1. Direction: What value should come at the place of question mark (?) in the given number series?
4.7, 5.3, 6.5, 8.3, ?
A. 10.2
B. 12.5
C. 16.6
D. 10.7
E. 9.8
2. Direction: What will come in place of the question mark (?) in the following number series?
7, 6, 10, 27, ?, 515
A. 100
B. 104
C. 110
D. 116
E. 124
3. Direction: What should come in place ? in the following number series?
$11,6,7,16,68$, ?
A. 356
B. 552
C. 458
D. 659
E. 125
4. Direction: What should come in the place of question mark(?) in the following series
6, 13, 38, ?, 764, 4585
A. 153
B. 123
C. 172
D. 164
E. None of these
5. Direction: What should come in place of question mark (?) in the following number series?
792167273 ?
A. 1352
B. 1517
C. 1157
D. 1276
E. 1371
6. Direction: Find the missing number in the given series.
11200, 2240, ?, 112, 28, 5.6
A. 640
B. 580
C. 860
D. 450
E. 560
7. Direction: In each question two equations numbered $I$ and II are given. You have to solve both the equations and mark the answer:
I. $x^{2}-9 x+18=0$
II. $\mathrm{y}^{2}-11 \mathrm{y}+18=0$
A. If $x>y$
B. If $\mathrm{X}<\mathrm{y}$
C. If $X=y$ or no relation is obtained
D. If $x \geq y$
E. If $\mathrm{X} \leq \mathrm{y}$
8. Direction: In each of these questions two equations numbered (I) and (II) are given. You have to solve both the equations and give answer:
I. $x^{2}-16 x+63=0$
II. $y^{2}-2 y-35=0$
A. $x>y$
B. $x>=y$
C. $x<y$
D. $x=<y$
E. $x=y$ or no relationship can't be established between $x$ and $y$.
9. Direction: In the following question, there are two equations. Solve the equations and answer accordingly:
$x^{2}+x-42=0$
$y^{2}-13 y+42=0$
A. $x>y$
B. $x<y$
C. $x \geq y$
D. $x \leq y$
E. $x=y$ OR No relation can be established(CND)
10. Direction: In the following question, two equations are given. You have to solve these equations and give the answer:
I. $x^{2}-7 x+6=0$
II. $11 y^{2}-13 y+2=0$
A. $x>y$
B. $x<y$
C. $x \geq y$
D. $x \leq y$
E. $x=y$ or no relation can be established
11. Direction: In the following question, two equations are given. Solve the equations and answer accordingly
I. $2 X+5 Y=31$
II. $7 X+3 Y=36$
A. $X>Y$
B. $X<Y$
C. $X \geq Y$
D. $X \leq Y$
E. $X=Y$ OR No relation can be established(CND)
12. Direction: In the following question two equations are given in variables $X$ and $Y$. You have to solve these equations and determine relation between $X$ and $Y$.
13. $20 x^{2}-81 x+63=0$
$20 y^{2}-y-21=0$
A. $x>y$
B. $y>x$
C. $x \geq y$
D. $y \geq x$
E. $x=y$ or relation cannot be determined

Direction (13-17): Study the table carefully to answer the following questions:
Number (in crores) of pens manufactured by six companies over the years

| Year $\rightarrow$ <br> Company $\downarrow$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{P}$ | 48.2 | 28.3 | 29.4 | 36.6 | 21.8 | 53.0 |
| $\mathbf{Q}$ | 51.6 | 36.5 | 43.5 | 18.1 | 23.5 | 35.7 |
| $\mathbf{R}$ | 32.3 | 47.9 | 25.6 | 38.7 | 50.9 | 42.6 |
| $\mathbf{S}$ | 27.9 | 51.5 | 33.5 | 43.6 | 44.7 | 26.5 |
| $\mathbf{T}$ | 28.3 | 41.5 | 50.8 | 24.1 | 30.4 | 36.2 |
| $\mathbf{U}$ | 45.5 | 26.2 | 44.9 | 40.5 | 38.7 | 41.5 |

13. What is the ratio of the number of pens manufactured by Company R in the year 2009 to that of those manufactured by Company T in the year 2008?
A. $152: 213$
B. $213: 152$
C. $71: 76$
D. $76: 71$
E. None of these
14. What is the approximate per cent increase in the number of pens manufactured by Company P in the year 2009, from the previous year?
A. 143
B. 157
C. 59
D. 122
E. 94
15. What is the average number of pens manufactured by all companies together in the year 2007?
A. 3360000
B. 336000000
C. 3360000000
D. 33600000
E. None of these
16. The number of pens manufactured by Company Q in the year 2005 is approximately what per cent of the total number of pens manufactured by it in all the years together?
A. 24
B. 32
C. 11
D. 29
E. 17
17. How many more pens need to be manufactured by Company $S$ in the year 2009 to make the ratio of the number of pens manufactured by Company S to that of those manufactured by Company U in the year 2009 as 54:83?
A. 80000000
B. 2500000
C. 34000000
D. 5000000
E. None of these
18. In a class 80 students and 5 teachers, each student got sweets that are $15 \%$ of the total number of students and each teacher got sweets, that are $25 \%$ of the total number of students. How many sweets were there?
A. 1050
B. 1040
C. Other than those given as option
D. 1060
E. 1030
19. Two pipes can fill a tank in 18 minutes and 15 minutes. An outlet pipe can empty the tank in 45 minutes. If all the pipes are opened when the tank is empty, then how many minutes will it take to fill the tank?
A. 12
B. 11
C. 13
D. 10
E. 14
20. A shopkeeper marks up the price of his product by $40 \%$. If he increases the discount from $5 \%$ to $10 \%$, the profit will be decreased by Rs. 35. How much profit/loss percentage would he earn if he gives a discount of $30 \%$ on the marked price?
A. Profit of 5\%
B. Profit of $2 \%$
C. Loss of 2\%
D. Neither loss nor profit
E. None of these
21. At a movie theatre, stall tickets are available at Rs. 100 and balcony tickets are available at Rs.150.If the total capacity of the theatre is 3000 seats, including only stall and balcony. The total revenue generated at the theatre when it was housefull is Rs. 400000 . Find the capacity of the stall?
A. 2000
B. 1000
C. 1500
D. 1800
E. 2200
22. The incomes of $A$ and $B$ are in the ratio 5:9; their savings are in the ratio 3:5. What is the ratio of their expenditures, if $B$ saves two-thirds of his income?
A. 7:1
B. $8: 15$
C. 7:20
D. $7: 18$
E. 7:15

