## Instructions

For the following questions answer them individually

## Question 1

If the unit digit of $(433 \times 456 \times 43 N)$ is $(N+2)$, then what is the value of $N$ ?

A 1
B 8

C 3

D 6
Answer: D

## Explanation:

If we multiply 433 and 456 then we will get 8 as unit digit .
But when 433 and 456 multiply together with 43 N then the unit digit appears as 8 N .
So,Unit digit of $8 N=N+2$
It is possible only when $\mathrm{N}=6$.
So, D is correct choice.

## Question 2

If $N=(12345)^{2}+12345+12346$, then what is the value of $\sqrt{ } N$ ?

A 12346

B 12345

C 12344

D 12347
Answer: A

## Explanation:

$N=(12345)^{2}+12345+12346=12345^{2}+12345+12345+1=12345^{2}+2 \times 12345 \times 1+1^{2}$
So, $N=(12345+1)^{2}$
So, $\sqrt{N}=12346$.
A is correct choice.

## Question 3

## Which of the following statement(s) is/are TRUE?

I. $\binom{0.03}{0.2}+\binom{0.003}{0.02}+\binom{0.0003}{0.002}+\binom{0.00003}{0.0002}=0.6$
II. $(0.01)+(0.01)^{2}+(0.001)^{2}=0.010101$

A only I

B only II

C Neither I nor II
D Both I and II
Answer: D

Explanation:
$\binom{0.03}{0.2}+\binom{0.003}{0.02}+\binom{0.0003}{0.002}+\binom{0.00003}{0.0002}$
$=0.15+0.15+0.15+0.15$
$=0.60$.
1 is correct.
$(0.01)+(0.01)^{2}+(0.001)^{2}$
$=0.01+0.0001+0.000001$
$=0.010101$
II is also correct .
D is correct choice.

## Question 4

What is the value of $(0.1)^{2}+\left(0 .{ }^{1}\right)^{2}+(0.5)^{2}+(0.05)^{2} ?$

A 10504

B 10404

C 10004

D 11400
Answer: A

## Explanation:

$\left.\left.\left.\stackrel{1}{(0.1})^{2}+\stackrel{1}{(0.01}\right)^{2}+\stackrel{1}{(0.5}\right)^{2}+\stackrel{1}{(0.05}\right)^{2}$
$=\stackrel{100}{1}+{ }_{1000}^{100}+{ }_{25}^{100}+{ }_{25}^{10000}$
$=100+10000+4+400$.
$=10504$.
A is correct choice.

## Question 5

## Which of the following statement(s) is/are TRUE?

I. $(1+\stackrel{1}{2})(1+\stackrel{1}{3})(1+\stackrel{1}{4}) \ldots \ldots(1+\stackrel{1}{998})>497$
II. $14{ }_{4}^{3}+5{ }_{4}^{1}-2{ }_{2}^{1}>11{ }_{8}^{1}+12{ }_{8}^{3}-7{ }_{4}^{1}$

A onlyl
B only II

C Neither I nor II
D Both I and II

## Explanation:

$(1+\stackrel{1}{2})(1+\stackrel{1}{3})(1+\stackrel{1}{4}) \ldots \ldots(1+\stackrel{1}{998})>497$ is definitely true as
their would 998 times 1's present in the series, So, the result will definitely bigger than 497.
Now,
$14{ }_{4}^{3}+5{ }_{4}^{1}-2{ }_{2}^{1}={ }_{4}^{59+21-10}={ }_{4}^{70}=17.50$.
And, $11{ }_{8}^{1}+12{ }_{8}^{3}-7{ }_{4}^{1}={ }_{8}^{89+99-29}={ }_{8}^{159}=19.875$.
So, II is not correct .
A is correct choice.

## Question 6

## Which of the following statement(s) is/are TRUE?

I. ${ }_{110}^{3}<\stackrel{9}{308}<\stackrel{7}{225}$
II. $99{ }_{7}^{1}+99^{2}+99{ }_{7}^{3} \ldots \ldots .99{ }_{7}^{6}=297$

A only I

B only II

C Neither I nor II

D Both I and II
Answer: D

## Explanation:

$\stackrel{7}{225}=0.3111, \stackrel{9}{308}=0.2922, \stackrel{3}{110}=0.2727$.
So, I is correct .
$99{ }_{7}^{1}+99{ }_{7}^{2}+\ldots+99{ }_{7}^{6}=99\left({ }^{1+2+3+4+5+6}{ }_{7}\right)=99 \times 3=297$.
So, II is also correct .
D is correct choice.

## Question 7

If $f(x)=\stackrel{1}{x}-\stackrel{1}{x+1}$, then what is the value of $f(1)+f(2)+f(3)+\ldots \ldots f(10) ?$

A $\quad \begin{array}{r}9 \\ 10\end{array}$

B $\quad 10$

C $\quad 11$
D $\quad \begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 13\end{aligned}$
Answer: B

## Explanation:

$f(x)={ }_{x}^{1}-{ }_{x+1}^{1}$
So, $f(1)=\stackrel{1}{1}-\frac{1}{2}$.
$f(2)=\stackrel{1}{2}_{2}-\stackrel{1}{3}$.
$f(3)={ }_{3}^{1}-\frac{1}{4}$.
$. f(10)=\stackrel{1}{10}-\stackrel{1}{11}$.
So, $f(1)+f(2)+\ldots .+f(10)=\stackrel{1}{1}-\stackrel{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}-{ }_{3}^{1}+{ }_{3}^{1}-{ }_{4}^{1}+\ldots . .-\frac{1}{11}$.
or, $f(1)+f(2)+\ldots .+f(10)=\stackrel{1}{1}-\stackrel{1}{11}=10$.
$B$ is correct choice.

## Question 8

If $N=4^{11}+4^{12}+4^{13}+4^{14}$, then how many positive factors of $N$ are there?

A 92

B 48

C 50

D 51

## Answer: A

## Explanation:

$N=4^{11}+4^{12}+4^{13}+4^{14}$
or, $N=4^{11}\left(1+4^{1}+4^{2}+4^{3}\right)=4^{11} \times 5 \times 17$.
So, $N=2^{22} \times 5 \times 17$.
Case1 (1 factor):
$2,2^{2}, 2^{3}, \ldots, 2^{22}, 5,17$
Total 24 factors .
Case2 (2 factors):
$2 \times 5,2 \times 17,2^{2} \times 5,2^{2} \times 17, \ldots, 5 \times 17$.
Total $2 \times 22+1=45$ factors .
Case3 (3 factors) :
$2 \times 5 \times 17,2^{2} \times 5 \times 17, \ldots \ldots, 2^{22} \times 5 \times 17$.
Total 22 factors .
Case4:
1 is also a factor .
Total number of factors $=24+45+22+1=92$.
A is correct choice.

## Question 9

If $N=9^{9}$, then $\mathbf{N}$ is divisible by how many positive perfect cubes?

A 6

B 7

C 4

D 5
Answer: B

## Explanation:

$N=9^{9}$ is divisible by $1^{3}, 3^{3}, 9^{3}, 27^{3}, 81^{3}, 243^{3}$ and $729^{3}$.
So, B is correct choice.

## Question 10

If $N=3^{14}+3^{13}-12$, then what is the largest prime factor of $N$ ?

A 11

B 79

C 13

D 73
Answer: D

## Explanation:

$3^{14}+3^{13}-12$
$=3^{13}(3+1)-12=3.4\left(3^{12}-1\right)$
$=3.4\left(3^{6}-1\right)\left(3^{6}+1\right)$
$=3.4\left(3^{2}-1\right)\left(3^{4}+3^{2}+1\right)\left(3^{2}+1\right)\left(3^{4}-3^{2}+1\right)$
$=2^{6} \cdot 3.5 \cdot 7 \cdot 13,73$
Largest prime factor is 73
D is correct choice.

## Question 11

Which of the following statement(s) is/are TRUE?
I. $\sqrt{121}+\sqrt{12321}+\sqrt{1234321}=1233$
II. $\sqrt{0.64}+\sqrt{64}+\sqrt{36}+\sqrt{0.36}>15$

A only I
B only II

C Neither I nor II

D Both I and II
Answer: D

## Explanation:

$\sqrt{121}+\sqrt{12321}+\sqrt{1234321}$
$=11+111+1111$.
$=1233$.
1 is correct .
And,
$\sqrt{0.64}+\sqrt{64}+\sqrt{36}+\sqrt{0.36}$
$=0.8+8+6+0.6$
$=15.4$.
II is also correct .
D is correct choice.

