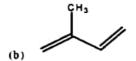
GPAT QUESTION PAPER 2017 WITH ANSWER KEY

- 1. In a free radical reaction, free radicals are formed at
 - (a) Initiation step
- (b) Propagation step
- (c) Termination step
- (d) Both (a) and (b)
- 2. Which of the following dienes can undergo Diels-Alder reaction most readily

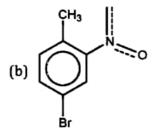








- Separating techniques such as gas chromatography and liquid chromatography are not appropriate for separation of amino acids. Select correct reason from the following
 - (a) Amino acids high polarity substances
 - (b) Amino acids are low polarity substances
 - (c) Amino acids are non polar substances
 - (d) Amino acids lowly charges substances
- 4. When trans-2-butene is treated with bromine an anti-addition of bromine yields meso- 2,3- dibromobutane.
 Select the correct statement regarding the reaction from the following
 - (a) The reaction is stereoselective as well as stereo specific
 - (b) The reaction is stereoselective and not stereo specific
 - (c) The reaction is nonstereoselective as well as non stereo specific
 - (d) The reaction is stereo specific and not stereo selection
- Reduction of imines to give amines in protic solvents can be carried out by one of the following reagents. Select the correct reagent
 - (a) Sodium hydride
 - (b) Sodium chloride and HCl
 - (c) Lithium aluminium chloride
 - (d) Sodium cyanoborohydride
- In the reaction of 2-nitrotoluene with bromine in presence of iron, which of the product shownbelow is the most abundant (major) product



| 7. | Which of the following cannot react as a nucleophile | | | | | | |
|----|--|------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | (a) (CH ₃) ₄ N* | (b) | CH ₃ NH ₂ | | | | |
| | | - 4- | | | | | |

(c) $(CH_3)_2NH$ (d) $(CH_2)_3N$

8. Which of the following compounds will be oxidized by CrO_1 in acid

(a)4-Methykyclohexene

(b) 3-Methyl 3-hydroxyclohexanone

(c) 4,4-Dimethyl-1-methyl-1,3-cyclohexandiol

- (d) 2-Methykyclohexanone
- 9. Which of the following compounds absorbs at the longest wavelength

(a) 1,3,5-Hexatriene

(b) 1,3,5,7-Octatetraene

(c) 1,7-Diphenyl-1,3,5-heptatriene

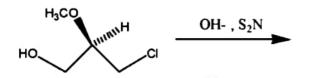
(d) 1,6-Diphenyl-1,3,5-heptatriene

- 10. Which of the following reagents will reduce a disubstituted alkyne to trans-alkene
 - (a) Na and NH,

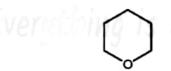
(b) LiAlH₄

(c) B,H,

- (d) Pd and H₂
- 11. Which of the following statement is true about following reaction



- (a) The product will not have a stereo center
- (b) The product will have R configuration
- (c) The product will not have S configuration
- (d) The reaction will happen with racemisation
- 12. Which functional group is present in the molecule shown below



- (a) Amide
- (b) Akohol
- (c) Ester
- (d) Ether
- 13. Match the following agents that cause cancer with the preferable sites for where it might cause
 - 1. Arsenic

(a) Prostate

2. Benzene

(b) Angiosarcoma

3. Cadmium Compounds

(c) Leukemia

4. Vinyl chloride

(d) Hemangiosarcoma

(a) 1 - d; 2 - c; 3 - a; 4 -b

(b) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c; 4- d

(c) 1 - c; 2 - d; 3 - b; 4 - a

- (d) 1 a; 2 b; 3 -d; 4 c
- 14. If the pKa of lidocaine is 7.9 and pH of the infected tissue is 8.9, the fraction of drug in the ionized form will be
 - (a) 10%

- (b) 1%
- (c) 90%
- (d) 99%
- 15. Which among the following are the salient features of Glucocorticoids
 - (a) Gets combined with highly specific cytosolic glucocorticoids
 - (b) They promote phagocytosis by macrophages