Direction (23-27): Study the graph and answer the given questions:
Number of Refrigerators and Washing machines sold by wholesaler over the years

23. What is the ratio of total sale in 2001 and 2005?
A. $23: 37$
B. $43: 57$
C. $49: 52$
D. $33: 58$
E. None of these
24. In which year, was the total sale the second highest?
A. 2002
B. 2006
C. 2005
D. 2001
E. None of these
25. In how many years, was the total sale less than 1000?
A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4
E. None of these
26. Find the difference between the number of washing machines sold in 2003 and the average number of washing machines sold for the given years.
A. 25
B. 33
C. 17
D. 35
E. None of these
27. The average number of refrigerators sold per year is what percent of the number of refrigerators sold in 2001?
A. $85 \%$
B. 70\%
C. $75 \%$
D. $90 \%$
E. None of these
28. 6 rats and 10 mice together take five days to eat up a stock of 50 kg rice. How many days will 10 mice will take to eat 50 kg rice stock if six rats together can eat up a stock of 100 kg rice in 15 days?
A. 17
B. 16
C. 15
D. 14
E. None of these
29. A defective handbag costing Rs. 800 is being sold at a loss of $8 \%$. If the price is further reduced by $5 \%$, find its approximate selling price.
A. 725
B. 600
C. 650
D. 700
E. None of these
30. The ratio of the age of a man and his wife is $4: 3$. After 4 years this ratio will be 9:7. If the time of the marriage, the ratio was 5:3, then how many years ago they were married?
A. 11
B. 18
C. 10
D. 12
E. 14

Direction (31-35) : Refer to the piechart and answer the given questions:
The percentage of items produced by six companies
The number of items produced by company $\mathrm{A}=3960$

31. What is the total number of items produced by company $A, C$, and $F$ ?
A. 15480
B. 12280
C. 14520
D. 16420
E. None of these
32. What is the difference between the number of items produced by company $B$ and $E$ ?
A. 3680
B. 2840
C. 3240
D. 4250
E. None of these
33. $17 \%$ and $25 \%$ items are defective for the company $C$ and $D$ respectively. What is the ratio of the number of defective items for company $C$ and $D$ ?
A. $31: 72$
B. 17 : 90
C. $7: 29$
D. $23: 76$
E. None of these
34. The number of items produced by company $E$ is what percent of the average number of items produced by all given companies?
A. $65 \%$
B. $125 \%$
C. $70 \%$
D. $144 \%$
E. None of these
35. What is the central angle corresponding to the number of items produced by company F ?
A. $79{ }^{\circ} 30^{\prime}$
B. $97^{\circ} 12^{\prime}$
C. $68^{\circ} 36^{\prime}$
D. $84^{\circ} 24^{\prime}$
E. None of these
36. In a business $A, B$ and $C$ invested capital in the ratio 2:3:4 and they received profit in the ratio $4: 3: 2$. What is the ratio of time for which the capital has been invested?
A. $5: 3: 1$
B. $1: 2: 4$
C. $3: 2: 3$
D. $4: 2: 1$
E. None of these
37. Nikhil sold three buffalos for Rs 12000 , 13000 and Rs 31000. On first buffalo he made a profit of $20 \%$ and on second he made $30 \%$ profit. If he made $40 \%$ profit on over all transaction. Find the cost price of third buffalo?
A. Rs 30000
B. Rs 10000
C. Rs 20000
D. Rs 15000
E. Rs 18000
38. Nikhil invested $13 \%$ of his salary in shopping. $9 / 29^{\text {th }}$ of remaining he saves and difference between shopping savings and shopping expenses is Rs 9800. Out of remaining amount some part is spent on loans and house rent. If house rent and loan expenses is 4000 less than all other expenses, then what is the loan amount?
A. Rs 12500
B. Rs12000
C. Rs 18500
D. Rs 8000
E. Rs 16000
39. The ratio of two numbers is $1 \frac{1}{2}: 2 \frac{2}{3}$. If each of the number is increased by 10 the ratio becomes $1 \frac{2}{3}: 2 \frac{\mathbf{1}}{2}$. The bigger number is
A. 46
B. 48
C. 40
D. 32
E. 50
40. A boat moving upstream covers 60 Km in 4 Hours and the speed of the boat is $20 \mathrm{Km} / \mathrm{hr}$ then what is the distance covered by the boat in 4 hours rowing downstream.
A. 120 KM
B. 125 Km
C. 100 Km
D. 140 Km
E. 80 Km