## Question 12

What is the value of $(2+\sqrt{2})+\binom{1}{2+\sqrt{2}}+\binom{1}{2-\sqrt{2}}+(2-\sqrt{2})$ ?

A 2
B 4

C 8
D 6
Answer: D

Explanation:
$(2+\sqrt{2})+\binom{1}{2+\sqrt{2}}+\binom{1}{2-\sqrt{2}}+(2-\sqrt{2})$
$=(2+\sqrt{2})+\binom{2-\sqrt{2}}{4-2}+\binom{2+\sqrt{2}}{4-2}+(2-\sqrt{2})$
$=(2+2)+\binom{2-\sqrt{2}+2+\sqrt{2}}{2}$.
$=4+\binom{4}{2}$.
$=6$.
D is correct choice.

## Question 13

The sum of two positive numbers is 14 and difference between their squares is 56 . What is the sum of their squares?

A 106

B 196
C 53

D 68
Answer: A

## Explanation:

$x+y=14$ and $x^{2}-y^{2}=56$.
So, $x-y=4$.
So, $x-y+x+y=4+14$.
or, $x={ }_{2}^{18}=9$.
So, $y=5$.

So, $x^{2}+y^{2}=9^{2}+5^{2}=81+25=106$.
A is correct choice.

## Question 14

What is the value of $1006^{2}-1007 \times 1005+1008 \times 1004-1009 \times 1003$ ?

A 6
B 3
C 12

D 24
Answer: A

## Explanation:

$1006^{2}-1007 \times 1005+1008 \times 1004-1009 \times 1003$
$=1006^{2}-\left(1006^{2}-1\right)+\left(1006^{2}-2^{2}\right)-\left(1006^{2}-3^{2}\right)$
$=1006^{2}-1006^{2}+1+1006^{2}-4-1006^{2}+9$.
$=10-4$.
$=6$.
A is correct choice.

## Question 15

If $a^{2}+b^{2}=4 b+6 a-13$, then what is the value of $a+b$

A 3
B 2
C 5

D 10

## Answer: C

## Explanation:

$a^{2}+b^{2}=4 b+6 a-13$
or, $a^{2}+b^{2}-4 b-6 a-13=0$.
or, $\left(a^{2}-2.3 . a+3^{2}\right)+\left(b^{2}-2.2 . b+2^{2}\right)=0$.
or, $(a-3)^{2}+(b-2)^{2}=0$.
So, $(a-3)=0$ and $(b-2)=0$.
or, $(a=3)$ and $(b=2)$.
So, $a+b=5$.
C is correct choice.

## Question 16

$x$ and $y$ are positive integers. If $x^{4}+y^{4}+x^{2} y^{2}=481$ and $x y=12$, then what is the value of $x^{2}-x y+y^{2}$ ?

A 16
B 13
C 11

D 15

## Answer: B

## Explanation:

$x^{4}+y^{4}+x^{2} y^{2}=481$
or, $\left(x^{2}\right)^{2}+\left(y^{2}\right)^{2}+2 x^{2} y^{2}-x^{2} y^{2}=481$.
or, $\left(x^{2}+y^{2}\right)^{2}=481+144=25^{2}($ given $x y=12)$.
or, $\left(x^{2}+y^{2}\right)=25$.
So, $x^{2}-x y+y^{2}=25-12=13$.
$B$ is correct choice.

## Question 17

If $A=1+2^{p}$ and $B=1+2^{-p}$, then what is the value of $B$ ?

A $\quad \begin{gathered}(A+1) \\ (A-1)\end{gathered}$

B $\quad \begin{aligned} & (A+2) \\ & (A+1)\end{aligned}$

C $\stackrel{A}{(A-1)}$

D $\begin{array}{r}(A-2) \\ (A+1)\end{array}$

## Answer: C

## Explanation:

$B=1+2^{-p}$.
or, $B=1+\stackrel{1}{2}^{P} .\left(\right.$ given $\left.A=1+2^{P}\right)$
or, $B=1+{ }^{1}-1$.
or, $B=\stackrel{A-1+1}{A-1}=\stackrel{A}{A-1}$.
C is correct choice.

## Question 18

If $a$ and $b$ are roots of the equation $a x^{2}+b x+c=0$, then which equation will have roots $(a b+a+b)$ and $(a b-a-b)$ ?

A $a^{2} x^{2}+2 a c x+c^{2}+b^{2}=0$
B $\quad a^{2} x^{2}-2 a c x+c^{2}-b^{2}=0$
C $a^{2} x^{2}-2 a c x+c^{2}+b^{2}=0$
D $a^{2} x^{2}+2 a c x+c^{2}-b^{2}=0$

## Explanation:

$a$ and $b$ are roots of the equation $a x^{2}+b x+c=0$
So, $a+b=-\stackrel{b}{a}$ and $a b=\stackrel{c}{a}$.
So, Sum of roots of new equation is $=(a b+a+b)+(a b-a-b)=2 a b$.
And, product of roots $=(a b+a+b)(a b-a-b)=\left\{a b^{2}-(a+b)^{2}\right\}=\binom{c^{2}}{a^{2}-b^{2}}$.
So, new equation :
$x^{2}-($ sum of roots $) x+($ product of roots $)=0$.
or, $x^{2}-\binom{2 c}{a} x+\left(\begin{array}{c}c^{2} \\ a^{2}\end{array}-a^{2} a^{2}\right)=0$.
or, $a^{2} x^{2}-(2 a c) x+\left(c^{2}-b^{2}\right)=0$.
$B$ is correct choice.

## Question 19

If $\sqrt{\left(1-p^{2}\right)\left(1-q^{2}\right)}=\stackrel{\sqrt{3}}{2}$, then what is the value of $\sqrt{2 p^{2}+2 q^{2}+2 p q}+\sqrt{2 p^{2}+2 q^{2}-2 p q}$ ?

A 2

B $\sqrt{ } 2$

C 1
D None of these
Answer: B

## Explanation:

From $\sqrt{\left(1-p^{2}\right)\left(1-q^{2}\right)}=\begin{gathered}\sqrt{3} \\ 2\end{gathered}$
we can say that :
$\left(1-p^{2}\right)\left(1-q^{2}\right)={ }_{4}^{3}=\left(1-0^{2}\right)\left(1-\stackrel{1}{2^{2}}\right)$.
So, either $\mathrm{p} / \mathrm{q}=0 /(1 / 2)$.
So,
$\sqrt{2 p^{2}+2 q^{2}+2 p q}+\sqrt{2 p^{2}+2 q^{2}-2 p q}=\sqrt{0+2 \times{ }_{4}^{1}+0}+\sqrt{0+2 \times{ }_{4}^{1}-0}=\sqrt{{ }^{1}}+\sqrt{{ }_{2}^{1}}={ }^{2}=\sqrt{2}=\sqrt{2}$.
So, B is correct choice.

## Question 20

If $(a+b)^{2}-2(a+b)=80$ and $a b=16$, then what is the value of $3 a-19 b$ ?

A -16
B -14

C -18

D -20
Answer: B

## Explanation:

$(a+b)^{2}-2(a+b)=80$
or, $(a+b)^{2}-2(a+b)+1=80+1$.
or, $(a+b-1)^{2}=9^{2}$.
or, $(a+b-1)=9$.
or, $(a+b)=10$ $\qquad$
Now, $(a-b)^{2}=(a+b)^{2}-4 a b=100-4.16=36$.
or, $(a-b)=6$ $\qquad$
By solving (1) \& (2) we get :
$\mathrm{a}=8$ and $\mathrm{b}=2$.
So, $3 a-19 b=3 \times 8-19 \times 2=-14$.
$B$ is correct choice.

## Question 21

If $x^{y+z}=1, y^{x+z}=1024$ and $z^{x+y}=729\left(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{y}\right.$ and $\mathbf{z}$ are natural numbers), then what is the value of $(z+1)^{y+x+1}$ ?

A 6561
B 10000

C 4096

D 14641

## Answer: B

## Explanation:

$x^{y+z}=1$ from this we can say that , $x=1$.
And, From $y^{x+z}=1024$ we can say that :
$y^{x+z}=2^{10}$.
or, $y=2$ and $x+z=10$.
or, $z=9$.
Now, if we put this value in $z^{x+y}=729$ equation,
it implies that : $9^{1+2}=9^{3}=729$.
So, Value of $x=1, y=2$ and $z=9$.
So, $(z+1)^{y+x+1}=10^{1+2+1}=10000$.
$B$ is correct choice.

## Question 22

If $x+y+z=1, x^{2}+y^{2}+z^{2}=2$ and $x^{3}+y^{3}+z^{3}=3$,then what is the value of $x y z$ ?