| | (c) Releases of lytic enzymes | | | | | | |
|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | (d) Increases lipid eicosanoids and prostaglan | din gene | | | | | |
| 16. | The most commonly used test of sensitivity to antimicrobial agent is | | | | | | |
| | (a) Kirby- Bauer techniques | (b) Immunodiffusion techniques | | | | | |
| | (c) Qudin procedure | (d) Ouchter- Ion procedure | | | | | |
| 17. | Bulk product is defined as | | | | | | |
| | (a) Product completing all processing stages but | nt not necessarily final packing | | | | | |
| | (b) A product ready for final dispatch | | | | | | |
| | (c) Raw material used for making final dosage | form | | | | | |
| | (d) A defined quantity of raw material from the | e same batch | | | | | |
| 18. | Product,and Promotion are four 'P's of ma | rketing | | | | | |
| | (a) Price and Place | (b) Place | | | | | |
| | (c) Process | (d) Production, Process, Price, Production | | | | | |
| 19. | Insulin and thyroxin arrive at an organ / tissue | / cell at the same time. Thyroxine causes an effect on the | | | | | |
| | organ but insulin does not because | | | | | | |
| | (a) The organ cell have receptors for thyroxine | but not for insulin | | | | | |
| | (b) Thyroxin is a lipid -soluble hormone and ins | sulin | | | | | |
| | (c) The target cell in the organ have up-regulate | ed for | | | | | |
| | (d) Thyroxin is local hormone and insulin is a c | ircula | | | | | |
| 20. | Which among the following is an incorrect state | ement with regard to the drug Dantrolene | | | | | |
| | (a) It is a pyrazoline derivative | (b) It is an imidazoline analogue | | | | | |
| | (c)It is a nitrophenylfurfurylidene derivative | (d)It is a skeletal muscle relaxant | | | | | |
| 21. | Diazepam is not suitable for peroral sustained | release form since | | | | | |
| | (a) Is not absorbed in lower intestine | | | | | | |
| | (b) It has biological half life greater than twelv | e effects hour | | | | | |
| | (c) It has biological half life less than one hour | | | | | | |
| | (d) It has undesirable side effects | | | | | | |
| 22. | Antioxidant used as blocking agent in sterile pro | oduct is | | | | | |
| | (a) Ascorbic acid esters (b) | Sodium bisulphate | | | | | |
| | (c) Ascorbic acid (d) | EDTA | | | | | |
| 23. | Many mediators have been implicated in the a | sthmatic response. The clinical efficacyof pharmacologic | | | | | |
| | intervention with inhibitors or antagonist of th | e mediators involves following category - except | | | | | |
| | (a) Platelet activating factors (b) | Anticholinergics | | | | | |
| | (c) Antihistaminics (d) | Cytokine inhibitors | | | | | |
| 24. | Match the following adrenergic drugs with their | | | | | | |
| | | More alpha 1, no beta 1, beta 2 & dopamine | | | | | |
| | | More alpha 1 & beta 1, less beta 2, no dopamine | | | | | |
| | | More beta 1 & Beta 2, no alpha 1 and dopamine | | | | | |
| | (4) Dobutamine (d) | More alpha 1 & beta 1, no beta 2 & dopamine | | | | | |

| | (c) a - 3; b - 1; c - 2; d - 4 (d) a - 4; b - 2; c - 3; d - 1 |
|-----|--|
| 25. | If the drug substance has been substituted wholly or in part by another drug or substance, it is called as |
| | (a) Spurious drug (b) Adulterated drug (c) Misbranded drug (d) Mixed drug |
| 26. | One of the principle upon which HPLC detector functions is |
| | (a) Redox property of solute is the basis for functioning of Electrochemical detectors |
| | (b) Fluorimetric detector has high selectivity and low sensitivity |
| | (a) Small difference in Defractive Index of mobile phase permit precise measurements in |
| | (c) Small difference in Refractive Index of mobile phase permit precise measurements in Refractive index detectors |
| | (d) UV detector function based on its ability to detector |
| 27. | |
| 27. | hydrochloric acid turned the solution magenta coloured. The test is termed as |
| | (a) Shinodatest (b) Van Urk's Test |
| | (c) Keller Killiani test (d) Vitali Morin Test |
| 28. | |
| 20. | (a) Myrrhabolic acid (b) Podophyllotoxin |
| | (c) Abietic acid (d) Umbelliferone |
| 29. | |
| | maturation of T lymphocyte cells. These hormones are |
| | 1. Thymosin |
| | 2. Thymichumoral factor |
| | |
| | 4. Interleukins |
| | (a) Only 1, 2 (b) 1, 2 and 3 (c) only 3 (d) Only 4 |
| 30. | For the measurement of particle size of powders, the distance measured between two tangents on |
| | opposite sides of the particle parallel to some fixed direction is called |
| | (a) Feret diameter (b) Martin diameter |
| | (c) Projected area diameter (d) Edmundson diameter |
| 31. | Beta oxidation of fatty acids takes place in |
| | (a) Mitochondria (b) Cytoplasm |
| | (c) Nucleus (d) Choroplast |
| 32. | Which of the following genera is not the source for tropane alkaloids |
| | (a) Datura (b) Duboisia |
| | (c) Nicotiana (d) Atropa |
| 33. | The useful variable from in vitro dissolution test data for IVIVC includes |
| | (a) t50 % - t63.2 (b) Sampling interval |
| | (c) Sample volume (d) Volume of dissolution fluid |
| 34. | In respect of female reproductive cycle, which of the following statements are correct |
| | The female reproductive cycle consists of menstrual phase, a pre-ovulatory phase, ovulation and a post ovulatory phase |