Direction (41 - 45): Study the information carefully and answer the following questions.
A total of 1650 employees are working in a mechanical company in florida, US. The ratio of male employees to female employees is 86: 79. There are total 5 departments in the company i.e. Designing, Quality, Production, Maintenance and HR. Total 198 males work in "Designing department". 18\% employee's works in quality department, in which male to female ratio is 5: 4. In Maintenance department, 77 males are working and the number of females in this department is $5 / 7$ of the number of males. The number of males in quality department is equal to number of females in designing department. The
number of males of Maintenance department is half of the number of males in HR department. Male to female ratio in production department is 14: 19.
41. No. of males in production department is how much more than females in designing department?
A. 99
B. 91
C. 109
D. 105
E. None of these
42. Females in production department is what percent of total number of females in the company (approximate)?
A. $44.7 \%$
B. $45.7 \%$
C. $48.9 \%$
D. $49.2 \%$
E. $38.9 \%$
43. No. of Females in Maintenance department is what percent less than the no. of females in designing department?
A. $33 \frac{1}{3} \%$
B. $66 \frac{2}{3} \%$
C. $61 \frac{1}{3} \%$
D. 70
E. None of these
44. What is the difference between no. of male employees of Designing, Quality and HR department together and no. of females of Designing, Maintenance and production department together.
A. 54
B. 64
C. 35
D. 96
E. None of these (B)
45. If the $5 / 12$ of the females of the quality department are shifted to HR department. Then males in HR department is what times of no. of females in the same department. (round off to 2 decimal places).
A. 1.07
B. 1.17
C. 1.27
D. 1.37
E. 1.32
46. The distance between two stations $A$ and $B$ is 200 km . A train leaves A towards B at an average speed of $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. After an hour, another train leaves B towards A at an average speed of $80 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. The distance of the point where the two trains meet, from $A$ is
A. 100 km
B. 140 km
C. 120 km
D. 180 km
E. None
47. If P can complete a work in 30 days, Q can do the same work in 36 days, If they work together and after 5 days, $P$ leaves the work. Find in how many days Q will do the remaining work ?
A. 22days
B. 28days
C. 25days
D. 36days
E. 34days
48. The price of sugar is increased by $25 \%$ due to which a family buys 1 kg less sugar for Rs. 160 so as to not increase his total expenditure. Find the original price of sugar.
A. $32 \mathrm{Rs} / \mathrm{kg}$
B. $40 \mathrm{Rs} / \mathrm{kg}$
C. $36 \mathrm{Rs} / \mathrm{kg}$
D. $35 \mathrm{Rs} / \mathrm{kg}$
49. Two mixtures $a$ and $b$ have alcohol and water in the ratio of 2:3and 3:4 respectively. If 20 litre of mixture a was mixed with 28 litre of mixture $b$ then find the ratio of alcohol to water in resultant mixture .
A. $5: 7$
B. $7: 5$
C. $4: 5$
D. $16: 11$
E. None of these
50. In how many different ways can the letters of the word 'HAPPY' be arranged?
A. 110
B. 130
C. 60
D. 70
E. 80

Direction (51 - 55): Study the information given below and answer the questions based on it. Eight friends G, H, I, J, K, L, M and N are sitting in a straight line facing north. All of them like different colours, viz Orange, Red, Pink, Green, Brown, Blue, Black and Yellow, but not necessarily in the same order. The one who likes Yellow sits third to the right of M. I is on the immediate left of $M$. The person who likes Pink sits second to the left of I. H sits second to the right of $N$, who likes neither Yellow nor Pink. Only two persons sit between $K$ and the one who likes Red. G and L are immediate neighbours and both of them do not like

Yellow. The person who likes Orange sits second to the right of G. There are two persons between J and the one who likes Red. J does not like Yellow. The one who likes Blue is an immediate neighbour of the one who likes Yellow. The one who likes Brown sits second to the left of G. One of the immediate neighbours of $M$ likes Black. J sits on an extreme end of the line.
51. Who among the following sits at the end of the line?
A. G
B. The one who likes Red
C. The one who likes Yellow
D. M
E. L
52. Which pair is sitting exactly in the middle of the line?
A. $N$ and $G$
B. I and G
C. $M$ and $N$
D. I and M
E. None of these
53. Who sits third to the right of G ?
A. N
B. K
C. H
D. M
E. None of these
54. Which of the following colour does $M$ like?
A. Red
B. Orange
C. Blue
D. Yellow
E. None of these
55. Which of the following combination is true?
A. M-Black
B. N -Red
C. G-Green
D. H-Blue
E. None of these

Direction (56-60): In the question there are given four statements followed by two conclusions numbered 1, 2. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance with commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follows from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.
56. Statement:

Some pins are cloths.
No cloths are shoes.
Some shoes are tie.

All ties are broach.

## Conclusion:

1) Some ties are not cloths.
2) Some pins are not shoes.
A. None is true
B. Only 1 is true
C. Only 2 is true
D. Both 1st and 2nd are true
E. None of these
57. Statement:

Some whatsapp are not hike.
Some hike is not wechat.
All wechat are amazon.
Some amazon are flipkart.

## Conclusion:

1) Some hike is not amazon.
2) All hike can be amazon.
A. None is true
B. Only 1 is true
C. Only 2 is true
D. Both 1st and 2nd are true
E. None of these
58. Statement:

All forts are palaces.
All palaces are house.
Some houses are bungalow.
Some palaces are not cottage.