A $\quad \stackrel{1}{3}$
B $\quad \stackrel{1}{6}$

C $\quad \begin{array}{r}1 \\ 2\end{array}$
D $\quad \begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 4\end{aligned}$
Answer: B

Explanation:
$(x+y+z)^{2}=x^{2}+y^{2}+z^{2}+2(x y+y z+x z)$.
Or, $(1)^{2}=2+2(x y+y z+x z)$.
Or, $(x y+y z+x z)=-\stackrel{1}{2}$.
$x^{3}+y^{3}+z^{3}=(x+y+z)\left[x^{2}+y^{2}+z^{2}-x y-y z-x z\right]+3 x y z$.
Or, $3=(1)[2+\stackrel{1}{2}]+3 x y z$.
Or, $3 x y z=3-{ }_{2}^{5}={ }_{2}^{1}$.
Or, $x y z={ }_{6}^{1}$.
$B$ is correct choice.

## Question 23

In triangle $P Q R$, the internal bisector of $\angle Q$ and $\angle R$ meets at 0 . If $\angle Q P R=70^{\circ}$, then what is the value (in degrees) of $\angle Q O R$ ?

A 45

B 125

C 115
D 110
Answer: B

## Explanation:

we know that,
If Bisectors of angle $Q$ and angle $R$ of triangle $P Q R$ meet at point 0 . then, angle $Q O R=90^{\circ}+1 / 2$ angle $P$
So,
$\angle Q O R=90^{\circ}+{ }^{70^{\circ}}=125^{\circ}$.
So, B is correct choice.

## Question 24

$P Q R$ is a triangle such that $P Q=P R . R S$ and $Q T$ are the median to the sides $P Q$ and $P R$ respectively. If the medians $R S$ and $Q R$ intersect at right angle, then what is the value of $\binom{P Q}{Q R}^{2}$ ?

A $\quad \begin{array}{r}3 \\ 2\end{array}$

B $\quad 5$

C 2

D None of these
Answer: B

## Question 25

$P Q R$ is a triangle. $S$ and $T$ are the midpoints of the sides $P Q$ and $P R$ respectively. Which of the following is TRUE?
I. Triangle PST is similar to triangle PQR.
II. ST = ${ }_{2}^{1}$ (QR)
III. ST is parallel to QR.

A only I and II
B only II and III
C only I and III
D All I, II and III
Answer: D

## Question 26

$A B C$ is a triangle in which $\angle A B C=90^{\circ}$. $B D$ is perpendicular to $A C$. Which of the following is TRUE?
I. Triangle BAD is similar to triangle CBD.
II. Triangle BAD is similar to triangle CAB.
III. Triangle CBD is similar to triangle CAB.

A only 1

B only II and III
C only I and III
D All I, II and III
Answer: D

## Question 27

Two parallel chords are one the one side of the centre of a circle. The length of the two chords is 24 cm and 32 cm . If the distance between the two chords is 8 cm , then what is the area (in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ) of the circle?

A 724.14

B 832.86

C 924.12

D 988.32
Answer: B

## Question 28

Two circles of radius 4 cm and 6 cm touch each other internally. What is the length (in cm ) of the longest chord of the outer circle, which is also a tangent to inner circle?

A $12 \sqrt{ } 2$

B $\quad 8 \sqrt{ } 2$
C $6 \sqrt{ } 2$

D $\quad 4 \sqrt{ } 2$
Answer: B

## Question 29

In the given figure, PT is a common tangent to three circles at points $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and C respectively. The radius of the small, medium and large circles is $4 \mathrm{~cm}, 6 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $9 \mathrm{~cm} . O_{1}, O_{2}$ and $O_{3}$ are the centre of the three circles. What is the value (in cm ) of PC?


A $18 \sqrt{ } 6$

B $9 \sqrt{ } 6$

C $24 \sqrt{ } 6$

D $15 \sqrt{ } 6$
Answer: A

## Question 30

PQRS is a cyclic quadrilateral. PR and QS intersect at T . If $\angle \mathrm{SPR}=40^{\circ}$ and $\angle \mathrm{PQS}=80^{\circ}$, then what is the value (in degrees) of $\angle \mathrm{PSR}$ ?

A 60

B 40

C 80
D 100
Answer: A

## Question 31

In the given figure, $\angle P S R=105^{\circ}$ and $P Q$ is the diameter of the circle. What is the value (in degrees) of $\angle Q P R$ ?


A 75

B 15

C 30
D 45

Question 32
There are two identical circles of radius 10 cm each. If the length of the direct common tangent is 26 cm , then what is the length (in cm ) of the transverse common tangent?

A $2 \sqrt{ } 69$

B $4 \sqrt{ } 23$

C $4 \sqrt{ } 46$

D $3 \sqrt{ } 46$
Answer: A

Question 33
$P Q R S$ is a rectangle in which side of $P Q=24 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $\mathrm{QR}=16 \mathrm{~cm}$. T is a point on RS . What is the area (in cm ) of the triangle PTQ ?

A 192
B 162

C 148

D Cannot be determined
Answer: A

## Question 34

In the given figure. ABCD and BEFG are squares of sides 8 cm and 6 cm respectively. What is the area (in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ) of the shaded region?


A 14

B 12

C 8

D 16
Answer: B
$P Q R S$ is a parallelogram and its area is $300 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. Side $P Q$ is extended to $X$ such that $P Q=Q X$. If $X S$ intersects $Q R$ at $Y$, then what is the area (in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ) of triangle SYR?

A 75

B 50

C 120

D 100
Answer: A

## Question 36

PQRST is a regular pentagon. If PR and QT intersects each other at X , then what is the value (in degrees) of $\angle \mathrm{TXR}$ ?

A 98
B 90

C 72

D 108
Answer: D

## Question 37

In the given figure, $A B C D E F$ is a regular hexagon whose side is 12 cm . What is the shaded area (in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ )?


A $54 \sqrt{ } 3$

B $36 \sqrt{ } 3$
C $48 \sqrt{ } 3$
D $52 \sqrt{ } 3$
Answer: A
$A B C D$ passes through the centres of the three circles as shown in the figure. $A B=2 \mathrm{~cm}$ and $C D=1 \mathrm{~cm}$. If the area of middle circle is the average of the areas of the other two circles, then what is the length (in cm ) of $B C$ ?


A $(\sqrt{ } 6)-1$
B $(\sqrt{ } 6)+1$

C $(\sqrt{ } 6)-3$

D $(\sqrt{ } 6)+3$
Answer: A

## Question 39

A = Area of the largest circle drawn inside a square of side 1 cm .
$B=$ Sum of areas of 4 identical (largest possible) circles drawn inside a square of side 1 cm .
C = Sum of areas of 9 identical circle (largest possible) drawn inside a square of side 1 cm .
D = Sum of area of 16 identical circles (largest possible) drawn inside a square of side $\mathbf{1 ~ c m}$.
Which of the following is TRUE about $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$ and D ?

A A $>$ B $>$ C $>$ D

B A $<$ B $<$ C $<$ D

C $\mathrm{A}>\mathrm{B}=\mathrm{C}>\mathrm{D}$
D No option is correct.
Answer: D

Question 40
A prism has a square base whose side is 8 cm . The height of prism is 80 cm . The prism is cut into 10 identical parts by 9 cuts which are parallel to base of prism. What is the total surface area (in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ) of all the 10 parts together?

A 4260

B 2560

C 3840

D 3220
Answer: C

## Question 41

A cone of radius 90 cm and height 120 cm stands on its base. It is cut into 3 parts by 2 cuts parallel to its base such that the height of the three parts (from top to bottom) are in ratio of $1: 2: 3$. What is the total surface area (in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ) of the middle part?

A 14600

B 16500

C 17800

D 18500
Answer: B

## Question 42

The curved surface area of a cylinder is $594 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ and its volume is $1336.5 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. What is the height (in cm ) of the cylinder?

A 14

B 21

C 24.5

D 10.5
Answer: B

## Explanation:

According to question :
$2 \pi r h=594$.
And,
$\pi r^{2} h=1336.50$

or, ${ }_{2}^{2}=2.25$.
or, $r=4.5$.
So, $2 \pi \times 4.5 \times h=594$.
or, $h=\stackrel{594_{2}}{9 \times{ }_{7}}=21$.
So, B is correct choice.

## Question 43

A hollow cylinder is made up of metal. The difference between outer and inner curved surface area of this cylinder is $352 \mathrm{~cm}{ }^{2}$. Height of the cylinder is 28 cm . If the total surface area of this hollow cylinder is $2640 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, then what are the inner and outer radius (in $\mathbf{c m}$ )?