(a) a - 2; b - 4; c - 1; d -3 (b) a - 1; b - 3; c - 4; d- 2

| 2. | During the mens | strual phase, small se | econdar | y follicles in the o | vary begin to enlargewhile the uterus is | | | |
|-------|---|-------------------------------|----------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | shedding its lining | | | | | | | |
| 3. | During the pre-ovulatory phase, a dominant follicle continues to grow and begins to secret estrogen | | | | | | | |
| | and inhibin while | e the uterine lining b | egins t | o rebui l d | | | | |
| 4. | Ovulation results | in the release of an o | vum ar | nd the shedding of | the uterus lining tonourish and support | | | |
| | the release ovun | n | | | | | | |
| 5. | After ovulation, | a corpus luteum for | ns the | ruptured follicles | and begins to secreteprogesterone and | | | |
| | estrogen, which | it will continue to do | throug | ghout pregnancy i | f the eggis fertilized | | | |
| 6. | If pregnancy doe | s not occur, then the | corpus | luteum degenerat | tes into a scar knownas corpus albicans | | | |
| | and uterine linin | ng is prepared to be | shed as | gain | - | | | |
| (a) | 1, 2, 3 and 6 | | (b) | 2, 3, 4and 6 | | | | |
| (c) | 1, 2, 4 and 5 | | (d) | 1, 4, 5 and 6 | | | | |
| App | parent volume of | f distribution will b | e high | est in case of the | e drug with % plasmaprotein binding | | | |
| (a) | 10 | (b) 89 | (c) | 50 | (d) 68 | | | |
| Toı | rule out the proba | bility of dose dumpir | ng from | an oral CR dosage | form, USP hasincluded which sampling | | | |
| tim | e point for in vitre | o dis solution test wh | nere D i | s normal dosing i | nter val | | | |
| (a) | 0.50D | (b) 0.25D | (c) | 50-1.0D | (d) 1.0-2.0D | | | |
| Wh | ich of the followir | ng statement regard | ing cere | ebral hemisphere | is true | | | |
| (a) | The right and left | hemisphere are syn | nmetric | al 15 0 16 | | | | |
| (b) | This right more is | mportant for spoker | and w | ritten language | | | | |
| ` ' | | ere is more importan | | | | | | |
| ` ' | | ralization is more pr | | | | | | |
| | | llowing is a Class-I n | nethod, | used for renderin | g a solution of drug isotonic with body | | | |
| fluid | | • | | 140 . 17. | | | | |
| | Cryoscopic meth | nod | | White-Vincent m | | | | |
| • • | Sprowsmethod | O) * Adult Dogo - Child | ` . | Hammarlund me | | | | |
| - | Youngs formula | o) · Adult Dose = Child | | Dillings formula | known as in Posology | | | |
| | Clarkes formula | | | Frieds formula | | | | |
| ` ' | | liameter obtained by | | | evaluation is | | | |
| | Projected diame | - | | Surface -volume | | | | |
| | Volume - surface | | | | diametei | | | |
| (c) | volume - surface | c diameter | (u) | Stokes diameter | | | | |

35.

36.

37.

38.

39.

40.

| 41. | Naphazoline | | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | (a) Is used for relief ofnasal congestion | | | | | | | |
| | (b) Exhibits peripheral beta-adrenoceptor stimulant | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Is a pyrazolinederivative | | | | | | | |
| | (d) Chemically, is 1H Imidazole, 3,4 -dihydro- 2 -(3-naphthylmethyl) monohydrochloride | | | | | | | |
| 4 2. | A patient receiving warfarin develops rheumatoid arthritis. Which one of the following drugs would be | | | | | | | |
| | Contraindicated | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Ibuprofen (b) Tolmetin (c) Aurothioglucose (d) Aspirin | | | | | | | |
| 43. | A crude drug powder was heated with ferric chloride, water and concentrated hydrochloric acid followed | | | | | | | |
| | by extraction with chloroform. The chloroform layer was treated with ammonia, the ammonical layer | | | | | | | |
| | turned pink. The test indicates presence of phytoconstitutent | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Anthraquinone-C-glycosides (b) Flavanones | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Cardiac glycosides (d) Saponin glycosides | | | | | | | |
| 44. | The first vaccine was discovered by | | | | | | | |
| | (a) DeBary (b) Paul Ehrlich (c) Robert Koch (d) Edward Jenner | | | | | | | |
| 45 . | Type IV dissolution apparatus as per USP is | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Flow through cell (b) Paddle type apparatus | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Reciprocating cylinder (d) Paddle over dsk apparatus | | | | | | | |
| 46. | Hoeppler viscometer is a type of | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Falling sphere viscometer (b) Capillary viscometer | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Cup and Bob viscometer (d) Cone and plate viscometer | | | | | | | |
| 47. | Following are the list of various inherited metabolic disorders that can affect functioning of liver | | | | | | | |
| | a. Primary biliary cirrhosis | | | | | | | |
| | b. Glycogen storage disease | | | | | | | |
| | c. Gilbert's syndrome d. Haemochromatosis | | | | | | | |
| | e. Wilson's disease | | | | | | | |
| | (a) a, b, c, d (b) b, c, d, e (c) a, c, d, e (d) a, b, d, e | | | | | | | |
| 48. | In relation to buccal and sublingual route of administration which of the following statement is incorrect | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Absorption through epithelium is not affected by partition coefficient of the Drug | | | | | | | |
| | (b) Drug absorption by these routes by pass first pass metabolism | | | | | | | |

