 37-b  | 38-b  | 39-b  | 40-b  |
| 41-b  | 42-d  | 43-c  | 44-d  | 45-a  | 46-b  | 47-b  | 48-d  | 49-d  | 50-c  |
| 51-b  | 52-b  | 53-d  | 54-c  | 55-d  | 56-b  | 57-b  | 58-c  | 59-b  | 60-a  |
| 61-a  | 62-c  | 63-b  | 64-d  | 65-b  | 66-c  | 67-d  | 68-d  | 69-b  | 70-b  |
| 71-b  | 72-d  | 73-a  | 74-b  | 75-a  | 76-b  | 77-d  | 78-a  | 79-d  | 80-a  |
| 81-a  | 82-b  | 83-a  | 84-d  | 85-d  | 86-c  | 87-b  | 88-b  | 89-b  | 90-a  |
| 91-c  | 92-a  | 93-c  | 94-d  | 95-b  | 96-с  | 97-b  | 98-d  | 99-с  | 100-d |
| 101-a | 102-d | 103-d | 104-b | 105-c | 106-a | 107-a | 108-a | 109-d | 110-a |
| 111-b | 112-c | 113-b | 114-b | 115-a | 116-a | 117-b | 118-d | 119-c | 120-a |
| 121-c | 122-b | 123-d | 124-b | 125-a | 126-a | 127-d | 128-b | 129-a | 130-a |
| 131-c | 132-c | 133-d | 134-a | 135-d | 136-c | 137-d | 138-d | 139-d | 140-d |
| 141-d | 142-b | 143-d | 144-d | 145-d | 146-c | 147-b | 148-d | 149-d | 150-a |