## Conclusion:

1) Some cottage can be house.
2) All bungalow can be cottage.
A. None of the conclusion is true
B. Only conclusion 1 is true
C. Only conclusion 2 is true
D. Both conclusions 1 and 2 are true
E. None of these
59. Statement:

No $P$ is $Q$.
Some Q are S.
All $P$ are $T$.
Some T are Z.
Conclusion:

1) Some $Z$ are $Q$.
2) All $Z$ are not $Q$ can be a possibility.
A. None is true
B. Only 1 is true
C. Only 2 is true
D. Both 1st and 2nd are true
E. None of these

## 60. Statements:

No field is sugar.
Some sugar is maize.
Some maize is wheat.
Some wheat are fields.

## Conclusions:

1) Some sugar is not wheat.
2) No field is maze.
A. None of the conclusion is true
B. Only conclusion 1 is true
C. Only conclusion 2 is true
D. Both conclusions 1 and 2 are true
E. None of these

Direction (61-65): Study the information given below and answer the questions based on it.
Eight persons are sitting around a circular table named - Ram, Rama, Ramu, Raju, Raja, Ramesh, Rupesh, and Rohit (not necessarily in the same order). They all are facing to the centre and all of them are going to different places Jaipur, Delhi, Gurugram, Noida, Bangalore, Kota, Mumbai, Mathura. Ram is facing towards the southwest direction and he goes to Delhi. Ram is sitting in front of the one who is going to Jaipur. Ramesh is sitting opposite to Rama, who does not go to Gurugram and facing south. Ramu is facing north west direction and likes to go Noida. Rohit is going to Bangalore. Raja, who is going to kota is not facing east direction and he is not sitting between Ram and Ramu. Rupesh is going to Mumbai and is sitting opposite to one who is facing west. Raju is facing north - east direction. The person who sits between the one who likes to go kota and Delhi, is going to Mathura.
61. Who is sitting to the immediate right of Rama?
A. Ramesh
B. Rupesh
C. Rama
D. Raju
E. Raja
62. Which of the following pair is correct?
A. Ramesh is going to Bangalore
B. Rohit is going to Mathura
C. Rama is going to Mathura

## D. Ramesh is not going to Gurugram <br> E. Raja is going to Jaipur

63. Who is sitting between Rupesh and Ramesh and in which direction that person is facing?
A. Ramu, North - West
B. Ram, East C. Rohit, West
D. Rama, South
E. Raju, North -East
64. Who is sitting in the South - West direction?
A. Ramu
B. Ram
C. Rohit
D. Rama
E. Raju
65. Who is sitting opposite to the person who is going to the Gurugram?
A. Ramu
B. Ram
C. Rohit
D. Rama
E. Raju

Direction (66-68): Read the given information carefully and answer the questions given below.
Eight members A, B, C, D, E, F, H and K of a family consisting of three generations. The spouse of $F$ is not the brother of $D$, who is the son of $B$. $F$ and $D$ are not married to each other. $H$ is the only grandson of $A$ and both $A$ and $H$ don't have any sibling. Only a married couple can have a child and every married couple has a child. E and A doesn't belong to the same generation. $C$, who is married, is not the mother of K. A is married to $B$, who is the father-in-law of $F$. $E$, has a nephew, who is not the son of K . E and K are not in the same generation. $D$ and $E$ are not married to each other. $K$ is not the sibling of $B$.
66. How is H related with respect to B ?
A. Grandson
B. Granddaughter
C. Son
D. Son-in-law
E. Daughter-in-law
67. What is the relationship between $F$ and A?
A. $A$ is the father of $F$
B. $F$ is the son of $A$
C. $F$ is a grandson of $A$
D. $F$ is the son-in-law of $A$
E. $A$ is the father-in-law of $F$
68. How is $C$ related with respect to $F$ ?
A. $C$ is sister of $F \quad B$. $C$ is wife of $F$
C. $C$ is the sister-in-law of $F$
D. $C$ is a daughter of $F$
$E$. $C$ is mother of $F$
Direction (69-73): Study the information given below and answer the questions based on it.

## In a certain code language,

 'facing problems with environmental health' is written as 'mlp hlt ngi snt tgt ', 'health problems on rise standard' is written as 'hlt sa rtv mlp rts' 'rise with every environmental challenge' is written as 'snt rtv Ine riy tgt' 'facing challenge each day life' is written as 'ngi riy nop hus pzy''environmental is each long life ' is written as 'tgt pzy wxy hus uqp'.
69. Which may be the possible code for 'problems facing each challenge'?
A. mlp ngi hus riy
B. hlt ngi pzy riy
C. Either option (a) or (b)
D. pzy tgt riy uqp
E. pzy tgt riy snt
70. 'rts uqp nop' can be the code for which of the following sentences in the given language?
A. on day is
B. facing problems with
C. health on rise
D. facing challenge each
E. environmental life long
71. If the code for 'health problems rise standard' is 'hlt mlp rtv rts' then what is the code for 'standard'?
A. mlp
B. uqp
C. rtv
D. snt
E. rts
72. What is the code for 'problems' in the given language?
A. mlp
B. rtv
C. hlt
D. Either (A) or (C)
E. rts
73. What is the code for 'environmental challenge' in the given language?
A. tgt uqp
B. rtv tgt
C. tgt riy D. Either option (A) or (C)
E. None of these