(c) There is an optimum log P for sublingual absorption

| | (d) These are preferred routes for anti-anginal drug | | | | | | | |
|------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 49. | Which among the following statements describing surface activity for surfactants is incorrect | | | | | | | |
| • • • | (a) Increase in length of hydrocarbon chain decreases surface activity | | | | | | | |
| | (b) Increase in ethylene oxide chain of polyoxy ethyl alcohol Increase in surface activity | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Increase in surface activity results in decrease length of hydrocarbon chain | | | | | | | |
| | (d) Relationship between hydrocarbon chain length and hydrohobicity | | | | | | | |
| 50 | | | | | | | | |
| 50. | Surface tension is categorized as a/an factor | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Capacity (b) Intensive (c) Extensive (d) Tolerance | | | | | | | |
| 51. | Which of the following gums is obtained from endosperm | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Guar gum (b) Acacia gum (c) Tragacanth gum (d) Sterculia gum | | | | | | | |
| 52. | High lightening differences among brands within the same product category is | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Product brand (b) Brand launch (c) Product differentiation (d) Branding | | | | | | | |
| 53. | Hot stage microscopy is an important tool in preformulation studies for the study of | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Pseudopolymorphism (b) Paricle size measurement | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Microbial contamination (d) Compaction behaviour | | | | | | | |
| 54. | In Bismuth subgallate suppositories B.P.C, when no strength of the drug is specified, B.P.C directs | | | | | | | |
| | bismuth subgallate per suppository | | | | | | | |
| | (a) 300 mg (b) 200 mg (c) 100 mg (d) 400 mg | | | | | | | |
| 55. | The Michaehis-Menten hypothesis | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Postulates the formation of an enzymesubstrate complex | | | | | | | |
| | (b) Enables us to calculate the isoelectric point of an enzyme | | | | | | | |
| | (c) States that the rate of a chemical reaction maybe independent of substrate concentration | | | | | | | |
| | (d) States that the reaction rate is proportional tosubstrate concentration | | | | | | | |
| 56. | The largest gene in human is | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Dystrophin (b) Titin (c) Insulin (d) Phosphofructokinase | | | | | | | |
| 57. | Which of the following techniques is not useful to detect polymorphs | | | | | | | |
| | (a) DSC (b) HPLC (c) PXRD (d) Melting point determination | | | | | | | |
| 58 | Which of the following constituents is responsible for colour of shellac | | | | | | | |
| 00. | (a) Shelloic acid (b) Laccaic acid (c) Aleurotic acid (d) All of the above | | | | | | | |
| - 0 | | | | | | | | |
| 59. | , | | | | | | | |
| | (1) Aminoglycoside Anitibiotics (A) Glomerular abnormality | | | | | | | |
| | (2) ACE inhibitors (B) Tubalar epithelial cell Demage | | | | | | | |

(3) Methotrxate

(C) Hemodynamic Mediated kidney injury

(4) NSAIDs

- (D) Obstructure nephrophathy
- (a) 1 B; 2 -C; 3 D; 4 -A
- (b) 1 A; 2-B; 3 C; 4- D
- (c) 1 C; 2-D; 3 A; 4- B
- (d) 1 D; 2-A; 3 B; 4- C
- 60. Hixon Crowell's cube root law of dissolution states that
 - (a) There is a change in particle size and surface area during dissolution of drug
 - (b) Dissolution process is controlled by diffusion of molecules/ions
 - (c) High free energy of activation is required for solution
 - (d) Renewal of surface fluid layer around drug particle
- 61. All of the following statements regarding estrogen therapy in postmenopausal women are true EXCEPT
 - (a) It restores the loss of bone mass due to osteoporosis
 - (b) It may be useful to treat vasomotor symptoms
 - (c) Administration in a regimen including a progestin
 - (d) It is useful in the treatment of atrophic vaginities
- 62. Chapter IV of which law states that experiments on animals are avoided wherever it is possible to do so; as for example; in medical schools, hospitals, colleges and the like, if other teaching devices such as books, models, films and the. like, may equally suffice. Also, that experiments on larger animals are avoided when it is possible to achieve the same results by experiments upon small laboratory animals like guinea- pigs, rabbits, frogs and rats
 - (a) The prevention of cruelty to animal act, 1960
 - (b) The Pharmacy Act, 1948
 - (c) Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940
 - (d) Medicinal and Toilet Preparations Act, 1955
- 63. Which among the following rules about spin spin coupling and bond multiplicities are correct with regard to NMR spectra
 - (a) Coupling constant rarely exceeds 20 cps whilechemical shifts are over 1000 cps
 - (b) Spin Spin interactions are dependent of strength of the applied field
 - (c) Coupling constants increase with distance
 - (d) Equivalent nuclei interact with each other to show interaction
- 64. Most accepted mechanism for developing bacterial resistance to sulphonamides is
 - (a) An alternative metabolic pathway for synthesis of essential
 - (b) An increasing capacity to metabolize the drug