A 4,6
B $\mathbf{1 0}, 12$

C 8,10

D 6, 8
Answer: D

Explanation:

Let say, outer radius is R and inner radius is r .
So, According to question :
$2 \pi(R-r) \times h=352$.
or, $(R-r)=2 \times{ }_{7}^{\frac{3,5}{2}} \times 28=2$
We know that , Total surface area of hollow sphere is $=2 \pi(R+r)(h+R-r)$.
So, $2 \pi(R+r)(h+R-r)=2640$.
or, $2 \pi(R+r)(28+2)=2640$.
or, $(R+r)=\stackrel{\begin{array}{c}2640 \\ 22_{7} \\ 7\end{array} \times 30}{ }=14$
So, By solving (1) \& (2), we get :
$R=8$ and $r=6$.
D is correct choice.

## Question 44

A solid metal sphere has radius 14 cm . It is melted to form small cones of radius 1.75 cm and height 3.5 cm . How many small cones will be obtained from the sphere?

A 512
B 256

C 1024

D 2048
Answer: C

## Explanation:

Volume of sphere $={ }_{3}^{4} \pi \times r^{3}={ }_{3}^{4} \pi \times 14^{3}={ }_{3}^{10976} \pi$.
Volume of each cone is $={ }^{1} \pi \times r^{2} \times h={ }_{3}^{1} \pi \times 1.75^{2} \times 3.5={ }_{3}^{10.71875} \pi$.
So, required number $={ }^{\substack{10976 \\ 10.78785 \\ 3}} \pi=1024$.
C is correct choice.

## Question 45

A metallic hemispherical bowl is made up of steel. The total steel used in making the bowl is $486 \pi \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$. The bowl can hold $144 \pi \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ water. What is the thickness (in cm ) of bowl and the curved surface area (in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ) of outer side?

A $6,162 \pi$
B $3,162 \pi$
C $6,81 \pi$
D $3,81 \pi$
Answer: B

## Explanation:

Volume of hemisphere $=\left({ }_{3}^{2} \pi \times r^{3}\right)$.

So, $\left({ }_{3}^{2} \pi \times r_{1}^{3}\right)=486 \pi$.
or, $r_{1}^{3}=486 \times{ }_{2}^{3}=729$.
or, $r_{1}=9$.
And, ${ }_{3}^{2} \times \pi \times r_{2}^{3}=144 \pi$.
or, $r_{2}^{3}=144 \times{ }_{2}^{3}=216$.
or, $r_{2}=6$.
So, Thickness of bowl $=r_{1}-r_{2}=9-6=3$.
So, Curved surface area $=2 \times \pi \times r_{1}^{2}=2 \times \pi \times 9^{2}=162 \pi$.
So, $B$ is correct choice.

## Question 46

There is a box of cuboid shape. The smallest side of the box is 20 cm and largest side is 40 cm . Which of the following can be volume (in $\mathrm{cm}^{3}$ ) of the box?

A 18000

B 12000

C 36000

D 42000
Answer: A

## Explanation:

We know that, Volume of a cuboid is $(l \times b \times h)$.
So, if we consider given Volume's :
For 18000 :
$40 \times 20 \times x=18000$.
or, $x=22.5$.
which means that this side length is lies between 20 and 40 .
So, 18000 can be the volume .
For 12000 :
$40 \times 20 \times x=12000$.
or, $x=15$.
But given that smallest side is 20
So, 12000 is not possible volume .
For 36000:
$40 \times 20 \times x=36000$.
or, $x=45$.
But given that largest side is 40 .
So, 36000 is not possible volume.
For 42000 :
$20 \times 40 \times x=42000$.
or, $x=52.5$.
But given that largest side is 40 .

So,42000 is not possible volume .
A is correct choice.

## Question 47

A pyramid has a square base, whose side is 8 cm . If the height of pyramid is 16 cm , then what is the total surface area (in $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$ ) of the pyramid?

A $64(\sqrt{ } 17+1)$
B $32(\sqrt{ } 13+1)$
C $64(\sqrt{ } 3+1)$
D $32(\sqrt{ } 5+1)$
Answer: A

## Explanation:

Area of the base of Pyramid is $=(8 \times 8) \mathrm{cm}=64 \mathrm{~cm}$.
Curved or lateral surface area of pyramid
$=1 / 2 \times$ (perimeter of base) $\times$ slant height
Slant height $=\sqrt{16^{2}+\left({ }_{2}^{8}\right)^{2}}=\sqrt{256+16}=\sqrt{272}=4 \sqrt{17}$.
So, Curved surface area $={ }_{2}^{1} \times 32 \times 4 \sqrt{17}=64 \sqrt{17}$.
So, Total surface area $=64 \sqrt{17}+64=64(\sqrt{17}+1) \mathrm{cm}^{2}$.
A is correct choice.

## Question 48

What is the value of $\begin{gathered}2\left(1-\sin ^{2} \theta\right) \operatorname{cosec}^{2} \theta \\ \cot ^{2} \theta\left(1+\tan ^{2} \theta\right)\end{gathered}-1$ ?

A $\sin 2 \theta$

B $\sin ^{2} \theta$
C $\cos ^{2} \theta$

D $\cos 2 \theta$
Answer: D

## Explanation:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2\left(1-\sin ^{2} \theta\right) \operatorname{cosec}^{2} \theta \\
& \cot ^{2} \theta\left(1+\tan ^{2} \theta\right)-1 . \\
& =\begin{array}{c}
2 \cos ^{2} \theta \operatorname{cosec}^{2} \theta \\
\cos ^{2} 2 \theta \cdot \sec ^{2} \theta
\end{array}-1 . \\
& =\begin{array}{c}
2 \operatorname{sos}^{2} \theta \operatorname{cosec}^{2} \theta \sin ^{2} \theta \\
\cos ^{2} \theta \cdot \sec ^{2} \theta
\end{array}-1 . \\
& =\begin{array}{c}
2 \cdot 1.1 \\
\sec ^{2} \theta-1 . \\
=
\end{array} \cos ^{2} \theta-1 . \\
& =\cos 2 \theta .
\end{aligned}
$$

D is correct choice.
Question 49
What is the value of $\begin{gathered}\cos 2 A+2 \cos ^{2} A-2 \cos 2 A \cos A \\ \sin 2 A-2 \sin ^{2} A \sin 2 A\end{gathered}$ ?

A $2 \cot A$

B $2 \tan A$

C $\cot A$

D $\tan A$
Answer: D

## Question 50

What is the value of $\cos 15^{\circ}-\cos 165^{\circ}$ ?

A $\begin{gathered}\sqrt{ } 3 \\ \sqrt{ } 2\end{gathered}$
B $\stackrel{2}{(\sqrt{ } 3-1)}$

C $\quad \begin{aligned} & \sqrt{ } 3+1 \\ & \sqrt{ } 2\end{aligned}$

D $\begin{gathered}\sqrt{ } 3+1 \\ 2\end{gathered}$
Answer: C

Explanation:
$\cos 15=\cos (45-30)$
$=>\cos 15=\cos 45 * \cos 30+\sin 45 * \sin 30$
$=>\cos 15=(1 / \sqrt{ } 2)^{*}(\sqrt{ } 3 / 2)+(1 / \sqrt{ } 2) *(1 / 2)$
$\Rightarrow>\cos 15=(\sqrt{ } 3+1) / 2 \sqrt{ } 2$
$\cos 15^{\circ}-\cos 165^{\circ}=\cos 15^{\circ}+\cos 15^{\circ}=2 \cos 15^{\circ}$.
So,

$\cos 15^{\circ}-\cos 165^{\circ}=$| $\sqrt{3}+1$ |
| :---: |
| $\sqrt{2}$ |.

C is correct choice.
Question 51
If $P+Q+R=60^{\circ}$, then what is the value of $\cos Q \cos R(\cos P-\sin P)+\sin Q \sin R(\sin P-\cos P)$ ?

A $\quad \underset{2}{1}$
B $\begin{gathered}\sqrt{ } 3 \\ 2\end{gathered}$
C $\quad \begin{gathered}1 \\ \sqrt{ } 2\end{gathered}$

D $\sqrt{ } 2$

## Question 52

What is the value of $\begin{gathered}{[1-\tan (90-\theta)]^{2}} \\ {\left[\cos ^{2}(90-\theta)\right]^{2}}\end{gathered}-1$ ?