Direction (74-78) : Study the information given below and answer the questions based on it.
There are eight employees A, B, C, D, E, $\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{G}$ and H working in a company visiting an offshore site on the dates 10th or 18th of the following months- February, April, July, and August in a single year. One person visits the site only once a year.
Only three persons visit the site between A and C . B visits the site in the month with more than 30 days. Only 2 persons visit the site between $G$ and E . E visits the site before G . E does not visit the site on 18th of any month. There are two persons who visit the site between $F$ and $H$. $F$ visits the site before $H$ and does not visit in the month with 31 days. A does not visit in a month with 30 days and $B$ does not visit the site before or after H . $C$ visits immediately before $G$ and $B$ visits immediately after A. One person visits between $B$ and $D$.
74. D visits the site in which of the following months?
A. February
B. April
C. July
D. August
E. None of these
75. Who among the following visits the site on the 10th of August?
A. D
B. H
C. A
D. B
E. E
76. How many persons visit between C and A?
A. Four
B. Three
C. Two
D. One
E. None
77. If we arrange all the persons alphabetically from the first date to the last date then the position of how many employees' remains the same?
A. Four
B. Three
C. Two
D. One
E. None
78. If we replace the visiting date of $D$ to that of $G$ and visiting date of $A$ to that of $C$ then how many persons visit between $A$ and $G$ ?
A. Two
B. Three
C. One
D. Four
E. None

Direction (79-78) : Study the information given below carefully and answer the questions that follow.
Six athletes Bolt, Gatlin, Blake, Powell, Carter and Greene are running in a 100 m race. Each of them completed the race in different positions. Blake and Bolt took 9.98 seconds and 9.68 seconds respectively to complete the race. Powell finished the race after only two athletes. Carter is the only person who finished the race before Gatlin and after Blake. Bolt didn't win the race.
79. What is the expected speed of Greene while running in the race?
A. $11 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
B. $8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
C. $6 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
D. $2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
E. $10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
80. Which athlete took expected time of 9.72 sec to complete the race?
A. Bolt
B. Powell
C. Gatlin
D. Carter
E. Greene
81. Which of the following athletes has a speed of $9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$ ?
A. Powell
B. Bolt
C. Carter
D. Gatlin
E. Either Carter or Gatlin

Direction (82-86) : Read the following information carefully and answer the question given below it: There are certain number of boxes kept one above the other. There are 5 boxes between box $P$ and box $R$. Box $T$ is kept immediately above $R$. Box $Z$ is kept somewhere above R. 3 boxes are kept between box $T$ and box $S$. Number of boxes between $P$ and $S$ is same as the number of boxes between T and Q . There are as many boxes kept between V and S as there are between Q and Y .

Box $U$ is kept below box $Q$ but above $P$. Box $W$ is kept somewhere above $X$. There is only one box kept between $U$ and $V$. There are less than 12 boxes kept in the stack. Either Box $R$ or $P$ is kept at the bottom of the stack. Box $Y$ is kept below Q.
82. What is the position of box $W$ in the given arrangement?
A. Third from the bottom
B. Fourth from the top
C. Fifth from top
D. Six from the bottom
E. Fourth from the bottom
83. Which of the following pairs of boxes is kept immediately above and below box S?
A. U and V
B. $P$ and $V$
C. $S$ and $R$
D. $T$ and $W$
E. $R$ and $X$
84. How many boxes are kept between $X$ and $P$ ?
A. 3
B. 5
C. Zero
D. 4
E. 2
85. How many boxes are kept in the stack?
A. 8
B. 12
C. 11
D. 10
E. 9
86. Which of the following statement is/are true?
I. Two boxes between T and Q .
II. S is kept below W .
III. U is kept immediately above P .
A. Only I
B. Only II
C. Only III
D. Both I and II
E. Both II and III

Directions (87 - 89): Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below: A person is standing at point $P$. He starts waking towards his west and walks for 5 m then he take a left turn and walks for 6 m then he takes a left turn and walks for 3 m then he takes a right and walks for 2 m and reached at point R then he takes a left turn and walks for 6 m then he takes a right turn and walks for 5 m and stopped at point Q .
87. If point $T$ is $4 m$ to the west of point $Q$ then how far is point $T$ with respect to point $P$ ?
A. 12 m
B. 10 m
C. 13 m
D. 11 m
E. 9 m
88. In which of the following direction is point $R$ with respect to point $P$ ?
A. North-west
B. South-east
C. South-west
D. South
E. North-east
89. If Point $S$ is $8 m$ to the north of point $R$ then in which of the following direction is point $S$ with respect to point $P$ ?
A. West
B. North-west
C. South-west
D. South
E. East
90. A report by PayScale a research firm, tries to measure the returns on higher education in America. They vary enormously. A graduate in computer science from Stanford can expect to make $\$ 1.7$ million more over 20 years than someone who never went to college, after the cost of that education is taken into account. A degree in humanities and English at Florida International University leaves you $\$ 132,000$ worse off. Arts degree at $12 \%$ of the colleges in the study offered negative returns, $30 \%$ offered worse financial rewards than putting the cash in 20-year Treasury bills.
Which of the following is a conclusion made in the passage?
A. Many American universities offer lousy value formoney.
B. Students study fine arts to enhance theirappreciation of the family Rembrandts.
C. Most 18-year-olds in America go to college to geta good job. D. College is a wise investment E. Everyone is entitled to their own opinion
91. Direction: In the question given below, a statement is given followed by three courses of action. A course of action is taken for improvement, follow up, etc.

Read the statement carefully and give your answer.

## Statement:

There is one doctor for every 17,685 persons in Bihar, Health Minister Mangal Pandey said in the Assembly.