| | (c) Increased antagonism of drug | | | | |
|-----|---|----------|---------------------|-------|----------------------------------|
| | (d) An alteration in enzyme that utilizes PABA | \ | | | |
| 65. | All the dopaminergic agonists having affin | nity fo | or D2 receptors | are | clinically used in following |
| | conditions except | | | | |
| | (a) Obsessive-compulsive disorder | | | | |
| | (b) Hyperprolactinemia | | | | |
| | (c) Acromegaly | | | | |
| | (d) Parkinsonism | | | | |
| 66. | The labelling instruction "To be diluted 20 time | es its v | olume with water | " inc | licates the dispensed |
| | product is a | | | | |
| | (a) Mixture (b) Elixir | (c) | Linctus | (d) | Mouthwash |
| 67. | Which among the following is a structural vari | ant of | GABA and is used | d as | a muscle relaxant |
| | (a) Metocurine (b) Tybamate | (c) | Baclofen | (d) | Cyclobenzaprine |
| 68. | A steroidal phyto constituent lowering blood s | ugar i | s obtained from | | |
| | (a) Momordica charantia | (b) | Quillaja saponari | a | |
| | (c) Dioscorea deltoidea | (d) | Glycyrrhiza glabr | a | |
| 69. | Which of the following drug is associated with | the re | eaction of extreme | e ph | otosensitivity |
| | (a) Niacin (b) Digitalis | (c) | Tetracycline | (d) | Fluoroquinolones |
| 70. | Which among the following statements related | to Cei | ric sulphate as ox | idizi | ng agent, as titrant are correct |
| | (a) Ce (IV) during reaction exists as an anioni | c com | plex in media of s | ulph | uric acid |
| | (b) Ionic equation is $Ce^{3+} \rightarrow Ce^{2+} + e^{-}$ | | | | |
| | (c) Formal potential of Ce(III) Ce (II) couple is | s 1 | | | |
| | (d) Ce (IV) does not permit use of HCl as redu | icing n | nedia | | |
| 71. | A labeled piece of DNA that is complementary | to the | sequence of DNA | you | are interested in, say the gene |
| | you are trying to put into cells, is called as | | | | |
| | (a) A probe (b) A receptor | (c) | A epitope | (d) | A target |
| 72. | As per first schedule of Drugs and Cosmetics Ac | ct,194 | 0, following is nat | ne o | f the book under Siddha system |
| | of medicine | | | | |
| | (a) Arka Prakasha (b) Yog Ratnakar | (c) | Nagamuni | (d) | Vrinda Chikitsa |
| 73. | Amantidine is helpful in Parkinson's disease b | ecause | e | | |
| | (a) It liberates dopamine from nerve endings | (b) | It decreases chol | iner | gic activity |

(c) It is metabolized into dopamine

(d) It increases adrenergic activity

| 74. | An intermediate 3- Chloroaniline 4, 6 - disulphonamide on heating with formic acid yields a compound | | | | | | | | |
|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | (a) 6 chloro 2H -1,2,4benzothiadiazine 7 sulphonamide | | | | | | | | |
| | (b) 3 chloro-2H 1,2,4- benzothiadiazine 7 sulphonamide | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Used in treatment of urinary tract infections | | | | | | | | |
| | (d) Used as antibacterial | | | | | | | | |
| 75. | Acetyl Choline is hydrolyzed by enzyme | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Acetylase (b) Cholinase (c) Acetylcholinesterase (d) Transferase | | | | | | | | |
| 76. | Rubella virus is associated with disease | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Progressive encephalitis (b) Enterovirus infection | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Yellow fever (d) Brucellosis | | | | | | | | |
| 77. | Which among the following electronic systems are not involved in the origin of UV spectrum | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) s and p shell electrons (b) sigma and pi electrons | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Charge transfer electrons (d) d and f shell electrons | | | | | | | | |
| 78. | Which of the following is not a thermoplastic resin | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Phenolic plastic resin (b) Polystyrene | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Polyethylene (d) Polypropylene | | | | | | | | |
| 79. | Choose the right combination from the following | | | | | | | | |
| | (1) Diacytic stomata and sessile Trichome (A) Datuar | | | | | | | | |
| | (2) Paracytic stomata and Unicellular and multi cellular (B) Vasaka | | | | | | | | |
| | (3) Anomocytic stomata and Unicellular and multi cellular (C) Senna | | | | | | | | |
| | Trichome | | | | | | | | |
| | (4) Anisocytic stomata and Multicellular covering trichome (D) Digitalis | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) 1-B, 2-C, 3-D, 4-A (b) 1-C, 2-D, 3-A, 4-B | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) 1-A, 2-D, 3-B, 4-C (d) 1-D, 2-B, 3-A, 4-C | | | | | | | | |
| 80. | Pharmaceutical alternatives possess | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Indentical therapeutic moiety/precursor but not in the same amount/dosage form | | | | | | | | |
| | (b) Same amount of therapeutic moiety | | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Same dosage form | | | | | | | | |
| | (d) Same formulation ingredients in exactly same amount of dose | | | | | | | | |
| 81. | Topical application of timolol to the eye would be expected to induce which of the following | | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Decreased formation of aqueous humor (b) Miosis | | | | | | | | |