A $-\sin 2 \theta$

B $-\cos 2 \theta$

C $\cos 2 \theta$

D $\sin 2 \theta$
Answer: A

## Explanation:

```
\([1-\tan (90-\theta)]^{2}\)
    \(\left[\sec ^{2}(90-\theta)\right]-1\)
    \([1-\cot (\theta)]^{2}\)
\(=\left[\operatorname{cosec}^{2}(\theta)\right]-1\).
\(=\left[1-\begin{array}{c}2 \cos (\theta) \\ \sin (\theta)\end{array} \sin ^{2}(\theta) \quad 1^{1}-1\right.\).
\(=-\sin (2 \theta)\).
```

A is correct choice.

## Question 53

What is the value of $\begin{gathered}{\left[1+2 \cot ^{2}(90-x)-2 \operatorname{cosec}(90-x) \cot (90-x)\right]} \\ {[\operatorname{cosec}(90-x)-\cot (90-x)]}\end{gathered}$ ?

A $\cos x+\sin x$
B $\sin x-\cos x$

C $\sec x+\tan x$

D $\sec x-\tan x$

## Answer: D

## Explanation:

$\left[1+2 \cot ^{2}(90-x)-2 \operatorname{cosec}(90-x) \cot (90-x)\right]$
$[\operatorname{cosec}(90-x)-\cot (90-x)]$
$\left[1+2 \tan ^{2}(x)-2 \sec (x) \tan (x)\right]$
$=\quad[\sec (x)-\tan (x)]$
$\left[\sec ^{2} x-\tan ^{2} x+2 \tan ^{2}(x)-2 \sec (x) \tan (x)\right]$
$=\quad[\sec (x)-\tan (x)]$
$[\sec (x)-\tan (x)]^{2}$
$=[\sec (x)-\tan (x)]$.
$=[\sec (x)-\tan (x)]$.
D is correct choice.

## Question 54

What is the value of $\sin (180-\theta) \sin (90-\theta)-\left[\begin{array}{c}\cot (90-\theta) \\ 1+\tan ^{2} \theta\end{array}\right]$

A $\cos ^{2} \theta \sin \theta$

B $\begin{gathered}\cot \theta \\ 1+\cot ^{2} \theta\end{gathered}$

C $\begin{gathered}\tan \theta \\ 1+\tan ^{2} \theta\end{gathered}$

D 0 .
Answer: D

Explanation:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \sin (180-\theta) \sin (90-\theta)-\left[\begin{array}{c}
\cot (90-\theta) \\
1+\tan ^{2} \theta
\end{array}\right] \\
& =\sin \theta \cos \theta-\left[\begin{array}{c}
\tan \theta \\
\sec ^{2} \theta
\end{array}\right] \\
& =\sin \theta \cos \theta-\left[\begin{array}{cc}
\sin \theta & \cos ^{2} \theta \\
\cos \theta \cdot & 1
\end{array}\right] \\
& =\sin \theta \cos \theta-[\sin \theta \cos \theta] \\
& =0
\end{aligned}
$$

D is correct choice.

## Question 55

A pole is standing on the top of a house. Height of house is 25 metres. The angle of elevation of the top of house from point $P$ is $45^{\circ}$ and the angle of elevation of the top of pole from $P$ is $60^{\circ}$. Point $P$ is on the ground level. What is the height (in metres) of pole?

A $10(\sqrt{ } 3+1)$
B $\quad 15(\sqrt{ } 3+1)$
C $25(\sqrt{ } 3-1)$
D $20(\sqrt{ } 3-1)$
Answer: C

Explanation:


Let say, Pole's height is x and point P is m meter far from base of House.
$\tan 45^{\circ}={ }_{m}^{25}$.
or, $m=25$.
So, $\tan 60^{\circ}=\stackrel{25+x}{m}$.
or, $\sqrt{ } 3={ }_{25}^{25+x}$.
or, $x=25(\sqrt{3}-1)$.
C is correct choice.

## Question 56

A ladder is placed against a wall such that it just reaches the top of the wall. The foot of the ladder is at a distance of 5 metres from the wall. The angle of elevation of the top of the wall from the base of the ladder is $15^{\circ}$. What is the length (in metres) of the ladder?

A $5 \sqrt{ } 6-5 \sqrt{ } 3$

B $\quad 5 \sqrt{ } 6-5 \sqrt{ } 2$

C $5 \sqrt{ } 2-1$

D $5 \sqrt{ } 3+5 \sqrt{ } 2$
Answer: B

Explanation:


5 metres
So, $\tan 15^{\circ}=\begin{gathered}A B \\ B C\end{gathered}=\begin{gathered}A B \\ 5\end{gathered}$.
We know that, $\tan 15^{\circ}=(2-\sqrt{3})$.
So, $A B=5(2-\sqrt{3})$.
So, Ladder height $=\mathrm{AC}=\sqrt{B C^{2}+A B^{2}}$.
Now, AC $=\sqrt{5^{2}+(5(2-\sqrt{3}))^{2}}=\sqrt{25+100-100 \sqrt{3}+75}=\sqrt{(5 \sqrt{6}-5 \sqrt{2})^{2}}=(5 \sqrt{6}-5 \sqrt{2})$.
$B$ is correct choice.

## Question 57

An aeroplane is flying horizontally at a height of 1.8 km above the ground. The angle of elevation of plane from point X is $60^{\circ}$ and after 20 seconds, its angle of elevation from $X$ is become $30^{\circ}$. If point $X$ is on ground, then what is the speed (in $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$ ) of aeroplane?

A $180 \sqrt{ } 3$
B $105 \sqrt{ } 3$

C $201 \sqrt{ } 3$

D $305 \sqrt{ } 3$
Answer: A

Explanation:


In $\triangle A B C$,
$\cot 60^{\circ}=\mathrm{AC} / \mathrm{BC}$
=> 1/V 3 = AC/1800
=> AC = 1800/ $\sqrt{ } 3$....(
In $\triangle A E D$,
$\cot 30^{\circ}=A E / E D$
$\Rightarrow \sqrt{ } 3=A E / 1800$
$\Rightarrow$ AE $=1800 \sqrt{ } 3$..

From figure,
$B D=C E$
and, $C E=A E-A C$
so, $B D=A E-A C$
Now, substituting value of $A E$ and $A C$ from equations (i) and (ii),
$B D=1800 \sqrt{ } 3-1800 / \sqrt{ } 3$
$=1800(\sqrt{ } 3-1 / \sqrt{ } 3)$
$=1800 \times 2 / \sqrt{ } 3$
$B D=3600 / \sqrt{ } 3$
$B D$ is covered by the aeroplane in 20 seconds. So,
Speed of Aeroplane $=$ Distance $(B D) \div$ Time ( t )
$=(3600 / \sqrt{3} \div 20) \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{sec}$
$=180 \sqrt{ } 3 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
A is correct choice.

## Instructions

The table given below shows the production of maize by 5 different states as a percentage of total production. Each state produces only maize and rice. There are three types of rice - R1, R2 and R3. The table also shows the R1 type of rice produced as a percentage of total rice production and the ratio of R2 and R3 type of rice. Total production by each state is 625000 .

| State | Maize | R1 | R2 : R3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| H | $32 \%$ | 60 | $6: 11$ |
| R | $62 \%$ | 60 | $9: 10$ |
| X | $52 \%$ | 60 | $3: 05$ |
| S | $52 \%$ | 55 | $4: 05$ |
| T | $74 \%$ | 80 | $3: 10$ |

## Question 58

## What is the difference between the R 1 type of rice produced by state X and the R 2 type of rice produced by state H ?

A 115000

B 120000

C
55000

D 65000
Answer: B

## Explanation:

The difference between the R1 type of rice produced by state X and the R2 type of rice produced by state H is $=180000-60000=120000$.
$B$ is correct choice.

## Question 59

What is the sum of the total production of maize by state $X$ and $T$ and total production of $R 2$ type of Rice by state $S$ and $R$ ?

A 868500

B 1025000

C 925000

D 892500
Answer: D

## Explanation:

The total production of maize by state X and $\mathrm{T}=0.52 \times 625000+0.74 \times 625000=787500$.
Total production of R2 type of Rice by state $S$ and $R=60000+45000=105000$.
So, Total $=787500+105000=892500$.
D is correct choice.

## Question 60

Production of R3 type of rice by state X is what percentage of production of R1 type of rice by state S?

A 45.45
B 52.52

C 42.5

D 39.5
Answer: A

## Explanation:

Pr oduction of R3 type of rice by state $X$
$\operatorname{Pr}$ oduction of $R 1$ type of rice by state $S$
75000
$=165000 \times 100=45.45 \%$.
A is correct choice.