## Courses of Actions:

I. The government of Bihar should take immediate steps to ensure that more doctors are recruited in the state. II. The government of Bihar should roll out incentives so that more students study medicine and graduate as doctors. III. The Health Ministry should increase the number of clinics in all villages.
A. If only course of action I follows
B. If only course of action II follows
C. If both I and II follow
D. If both II and III follow
$E$. If none of them follow
92. Direction: A statement is given followed by three inferences numbered I, II, and III. Consider the statement to be true even if it is at variance with commonly known facts. You have to decide which of the inferences, if any, follow from the given statement.

## Statement:

The Reuters Institute digital news report found that the use of social media - such as Facebook - for news has started to fall for the first time since records began seven years ago.

## Inferences:

I. Fake news, lies, and falsehood spread faster on social media than truth does. II. All this while, most of the people in developed countries such as America and Canada were getting their news from social media.
III. The Reuters Institute digital reports reveal new insights about digital news consumption based on a representative survey of online news consumers.
A. Only I can be inferred
B. Both I and II can be inferred
C. Only III can be inferred
D. Both I and III can be inferred
E. Both II and III can be inferred
93. Direction: In given question below, a statement is followed by some assumptions. An assumption is something supposed or taken in for granted. You have to consider the statement and the following assumptions and then decide which of the assumptions is implicit in the statement.

## Statement:

Wars must be discouraged vehemently even though majority of the victims might have been a nuisance to peace loving people.

## Assumptions:

I. Wars kill majority of wicked people.
II. Innocent people are also killed in wars.
III. Vehement opposition to wars may have some desirable impact.
A. Only assumption II and III are implicit
B. Only assumption III is implicit
C. Only assumption III and either I or

II are implicit
D. All assumptions are implicit
E. None of these
94. Firms have long known that only about half of all desks are in use at any moment, as employees work off hours or disappear to meetings, but it was difficult to fill the spares. Better IT systems now mean that people need not be tied to a particular desk. They need not even be in the office at all, further reducing the need for desks. The conclusion above is properly drawn if which of the following is assumed?
A. Nowadays it's almost frowned on to have your own office
B. Offices are collaborative spaces where people bump into each other and chat usefully
C. Offices are not just places to work but also a way of expressing corporate identity.
D. More people are working from home and from other places
E. Productivity at home is more than working in a corporate environment.

Direction (95-99) : In the following question, some statements are followed by some conclusions. Assuming the given statements to be true, find which of the two conclusions follow the given statements and choose appropriate answer choice.
95. Statement:
$M \geq G, T \geq B, P<R=S, Q=P, G=T, Q>B$ Conclusion:
I. $M \geq B$
II. $\mathrm{T}<\mathrm{P}$
A. Only conclusion I is true
B. Only conclusion II is true
C. Either conclusion I or II is true
D. Neither conclusion I or II is true
E. Both conclusions I and II are true
96. Statements:
$\mathrm{R}>\mathrm{T}, \mathrm{P} \leq \mathrm{Q}=\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{A} \leq \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{T}=\mathrm{G}>\mathrm{S}, \mathrm{P}$
$=S, A>0$

## Conclusions:

I. $\mathrm{P}<\mathrm{A}$
II. $G>Q$
A. If only conclusion I is true
B. If only conclusion II is true
C. If either conclusion I or II is true
D. If neither conclusion I or II is true
E. If both conclusion I and conclusion II is true
97. Statement:
$K=T<M, N>S, P \geq B, M<O=N, S=R>P$, $\mathrm{M}=\mathrm{A}$

## Conclusion:

I. $\mathrm{K}>\mathrm{O}$
II. $\mathrm{O}<\mathrm{R}$
A. If only conclusion I is true
B. If only conclusion II is true
C. If either conclusion I or II is true
D. If neither conclusion I or II is true
E. If both conclusion I and conclusion II is true
98. Direction: Each of the questions below consists of a question and three statements numbered I, II and III given below it. You have to decide whether the data provided in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Read all the three statements and give answer:
There are eight persons I,J,K,L,M,N,O and $P$ are of different height. Who is the $4^{\text {th }}$ shortest person?
I. J is taller than L . K is $2^{\text {nd }}$ tallest person. I is shorter than K.
II. K is taller than L who taller than M. O is $3^{\text {rd }}$ tallest person.
III. N is shorter than J and M is taller than $P$.
A. If the data in Statement I and II are sufficient to answer the question while the data in Statement III is not required to answer the question
B. If the data in Statement I and III are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in Statement II is not required to answer the question
C. If the data in Statement II and III are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in Statement I is not required to answer the question
D. Answer cannot be found even using all the three statements
E. If the data in all the Statement I, II and III together are necessary to answer the question
99. Direction: Each of the questions below consists of a question and three statements numbered I, II and III given below it. You have to decide whether the data provided in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Read all the three statements and give answer:
Six person in a family. Who is the shortest person in this family? I. Abhinav is taller than own father. Abhinav's father is taller than own wife. II. Abhinav's mother shorter than own daughter who shorter than own father.
III. Abhinav's wife is taller than Abhinav but shorter than own brother in law.
A. If the data in Statement I and II are sufficient to answer the question while the data in
Statement III is not required to answer the question
B. If the data in Statement I and III are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in
Statement II is not required to answer the question
C. If the data in Statement II and III are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in
Statement I is not required to answer the question
D. If the data in either Statement I and II together or either statement II and III together is sufficient to answer the question
E. If the data in all the Statement I, II and III together are necessary to answer the question
100. Direction: Each of the questions below consists of a question and three statements numbered I, II and III given below it. You have to decide whether the data provided in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Read all the three statements and give answer:
There are 6 people $P, Q, R, S, T$ and $U$ each lives on a different floor of a 6 storey building having 6 floors numbered 1 to 6 (the ground floor is numbered 1, the floor above it, number 2 and so on and the topmost floor is numbered 6).
Who lives on the 4th floor? I. T does not live on an even numbered floor. Q lives on an even numbered floor. Q does not live on the topmost floor. S lives on an odd numbered floor. There are two floors between the floors on which $S$ and $P$ live.
II. R is live topmost floor. Q is odd number floor. 2 floor between R and Q .
III. T lives on a floor immediately above R's floor. There is only one floor between the floors on which $R$ and $Q$ live, $P$ lives on an even numbered floor.
A. If the data in Statement I and II are sufficient to answer the question while the data in Statement III is not required to answer the question
B. If the data in Statement I and III are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in Statement II is not required to answer the question
C. If the data in Statement II and III are sufficient to answer the question, while the data in Statement I is not required to answer the question
D. If the data in either Statement I alone or Statement II alone or Statement III alone is sufficient to answer the question E. If the data in all the Statement I, II and III together are necessary to answer the question
101. Direction: Read the given passage carefully and answer the questions that follow. Certain words are printed in bold to help you locate them while answering some of these.
Gender neutrality, also known as gender-neutralism or the gender neutrality movement, describes the idea that policies, language, and other social institutions should avoid distinguishing roles according to people's sex or gender, in order to avoid discrimination arising from the impression that there are social roles for which one gender is more suited than another. Proponents of gender neutrality may support public policies designed to eliminate gender distinctions, such as gender-neutral bathrooms, with public restrooms being available without distinguishing the gender of the person using them. It has been observed that gender neutrality in the law has changed the nature of custody disputes, making it more likely that men will be awarded custody of their children in the event of a divorce.