(c) Mydriasis

(d) Increased outflow of aqueous humor

| 82. | 2. The major component of liquid glucose | isand is prepared from | | | | | | |
|-----|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | (a) Maltose, Pectin (b) Dextrin, S | Starch (c) Dextrose, Starch | (d) Glucose, Starch | | | | | |
| 83. | 3. Which of the following formulations ur | der ASU system are offered in | nfinite period of shelf life in D and | | | | | |
| | C Act | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Asava&Arishta (b) Churna | (c) Ghutika | (d) Kwatha | | | | | |
| 84. | Which of the following is an example of | hemiesters anionic surfactant | for pharmaceutrical emulsions | | | | | |
| | (a) Sulfosuccinates (b) Sarcosin | ates (c) Taurates | (d) Lactylates | | | | | |
| 85. | The major differences between the prok part of the process | aryotic and eukaryotic protein | synthesis mechanisms are in which | | | | | |
| | | (b) The chain elongation pro | cess | | | | | |
| | (c) The chain termination process | (d) None of the above | | | | | | |
| 86. | | | owing DNA strand by an enzyme | | | | | |
| | (a) DNA polymerase | (b) DNA ligase | | | | | | |
| Ω7 | (c) Restriction endonuclease7. Glycosides are condensation products o | (d) Reverse transcriptase | | | | | | |
| 07. | (a) Protein + aglycone | (b) Sugar + Protein | | | | | | |
| | | (d) Fats + aglycone | | | | | | |
| 00 | (c) Sugar + aglycone | | annibbility based anyship of F | | | | | |
| 88. | • | | | | | | | |
| 00 | ,, , | (c) F equals 0.62 | (d) F equals 0.77 | | | | | |
| 89. | r.veru | וחמשו מואוומו | y · | | | | | |
| | hemopoiesis the stem cells are converte | | • | | | | | |
| | developed into precursor cells. Match t | he following precursor cells v | with the formed elements of blood | | | | | |
| | from which they are formed. | DI - I - S | | | | | | |
| | | Platelets | | | | | | |
| | | Macrophages | | | | | | |
| | | Erythrocytes | | | | | | |
| | • | Neutrophils | | | | | | |
| | | 1-A, 2-C, 3-B, 4-D | | | | | | |
| | | 1-D, 2-B, 3-A, 4-C | | | | | | |
| 90. |). Using Young's rule, calculate the dose for | a 5 year old child if the adult | dose is 340mg | | | | | |
| | (a) 200 mg (b) 100 mg | (c) 400 mg | (d) 800 mg | | | | | |
| 91. | . Which among the following statements | on electro analytical methods a | are correct | | | | | |
| | (a) Measures conductance between two | o electrodes with AC powered | Wheatstone bridge | | | | | |
| | (b) Pobrography involves plotting of c | onductance – voltage | | | | | | |