## Question 61

$A=A v e r a g e ~ o f ~ t h e ~ R 3 ~ t y p e ~ o f ~ r i c e ~ p r o d u c e d ~ b y ~ s t a t e ~ H, ~ R, ~ S ~ a n d ~ X ~ t o g e t h e r . ~$
$B=$ Difference between the $R 2$ type of rice produced by state $T$ and $R 1$ type of rice produced by state $R$.
What is the value of $B-A$ ?

A 54750

B 56750

C 57500
D 57000

## Answer: C

## Explanation:

R3 Productions:
$H=0.68 \times 0.40 \times 625000 \times{ }^{11}=110000$.
$R=0.38 \times 0.40 \times 625000 \times{ }_{19}^{10}=50000$.
$\mathrm{X}=0.48 \times 0.40 \times 625000 \times{ }_{8}^{5}=75000$.
$S=0.48 \times 0.45 \times 625000 \times{ }_{9}^{5}=75000$.
So, Average $(A)=77500$.
R2 Production of $T=0.26 \times 0.20 \times 625000 \times \stackrel{3}{13}=7500$.
R1 Production of $R=0.38 \times 0.60 \times 625000=142500$.
So, $(B-A)=135000-77500=57500$.
C is correct choice.

## Question 62

## $\mathrm{F}=$ Total production of R 2 type of rice by all the states.

$\mathrm{K}=$ Average of the total production of R1 type of rice by all the states.
What is the value of $K / F$ ?

A .875
B 0.802

C 0.08
D .702
Answer: B

## Explanation:

R2 productions :
$H=0.68 \times 0.40 \times 625000 \times{ }^{6}{ }^{6}=60000$.
$\mathrm{R}=0.38 \times 0.40 \times 625000 \times \stackrel{9}{19}=45000$.
$X=0.48 \times 0.40 \times 625000 \times{ }_{8}^{3}=45000$.
$S=0.48 \times 0.45 \times 625000 \times{ }_{9}^{4}=60000$.
$\mathrm{T}=0.26 \times 0.20 \times 625000 \times \stackrel{3}{13}=7500$.
Total Production of R2 (F) $=217500$.
R1 Productions:
$H=0.68 \times 0.60 \times 625000=255000$.
$\mathrm{R}=0.38 \times 0.60 \times 625000=142500$.
$X=0.48 \times 0.60 \times 625000=180000$.
$S=0.48 \times 0.55 \times 625000=165000$.
$\mathrm{T}=0.26 \times 0.80 \times 625000=130000$.
Average of $\mathrm{R} 1(\mathrm{~K})=174500$.
So, K/F $={ }_{2174500}^{174500}=0.802$.
$B$ is correct choice.
Instructions
For the following questions answer them individually

## Question 63

If $x$ beakers of 100 ml containing 1:4 acid-water solution are mixed with $y$ beakers of 200 ml containing 3:17 acid-water solution then the ratio of acid to water in the resulting mixture becomes 19:91. Find $x: y$.

A $5: 3$
B $3: 5$

C $7: 13$

D 13:7
Answer: A

## Explanation:

beakers of 100 ml containing $1: 4$ acid-water solution
$\Rightarrow$ acid $=100$ * $1 / 5=20 \mathrm{ml}$
Water $=100 * 4 / 5=80 \mathrm{ml}$
in $x$ beaker acid $=20 \times \mathrm{ml}$
\& in x beakers water $=80 \mathrm{x} \mathrm{ml}$
beakers of 200 ml containing $3: 17$ acid-water solution
=> acid $=200 * 3 / 20=30 \mathrm{ml}$
\& water $=200 * 17 / 20=170 \mathrm{ml}$
in y beaker acid $=30 \mathrm{y} \mathrm{ml}$
\& in y beakers water $=170 \mathrm{y} \mathrm{ml}$
Acid $=20 x+30 y$
Water $=80 x+170 y$
Resulting mixture $=19: 91$
$=>(20 x+30 y) /(80 x+170 y)=19 / 91$
$=>(2 x+3 y) /(8 x+17 y)=19 / 91$
$=>91(2 x+3 y)=19(8 x+17 y)$
$=>182 x+273 y=152 x+323 y$
=> $30 x=50 y$
$=>3 x=5 y$
$=>x / y=5 / 3$
$\Rightarrow x: y=5: 3$
A is correct choice.

## Question 64

In what ratio should $20 \%$ ethanol solution be mixed with $\mathbf{4 0 \%}$ ethanol solution to obtain a $28 \%$ ethanol solution?

A 2:3
B $8: 5$

C $3: 2$

D 5:8
Answer: C

Explanation:
$0.2 x+0.4 y=0.28(x+y)$
or, $0.08 x=0.12 y$
or, $\begin{array}{r}x \\ y\end{array}=\stackrel{12}{8}=\stackrel{3}{2}$.
C is correct choice.

## Question 65

$A$ and $B$ start a business by investing equal amounts. Four months later, $C$ joins them by investing Rs 3.5 lakhs. By withdrawing his investment in the business $B$ leaves the business 4 months after $C$ joined. At the end of the year the business makes Rs 62,400 profit out of which A collects Rs 24,000 as his share of profit. How much should be paid to $C$ (in Rs) as his share of profit?

A 16000

B 32000

C 22400
D 27800
Answer: C

## Explanation:

Let $A$ and $B$ invested Rs. $x$ each in the business at the starting and as given, $C$ invested Rs. 3.5
Lakhs.
Since $A$ invested for 12 months, $B$ invested for 8 months and $C$ invested for 8 months.
$\Rightarrow$ Ratio in which profit would be shared $=(x \times 12):(x \times 8):(3.5 \times 8)=3 x: 2 x: 7$.
Now given total profit is Rs. 62400 and profit share of A is Rs. 24000,
$\Rightarrow 3 \mathrm{x} /(5 \mathrm{x}+7)=24000 / 62400$
$\Rightarrow 3 x /(5 x+7)=5 / 13$
$\Rightarrow 39 \mathrm{x}=25 \mathrm{x}+35$
$\Rightarrow 14 \mathrm{x}=35$
$\Rightarrow x=5 / 2=2.5$ lakhs
$\therefore$ Share of $C=[7 /(12.5+7)] \times 62400=$ Rs. 22400
C is correct choice.

## Question 66

$A$ and $B$ invest in a business in the ratio $3: 7$. The business makes a profit of Rs 60,000 in 1 year. They decide to distribute the profit remaining after reinvesting $40 \%$ of the profit. How much will A get (in Rs)?

C 10800

D 20400
Answer: C

## Explanation:

Profit after reinvestment $=60000-0.40 \times 60000=36000$ Rs.
So, A will get $=(\stackrel{3}{10} \times 36000) R s=10800 R s$.
C is correct choice.

## Question 67

A can do a work in 72 days and $B$ in 90 days. If they work on it together for 10 days, then what fraction of work is left?

A $\quad 3$
B $\quad \begin{array}{r}1 \\ 4\end{array}$

C $\quad \frac{4}{5}$

D $\quad \begin{gathered}5 \\ 6\end{gathered}$
Answer: A

## Explanation:

In 10 days, they together will do $=10\left(\begin{array}{c}1 \\ 90\end{array}+\underset{72}{1}\right)=10\binom{4+5}{360}=\stackrel{1}{4}$ part of work .
So, work left $=(1-4)=\stackrel{3}{4}$.
A is correct choice.

## Question 68

A is thrice as good a workman as B. C alone takes 48 days to paint a house. All three $A, B$ and $C$ working together take 16 days to paint the house. It will take how many days for $B$ alone to paint the house?

A 32
B 64

C 96
D 72
Answer: C

## Explanation:

Let say, $B$ alone can paint in $b$ days .
So, $C$ alone can do in $\binom{b}{3}$ days.
So, According to question,
$\stackrel{1}{b}+\stackrel{3}{b}+\stackrel{1}{48}=\stackrel{1}{16}$.
or,, $\begin{gathered}4 \\ b\end{gathered}=\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 16\end{array}-\frac{1}{48}$.
or, $\stackrel{4}{b}=\stackrel{3-1}{48}=\stackrel{2}{48}$.
or, $b=96$.
C is correct choice.

## Question 69

$C$ is 5 times as productive as $B$. A takes 60 days to complete a task. If $A, B$ and $C$ work together they can complete the task in 12 days. In how many days can $B$ complete the task if he worked alone?