The legal definition of gender has been a controversial topic particularly to transgender people; in some countries in order to be legally defined as a new sex people must first undergo sterilization. An issue related to gender neutrality is the gray areas that exist in gender. Trying to legally define the boundaries of gender has proven a difficult issue with the existence of people who identify or who are identified by others as intersex, third gender, transgender and more generally gender queer or non-binary.
Someone who identifies as gender blind takes the perspective of gender
neutrality in everyday life. Similar to this is pan sexuality, where the person is not necessarily totally gender blind, but in their sexual preference they make no distinction between the genders of their sexual partners.
Gender-neutral language, genderinclusive language, inclusive language or gender neutrality is a form of linguistic prescriptivism that aims to eliminate (or neutralize) reference to gender in terms that describe people. This can involve discouragement of the use of gender-specific job titles, such as policeman/policewoman, fireman, stewardess, and, arguably, chairman, in favour of corresponding gender-neutral terms such as police officer, firefighter, flight attendant and chairperson (or chair). Other gender-specific terms, such as actor and actress, may be replaced by the originally male term (actor used for either gender). The pronouns 'he' or 'she' may be replaced with 'they' when the gender of the person referred to is unknown. Some also advocate for a gender-neutral pronoun to be used even when the sex of a person is known, in an effort to remove the alleged subconscious effects of language in reinforcing gender and gender stereotypes. In addition, those who do not identify as either female or
male may use a gender-neutral pronoun to refer to themselves or have others refer to them.
"Gender-neutral language" should not be confused with "genderless language", which refers to a language that does not have grammatical gender.
Gender neutrality emphasizes the equal treatment of men and women legally with no discrimination whatsoever. This goal is in principle shared with both feminists and masculists. However, in gender neutralism, the emphasis is on transcending the perspective of gender altogether rather than focusing on the rights of specific genders.
Gender neutrality or "gender transcendence" is part of the trans humanist concept of post genderism. Advocates of post genderism argue that the presence of gender roles, social stratification, and cognophysical disparities and differences are generally to the detriment of individuals and society. Given the radical potential for advanced assistive reproductive options, postgenderists believe that sex for reproductive purposes will either become obsolete, or that all postgendered humans will have the ability, if they so choose, to both carry a pregnancy to term and father a child, which, postgenderists believe, would have the effect of eliminating the need for definite genders in such a society. Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Gender_n eutrality
101. Which of the following best describes the term 'gender neutrality'?
A. The idea that advocates for more power to women
B. The idea that advocates separation of social roles and gender
C. The idea that backs the policy separation for men and women on the basis of gender
D. The idea that stands for the rights of both men and women
E. None of the above
102. Which of the following defines the cause of concern of the post-genderists?
A. Gender roles must be reversed. B. The presence of gender creates an imbalance in the society
C. Gender discrepancies are inimical to the society.
D. Gender segmentation stratifies the society, already struggling with multiple stigmas, into yet another division.
E. None of the above
103. Which of the following defines the perks of lingual prescriptivism?
A. It aims to neutralize reference to gender in terms that describe people
B. It involves the encouragement of gender-specific speech to give everyone equal importance.
C. It helps create a language that doesn't have grammatical gender
D. Both $A$ and $B$
E. None of the above
104. Which of the following justifies that defining gender is a controversial issue? A. It has never been talked about overtly.
B. It creates an outlandish situation for the people who don't belong to the two conventional genders.
C. The government doesn't back overt discussions on gender-related issues. D. There is a lack of research data on the non-conventional genders.
E. None of the above
105. 'The advancement in technology helps bridge gaps between the desired and the impossible.' Which of the following justifies the statement in the context of the passage?
A. Advanced researches have shown that the options to switch genders will soon be available free of cost in government hospitals
B. Advanced researches have shown that reproduction will soon become obsolete
C. Advanced researches on reproductive options have identified that soon the post-gendered would be able to bear a child.
D. Advanced researches have shown that the conventional genders will soon stop desiring for a new generation E. None of the above
106. Which of the following is the MOST SIMILAR in meaning to 'dispute'?
A. Squabble
B. Apostle
C. Concordance
D. Causatum
E. Imprint
107. Which of the following is the MOST SIMILAR in meaning to 'perspective'?
A. Dissension
B. Condemnation
C. Prospect
D. Exponent
E. Sympathy
108. Which of the following is the MOST SIMILAR in meaning to 'transcend'?
A. Consonance
B. Initiate
C. Bolster
D. Outstrip