| | (c) | Potentiometry involves application of II | kovi | cequation | | | | |
|------|---|---|-------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | (d) Coulometry involving application of Nernst law relating equivalence between quantity of electricity | | | | | | | |
| | | passed and amount of compound gene | rate | d at electrodes | | | | |
| 92. | Chemical interferences are common than spectral interferences due to | | | | | | | |
| | (a) | Formation of compounds of low volatili | ty | (b) Ionization in flames | | | | |
| | (c) | Increase in rate of atomization | | (d) No shift in ionization equilibrium | | | | |
| 93. | Pha | se 0 studies means | | | | | | |
| | (a) In vitro studies | | | | | | | |
| | (b) Part of phase I studies of clinical trials | | | | | | | |
| | (c) | First in human microdosing studies | | | | | | |
| | (d) | Studies carried out on small number of | anin | nals | | | | |
| 94. | Con | densation product of Ethyl isopentyl este | rofe | diethyl malonic acid with urea and sodium ethoxide yields | | | | |
| | (a) | Amylobarbitone | (b) | Phenobarbitone | | | | |
| | (c) | Pentobarbitone | (d) | Quinobarbitone | | | | |
| 95. | Clav | vulanic acid is | | | | | | |
| | (a) | Inactivates bacterial - lactamase | (b) | Protien inhibitor of peptidoglycan synthesis | | | | |
| | (c) | Specific for gram negative bacteria | (d) | Inhibitor of 50S ribosomal subunit | | | | |
| 96. | The | method by which different constituents | of a | liquid mixture can be separated without decomposition | | | | |
| | of the constituents is | | | | | | | |
| | (a) | Distillation under reduced pressure | (b) | Molecular distillation | | | | |
| | (c) | Steam distillation | (d) | Fractional distillation | | | | |
| 97. | The | preferred rheological behavior of Phari | mace | eutical suspensions is that of | | | | |
| | (a) | Pseudoplasticity and thixotrophy | (b) | Pseudoplasticity | | | | |
| | (c) | Dilatancy and thixotrophy | (d) | Pseudoplasticity and rheopexy, | | | | |
| 98. | An i | inventory turnover of a year is co | nsid | ered satisfactory | | | | |
| | (a) | Four to six times, Six | (b) | To eight times | | | | |
| | (c) | One to two times | (d) | None of the above | | | | |
| 99. | The | number of glucopyranose units in the s | truc | ture of alpha cyclodextrins are | | | | |
| | (a) | 8 (b) 9 (c) 7 | | (d) 6 | | | | |
| 100. | The | compound 2 - (Diethylamino) ethyl [bio | cyclo | hexyl] - 1-carboxylate hydrochloride is | | | | |
| | (a) | Dicycloverine | | (b) Diphenhydramine | | | | |
| | (c) | Both nicotinic and specific antispasmod | lic, | (d) Diagonistic agent for diagnosis of thyroid gland, | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| 101. | In n | new product develop | ment process, a | fter | analysis of business | next step to be | taken is |
|------|------|------------------------------|---------------------------|-------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | (a) | Test marketing | (b) | Pen | etration marketing | | |
| | (c) | Brand marketing | (d) | Indi | ividual marketing | | |
| 102. | Wh | ich of the following | alkaloid (form) i | is us | ed to treat migrane | | |
| | (a) | VInca (| b) Coca | | (c) Ergot | (d) Belladoni | na |
| 103. | Fre | e flowing powders s | show a flatter co | ne a | nd have | | |
| | (a) | Smaller angle of re | pose | (b) | Larger angle of rep | oose, | |
| | (c) | Intermediate angle | e of repose | (d) | None of the above, | | |
| 104. | The | - | llized agency of t | he U | Inited Nations. It pro | omotes protecti | on ofthroghout the |
| | (a) | Intellectual proper | ties | (b) | World properties | | |
| | (c) | Pharmaceutical or | ganizations | (d) | Finace companies | | |
| 105. | Her | pesviruses are lar | ge encapsulated | l vir | uses that have dou | ible stranded D | NA genome thatencodes |
| | app | roximately 70 prot | eins. It causes ac | ute i | nfection followed by | y latent infection | in which virus persist in |
| | non | infe ctiou s form wit | h perio dic reacti | vatio | on and shedding of in | ifecti ous virus. F | ollowing are the examples |
| | of s | uch herpesvirus -e | except | | | | |
| | (a) | Epstein-Barr Virus | s | (b) | Herpes simplex | | |
| | (c) | Varicella Zoster | | (d) | Cytomegalovirus | | |
| 106. | A fa | itty acid not synthe: | sized in human b | ody | and has to be suppl | ied in diet is | |
| | (a) | Stearic acid | (b) Oleic acid | d | (c) Palmitic ac | cid | (d) linolenic acid |
| 107. | Che | mical class of drugs | that are suscep | tible | to oxidation are | | |
| | (a) | Esters | (b) Lactam | | (c) Sterols | | (d) Carbamates |
| 108. | The | only analgesic acti | ng centrally is | | | | |
| | (a) | Methadone | (b) Naloxane | : | (c) Tramadol | | (d) Naloxane |
| 109. | Net | iropathy is adverse | effect of | | | | |
| | (a) | Isoniazid | (b) Ethambu | tol | (c) Pyrazinami | de | (d) Dapsone |
| 110. | As p | oer I.P. if the solubil | ity range of a sol | ute i | s 30 to 100 parts, it | will be | |
| | (a) | Soluble | (b) Freely so | lubk | e (c) Sparingly s | oluble | (d) Slightly soluble |
| 111. | SDS | is used in PAGE of a | mixture of prote | eins | for their efficient sep | paration on the g | gel SDS, in the experiment |
| | is u | sed to | | | | | |
| | (a) | Have uniform chai | rge density on th | e pr | oteins (b) Stabiliz | ze the proteins | |
| | (c) | Decrease the surfa | ace tension of bu | ıffer | (d) Solubil | lize the proteins | |

| 112. | Indi | cate which of | the following statem | ents is true | | | | |
|--|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| | (a) A weakly acidic drug is unionised when pH of the solution is at last 2 pH units below its pKa | | | | | | | |
| (b) Acidic drugs are noninonized at pH 9 | | | | | | | | |
| (c) Acidic drugs are less soluble in alkaline solution | | | | | | | | |
| | (d) | The higher th | e pKaof a weak acid | l, the stronger is acid | | | | |
| 113. | Diss | semination of | cancer occurs throu | gh one of the following | pathway - except | | | |
| | (a) | Migration | (b) Direct seeding | (c) Lymphatic spread | (d) Hematogenous spread | | | |
| 114. | Whi | ich of the follo | wing alkaloids has h | ypotensive activity | | | | |
| | (a) I | Emetine | (b) Quinine | (c) Reserpine | (d) Papaverine | | | |
| 115. | Whi | ich of the follo | wing is a characteri | stic of cytochrome P-45 | 0 | | | |
| | (a) | Catalyzes aron | matic and aliphatic | hydroxylations | | | | |
| | (b) | Located in the | e lipophilic environi | ment of mitochondrial n | nembrane | | | |
| | (c) | Catalyzes O-, S | S-, N methylation rea | ections | | | | |
| | (d) | Catalyzes conj | jugation reactions | | | | | |
| 116. | The | Michalis-Men | ten equation for sta | ndard for sa tura ted acti | ve transport system is- | | | |
| | (a) | $V_{max} = k_{cat}[E_0]$ | (b) $V_{\text{max}} = I$ | $(c) V_{max} = k$ | m[S] (d) None | | | |
| 117. | 17. Which among the following describe the characteristic features of Tetracyline | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Undergoes epimerization in solutions having intermediate pH range | | | | | | | |
| | (b) Forms Anhydroustetracycline in presence of acidic | | | | | | | |
| | (c) Forms Minocycline in basic medium | | | | | | | |
| | (d) | Forms stable of | chelate complexes w | ith potassium ions | | | | |
| 118. | Celk | s that contribu | te for immune syste | em are | | | | |
| | 1. | T Lymphocyte | es | | | | | |
| | 2. | Eosinophil | | | | | | |
| | 3. | B Lymphocyte | | | | | | |
| | 4. | Dendritic cells | i | | | | | |
| | 5. | Erythrocytes | | | | | | |
| | 6. | Natural killer | cells | | | | | |
| | | 1, 3, 4 and 6 | | (b) 1, 2, 4 an | | | | |
| | • • | 1, 3, 5 and 6 | | (d) 1, 2, 5 an | | | | |
| 119. | | | | temperature is almost e | • | | | |
| | (a) | 24 | (b) 48 | (c) 54 | (d) 72 | | | |