A 18

B 27

C 90

D 72
Answer: C

## Explanation:

Let say, B can do in b days.
So, C can do in $\binom{b}{5}$ days.
So, in 1 day $A, B, C$ will do $=\left(\begin{array}{l}1 \\ b\end{array}+\stackrel{5}{b}+\stackrel{1}{60}\right)$.
So, $\left(\begin{array}{l}1 \\ b\end{array}+\stackrel{5}{b}+\stackrel{1}{60}\right)=\stackrel{1}{12}$.
or, $\stackrel{6}{b}=\stackrel{1}{12}-\stackrel{1}{60}=\stackrel{5-1}{60}=\stackrel{4}{60}=\stackrel{1}{15}$.
or, $b=90$.
So, C is correct choice.

## Question 70

A can complete $50 \%$ of a job in 9 days and B can complete $25 \%$ of the job in 9 days if they worked alone. If they worked together how much of the job (in \%) can they complete in 9 days?

A 80

B 90

C 75

D 100
Answer: C

## Explanation:

A can do :
in 1 day $=\left(\begin{array}{l}1 \\ 2\end{array} \times \stackrel{1}{9}\right)=\stackrel{1}{18}$ part of $j o b$.
B can do :
in 1 day $=\left(\begin{array}{ll}1 \\ 4\end{array} \times \frac{1}{9}\right)=\begin{gathered}1 \\ 36\end{gathered}$ part of job.
So, in 1 day they together do $=\left(\begin{array}{c}1 \\ 36\end{array}+\begin{array}{c}18\end{array}\right)=\begin{gathered}3 \\ 36\end{gathered}=\begin{gathered}1 \\ 12\end{gathered}$ part of job.
So, in 9 days they will do $=\binom{9 \times 100}{12}=75 \%$ of $j o b$.
C is correct choice.

## Question 71

Giving two successive discounts of $60 \%$ is equal to giving one discount of $\qquad$ $\%$.

A 90

B 72

C 96
D 84
Answer: D

## Explanation:

If he gives two successive discount of $60 \%$, means the present price of the item is $=0.40 \times 0.40=0.16$ of the CP.
It means a discount of $(1-0.16)=0.84$ is made .
D is correct choice.

## Question 72

If an item marked at Rs 480 is being sold at Rs 400 , then what is the effective discount on the item?

A 20

B 16.67

C 25

D 15
Answer: B

Explanation:
Given
M.P. $=480 /-$
S.P. $=400 /-$

Discount $=80 /-$
Effective discount $=\stackrel{\text { discount }}{M . P} \times 100$
Therefore,
80
$480 \times 100$
$=16.67$
Hence option $B$ is right answer.

## Question 73

On an item there is cash $5 \%$ discount on the marked price of Rs 25,000. After giving an additional season's discount the item is sold at Rs 20,900. How much was the season's discount (in \%)?

A 11

B 10

C 12

D 9
Answer: C

## Explanation:

After $5 \%$ discount on the marked price of Rs 25,000 , the price become $=0.95 \times 25000=23750 \mathrm{Rs}$.
Let say, he gave $\mathrm{x} \%$ discount .
So, $23750\left(1-\begin{array}{c}x \\ 100\end{array}\right)=20900$.
or, $\left(1-\begin{array}{c}x \\ 100\end{array}\right)=\stackrel{20900}{23750}=0.88$.
or, $\stackrel{x}{100}=1-0.88=0.12$.
or, $x=12$.
C is correct choice.

## Question 74

A retailer marks up his goods by $20 \%$ and then offers $25 \%$ discount. What will be the selling price on an item that he sells if its cost price (in Rs) is Rs 2500?

A 2400
B 3000
C 2750

D 2250
Answer: D

## Explanation:

Selling price is $=2500 \times(1.20) \times(1-0.25)=2250 R s$.
D is correct choice.

## Question 75

Find two numbers such that their mean proportional is 18 and the third proportional to them is 144.

A 6 and 42
B 9 and 36
C 3 and 18
D 6 and 12
Answer: B

## Explanation:

$x$
$18=$
$y$ .
or, $x y=18^{2}$.
Again,
$x$
$y=144$.
or, $x=144$.
So, from eq (1) :
$18^{2}=y^{2}$
or, $y^{3}=18^{2} \times 144$.
or, $y=36$.
So, $x={ }_{36}^{18^{2}}=9$.
$B$ is correct choice.

## Question 76

If $6 A=4 B=9 C$; find $A: B: C$

A 6:4:9
B 6:9:4

C 4:9:6

D 9:6:4

## Answer: B

## Explanation:

Given that
$6 A=4 B=9 C$
let
$6 A=4 B \& 4 B=9 C$
${ }_{B}^{A}={ }_{6}^{4}$
${ }_{C}^{B}=4$
From eq. $1 \& 2$
$A: B: C=12: 18: 8$
Or
$A: B: C=6: 9: 4$
Hence option $B$ is right answer

## Question 77

Find the third proportional to 10 and 25.

A 2.5
B 62.5

C 40
D 100
Answer: B

## Explanation:

Let say, x is third proportional.
So, ${ }_{25}^{10}={ }_{x}^{25}$.
or, $x={ }_{10}^{625}=62.5$.
$B$ is correct choice.

## Question 78

A purse has Rs 34.5 in the form of 1-rupee, 50 -paise and 10-paise coins in the ratio of 6:9:10. Find the number of 10 -paise coins.

A 10

B 30

C 20

D 40
Answer: B

## Explanation:

Let say, 1 -rupee, 50 -paise and 10 -paise coins are $6 \mathrm{k}, 9 \mathrm{k}$ and 10 k .
So, $6 k+0.50 \times 9 k+0.10 \times 10 k=34.50$.
or, $11.50 k=34.50$.
or, $k={ }_{11.50}^{34.50}=3$.
So, there are $(10 \times 3)=30$ number of 10 -paise coins.
$B$ is correct choice.
Question 79
What number should be added to each of the numbers $103,135,110$ and 144 so that the resulting numbers are in proportion?

A 12

B 15

C 9

D 6
Answer: C

## Explanation:

Let say, $x$ be the number.
So,
$103+x \quad 110+x$
$135+x=144+x$
or, $(103+x)(144+x)=(135+x)(110+x)$
or, $\left(103 x+x^{2}+144 x+14832\right)=\left(135 x+x^{2}+110 x+14850\right)$
or, $(247 x+14832)=(245 x+14850)$
or, $2 x=18$.
or, $x=9$.
C is correct choice.

## Question 80

When ticket prices to a water park are increased in the ratio $11: 12$ then the number of daily visitors to the park fall in the ratio $8: 7$. If the daily revenues before the increase in ticket price was Rs 176,000 , then find the daily revenues after the increase in ticket price.

B 112000

C 192000

D 168000

## Answer: D

## Explanation:

Let say, new price is $12 k$ and old price was 11 k .
And, Previous visitors was 8 m and new visitors are 7 m .
According to question ,
$8 m \times 11 k=176000$.
or, $m k={ }_{88}^{176000}=2000$.
So, New revenue $=7 m \times 12 k=7 \times 12 \times 2000=168000$.
D is correct choice.

## Question 81

The average weight of $X, Y$ and $Z$ is 74 kg . If the average weight of $X$ and $Y$ be 68 kg and that of $Y$ and $Z$ be 78 kg , then the weight (in kg ) of $Y$ is

A 72
B 70
C 68

D 66
Answer: B

## Explanation:

Given that average value of $\mathrm{x} \& \mathrm{y}$ is 68 kg
${ }_{2}^{x+y}=68$
$x+y=68 \times 2=136$..
also,
$\stackrel{z+y}{2}=78$
$x+y=78 \times 2=156 \ldots$ (2)
average of $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y} \& \mathrm{z}$ is 74 kg
${ }_{3}^{x+y+z}=74$
$x+y+z=74 \times 3=222$.
subtracting eq. 3 from sum of eq. $1 \& 2$
$292-222=70$
Hence, option B is right answer.

## Question 82

Of the $\mathbf{3}$ numbers whose average is 26 , the first is $\begin{gathered}2 \\ 11\end{gathered}$ times the sum of other two. The first number is:

A 16

B 13
c 11

D 12
Answer: D

## Explanation:

Let say, other two numbers are $x$ and $y$.
So, First number is $={ }_{11}^{2}(x+y)$.
So,
${ }_{3}^{(x+y)+11}{ }^{2}(x+y)=26$.
or, ${ }_{11}^{13}(x+y)=78$.
or, $(x+y)=66$.
So, first number is $={ }_{11}^{2}(x+y)={ }_{11}^{2} \times 66=12$.
D is correct choice.

## Question 83

The average weight of a class of 50 students is 48.6 kg . If the average weight of the 20 boys is 54 kg , then find the average weight (in kg ) of the girls in the class.