| 120. | Foar | ming during liquid | d filling can be | reduced by | following ways, ex | ccept | | | |
|------|---|---------------------|--------------------|---------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| | (a) | Increase in speed | d of the filling l | line (b) | Minimised produ | ct turbulence | | | |
| | (c) Closed system filling | | | | (d) Defoaming device | | | | |
| 121. | If the excitation energy of the resonance | | | | level is 2.10 eV (when hc=12,330) then the wave-lengthou | | | | |
| | resc | onance line of sod | ium atoms is _ | | | | | | |
| | (a) | 577.2 nm | (b) 587.2 nm | (c) | 567.2 nm | (d) 597.2 nm | | | |
| 122. | Afte | er vascular injury, | platelets enco | unter extrac | ellular matrix cons | stituents such as collagen and adhesive | | | |
| | glyc | oprotein. On cont | act with these | proteins pla | telets undergo | | | | |
| | 1. | Adhesion | | | | | | | |
| | 2. | Secretion | | | | | | | |
| | 3. | Aggregation | | | | | | | |
| | 4. | Degradation | | | | | | | |
| | (a) | 1, 2 and 3 | (b) 1, 2 and 4 | (c) | 1, 2, 3 and 4 | (d) 1, 2 and 4 | | | |
| 123. | A re | porting relationsl | hip in which a | n employee | receives orders fro | em, and reports to, only one supervisor | | | |
| | is k | nown as | | | | | | | |
| | (a) | Unity of comman | d | (b) Centrali | sation | | | | |
| | (c) | Decentral is at ion | | (d) Line of | authority | | | | |
| 124. | In h | umans end produ | ct of purine ca | itabolism is | | | | | |
| | (a) l | Uric acid | (b) Urea | (c) Puri | ne oxide | (d) Xanthine | | | |
| 125. | Whi | ich of the followin | g adverse effe | cts is caused | l by thioridazine | | | | |
| | (a) ' | Tardive dyskinesia | a | (b) Constip | ation | | | | |
| | (c) | Orthostatic hypot | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

ANSWER KEY GPAT 2017

| 1-d | 2-a | 3-a | 4-a | 5-d | 6-b | 7-a | 8-c | 9-d | 10-a |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 11-a | 12-d | 13-a | 14-c | 15-a | 16-a | 17-a | 18-a | 19-b | 20-a |
| 21-b | 22-a | 23-a | 24-a | 25-a | 26-a | 27-a | 28-b | 29-b | 30-a |
| 31-a | 32-c | 33-a | 34-a | 35-a | 36-b | 37-c | 38-a | 39-с | 40-a |
| 41-a | 42-d | 43-a | 44-d | 45-a | 46-a | 47-b | 48-a | 49-a | 50-b |
| 51-a | 52-с | 53-a | 54-с | 55-a | 56-a | 57-b | 58-b | 59-a | 60-a |
| 61-a | 62-a | 63-a | 64-a | 65-a | 66-d | 67-c | 68-a | 69-c | 70-a |
| 71-a | 72-с | 73-a | 74-a | 75-c | 76-a | 77-a | 78-a | 79-a | 80-a |
| 81-a | 82-c | 83-a | 84-a | 85-a | 86-a | 87-c | 88-a | 89-a | 90-b |
| 91-a | 92-a | 93-с | 94-a | 95-a | 96-b | 97-a | 98-a | 99-d | 100-a |
| 101-a | 102-с | 103-a | 104-a | 105-a | 106-d | 107-с | 108-a | 109-a | 110-с |
| 111-a | 112-a | 113-a | 114-c | 115-a | 116-a | 117-a | 118-a | 119-a | 120-a |
| 121-b | 122-a | 123-a | 124-a | 125-d | | | | | |

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