A 40
B 46

C 45

D 42

## Answer: C

## Explanation:

Total weight of 50 students $=50 \times 48.6=2430$.
Total weight of boys $=20 \times 54=1080$.
Total of 30 girls $=2430-1080=1350$.
So, Average weight of them $={ }_{30}^{1350}=45$.
C is correct choice.

## Question 84

The average of all odd numbers from 113 to 159 is

A 135

B 134

C 133
D 136
Answer: D

## Explanation:

first term is 113 .

So, next odd terms would be at common difference of 2 .
So, $113+(n-1) 2=159$.
or, $(n-1)={ }_{2}^{46}=23$.
or, $n=24$.
So, Total of all odd numbers from 113 to $159={ }_{2}^{24}(113+159)=3264$.
So, Average of them $={ }_{24}^{3264}=136$.
D is correct choice.
Question 85
A trader buys jowar at Rs 30 per $\mathbf{k g}$. 20\% of the grain gets wasted. He plans to sell the remaining grain so that he makes $\mathbf{4 0 \%}$ overall profit. At what price (in Rs per kg ) should he sell the grain?

A 48
B 50

C 52.5

D 47.5
Answer: C

## Explanation:

Let say, total jowar is 100 kg and he sold rest of jowar in $\times \mathrm{Rs} / \mathrm{kg}$.
lotal cost price of $100 \mathrm{~kg}=100 \times 30=3000$ Rs .
Wasted grain $=100 \times 0.20=20 \mathrm{~kg}$.
So, He sold 80 kg at the price of $\mathrm{Rs} / \mathrm{kg}$ to gain $40 \%$ overall.
So, according to question,
$80 x-3000=0.40 \times 3000$.
or, $x=1.40 \times{ }_{80}^{3000}=52.50$.
So, C is correct choice.

## Question 86

If a vendor sells a watermelon at Rs 69 he makes $8 \%$ loss. If he wants to make $16 \%$ profit then at what price (in Rs) should he sell?

A 91
B 83
C 87

D 79
Answer: C

## Explanation:

According to question ,
$0.92 \times$ Watermiloncost price $=69$.
or, Watermilon $\cos$ t price $={ }_{0.92}^{69}=75$.

To have a $16 \%$ profit, he must sells it in $=75 \times 1.16=87 R s$.
C is correct choice.

## Question 87

The cost of 25 items is the same as the revenue earned by selling x items. Find x , if the profit made in the transaction is $\mathbf{2 5 \%}$.

A 25

B 16.67

C 20

D 32
Answer: C

## Explanation:

Let say, cost price of each item is $c$ and selling price of each item $p$.
So, $25 c=x p$.
And,
$x p-x c=0.25 x c$
or, $p=1.25 c$.
So, $25 c=x \times 1.25 c$.
or, $x=\stackrel{25 c}{1.25 c}=20$.
C is correct choice.

## Question 88

An item is sold for Rs 7130 making a $15 \%$ profit. What is the cost price (in Rs) of this item?

A 6000

B 6125

C 6250

D 6200
Answer: D

## Explanation:

Let say, the cost price is $x$ Rs.
So, $1.15 x=7130$.
or, $x=\begin{array}{r}7130 \\ 1.15\end{array}=6200$.
D is correct choice.

## Question 89

$0.02 \%$ of $150 \%$ of 600 is:

A 0.18

B 1.8
c 18

D 0.018
Answer: A

## Explanation:

$0.02 \% \times 150 \% \times 600=0.12 \times 1.5=0.18$.
A is correct choice.

## Question 90

When a number is increased by 40 , it becomes $125 \%$ of itself. What is the number?

A 200
B 60

C 160

D 100
Answer: C

Explanation:
Let say, number is x .
So, $x+40=1.25 x$.
or, $x={ }_{0.25}^{40}=160$.
C is correct choice.

## Question 91

In an exam of 300 marks a student gets 75 marks. If she had scored 6 more marks she would have attained passing percentage. What is the passing percentage?

A 25

B 30
C 35

D 27
Answer: D

Explanation:
According to question, passing marks $=75+6=81$.
So, passing percentage $=\begin{array}{r}81 \\ 300\end{array} \times 100=27 \%$.
D is correct choice.

## Question 92

A man's annual income has increased by Rs 2 laths but the tax on income that he has to pay has reduced from 20\% to $16 \%$. He now pays the same amount of tax as before. What is his increased income (in Rs laths)?

A 8

B 10

C 12

D 6
Answer: B

## Explanation:

Let say, previous income was = x lakhs.
So, According to question,
$x \times 0.20=(x+2) \times 0.16$
or, $0.04 x=0.32$.
or, $x={ }_{0.04}^{0.32}=8$.
So, his increased income $=8+2=10$ lakhs.
$B$ is correct choice.

## Question 93

## A car covers 630 km in 20 hours. Calculate its average speed in meters/second?

A 8.25

B 7.75
C 8.75

D 7.25

## Answer: C

## Explanation:

Average speed $={ }^{630} \stackrel{\mathrm{~km}}{\mathrm{~h}}=\stackrel{630 \times 1000}{60 \times 3600} \mathrm{mec}=8.75 \mathrm{sec}$.
C is correct choice.

## Question 94

A jet ski goes upstream at a speed of $48 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ and comes back the same distance at $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. Find the average speed (in $\mathrm{km} / \mathrm{hr}$ ) for the total journey.

A 64

B 62
C 66
D 60
Answer: D

## Explanation:

Let say, total distance is d km .

> Total distance covered

We know, Average speed = Total time taken in journey .

D is correct choice.

## Question 95

A bullet fired from a rifle travels at an average speed of $2520 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. It hits the target after 0.2 seconds. How far (in m ) is the target from the rifle?

A 70
B 140

C 100

D 200
Answer: B

## Explanation:

Distance of rifle and target is $=\left(\begin{array}{c}2520 \times 1000 \\ 3600\end{array} \times 0.2\right) \mathrm{m}=140 \mathrm{~m}$.
$B$ is correct choice.
Question 96
Train A and B start at the same time. Train A travels at $55 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ from station $X$ to station $Y$ and train $B$ travels at $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ from station Y to station X . They cross each other after 1 hour and 36 minutes. What is the distance (in km) between stations X and Y ?

A 196
B 232

C 240

D 216
Answer: D

## Explanation:

$1 \mathrm{hr} 36 \mathrm{~min}=1.6 \mathrm{hr}$.
So, Distance between X and Y is $=80 \times 1.6+55 \times 1.6=216 \mathrm{~km}$.
D is correct choice.
Question 97
If in 2 years at simple interest the principal increases by $16 \%$, what will be the compound interest earned (in Rs) on Rs $\mathbf{2 5 , 0 0 0}$ in 2 years at the same rate?

A 4000
B 2160
C 2000

D 4160
Answer: D

## Explanation:

Let the rate be $\mathrm{r} \%$ and principle be p .
So, According to question,
$0.16 p=p \times \stackrel{r}{100} \times 2$
or, $r=8 \%$.
So, C.I $=25000(1+0.08)^{2}-25000=4160 R s$.
D is correct choice.

## Question 98

If compound interest received on a certain amount in the $2^{\text {nd }}$ year is Rs 250 . What will be the compound interest (in Rs) for the $3^{\text {rd }}$ year on the same amount at $12 \%$ rate of interest?

A 250
B 300
C 280

D 270
Answer: C

## Explanation:

3rd year it earned $12 \%$ interest, So it will earn $12 \%$ interest on last year's interest.
So, Compound interest is $=250 \times 1.12=280$ Rs.
C is correct choice.

## Question 99

What is the difference (in Rs) between the compound interests on Rs 12,500 for 1 year at $8 \%$ per annum compounded yearly and halfyearly?

A 16

B 25
C 20

D 40
Answer: C

## Explanation:

Annual compound interest $=\left\{12500(1+0.08)^{1}-12500\right\}=1000$ Rs.
Half-yearly compound interest $=\left\{12500\left(1+\frac{0.08}{2}\right)^{1 \times 2}-12500\right\}=1020 R s$.
So, their difference is= $(1020-1000) \mathrm{Rs} .=20 \mathrm{Rs}$.
C is correct choice.

## Question 100

The amount received at $8 \%$ per annum compound interest after 2 yrs is Rs 72,900 . What was the principal (in Rs)?

A 65000
B 67500
C 60000

D 62500

Answer: D

## Explanation:

Let say, amount is $P$.
So,
$P\left(1+{ }_{100}^{8}\right)^{2}=72900$
or, $P={ }_{1.1664}^{72900}=62500$.
D is correct choice.