E. Urge
109. Which of the following is the MOST OPPOSITE in meaning to 'reinforce'?
A. Reciprocity
B. Concord
C. Culmination
D. Tout
E. Undermine
110. Which of the following is the MOST OPPOSITE in meaning to 'stratification'?
A. Denouement
B. Outset
C. Unison
D. Cessation
E. Repercussion
111. Directions: A sentence with two blanks is given, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the pair of words that best fits in the blanks.
Brain scans can detect autism long before any $\qquad$ start to emerge, say scientists. The earliest that children tend to be diagnosed at present is at the age of two, although it is often later. The findings could lead to an early test and even therapies that work while the brain is more $\qquad$ .
A. manifestation, menacing
B. symptoms, malleable
C. expositions, perilous
D. arrays, vulnerable
E. None of the above
112. Directions: A sentence with two blanks is given, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the pair of words that best fits in the blanks.
The first $\qquad$ of gravitational waves at the US LIGO laboratories in late 2015 has been described as one of the most important physics breakthroughs in decades. Being able to sense the $\qquad$ warping of spacetime that occurs as a result of cataclysmic events offers a completely new way to study the Universe, one that does not depend on traditional telescope technology.
A. apprehension, moderate
B. cognition, protracted
C. detection, subtle
D. erudition, protracted
E. None of the above
113. Directions: A sentence with two blanks is given, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the pair of words that best fits in the blanks.
The central bank's monetary policy committee has $\qquad$ to sit pat on rates and choose to give $\qquad$ time to "assess how the transitory effects of demonetization on inflation and the output gap play out."
A. chosen, out
B. picked, themselves
C. opted, itself
D. opt, themselves
E. select, it
114. Directions: A sentence with two blanks is given, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the pair of words that best fits in the blanks.
Excise and customs collections are also projected to grow at a sluggish ___, which means the government is $\qquad$ that the impact of demonetization on consumer spending will last longer than expected.
A. rate, answering
B. celerity, renouncing
C. pace, acknowledging
D. hobble, abjuring
E. shuffle, condoning
115. Directions: A sentence with two blanks is given, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the pair of words that best fits in the blanks.
We are always $\qquad$ by the fact that the finance ministry will have limited resources, and won't be able to us more investment. So, for the first time, we have looked at extrabudget resources.
A. driven, gives
B. repressed, gives
C. limited, gave
D. persuaded, give
E. constrained, give
116. Directions: A sentence with two blanks is given, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the pair of words that best fits in the blanks.
The company's economic advisor has rightly identified procurement as a major ___ to ensure that production cost does not crash
$\qquad$ the end of 2016, leading to a contraction in acreage in 2017-18.
A. threat, approaching
B. problems, near
C. key, of
D. point, at
E. challenge, towards
117. Directions: A sentence with two blanks is given, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the pair of words that best fits in the blanks.
Many big businesses realize that by simply listening to and understanding the needs of their disabled customers, a rich new $\qquad$ stream can be opened up. It is not about charity, though. It makes hard business sense to address the needs of this $\qquad$ .
A. revenue, demographic
B. swift, fraternity
C. remolded, confraternity
D. transfigured, assemble
E. None of the above
118. Directions: A sentence with two blanks is given, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the pair of words that best fits in the blanks.
Amazon, $\qquad$ more than any other company, has the ability to create a onestop, one-click shipping portal that would vastly $\qquad$ the process for manufacturers while making it easier for them to track shipments.
A. possibly, obscureB. maybe, mystify
C. frankly, decipher
D. perhaps, simplify
E. Unlikely, elucidate
119. Directions: A sentence with two blanks is given, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the pair of words that best fits in the blanks.
Navigating the $\qquad$ of social media without upsetting an individual takes serious concentration but the internet provides people with a degree of $\qquad$ which goes a long way in facilitating them to speak their minds out.
A. folio, consciousness
B. epoch, apprehension
C. convictions, rapidness
D. nuances, anonymity
E. None of the above
120. Directions: A sentence with two blanks is given, each blank indicating that something has been omitted. Choose the pair of words that best fits in the blanks.
An unquestionable $\qquad$ can be seen in video games where women are sometimes portrayed in games ludicrously and inappropriately dressed for the situation they are in- as if cleavage was a more effective defense than body armor.
A. felony, enticing
B. transgression, tantalizing
C. absurdity, exhibiting
D. malfeasance, enthralling
E. None of the above

Directions (121 - 125): Rearrange the following six sentences (A), (B), (C), (D), (E) and (F) in a proper sequence to form a meaningful paragraph, then answer the questions that follow. A. The city's bowl shape and the fact that its lock gates cannot be opened when the rising water level coincides with high tide causes waterlogging.
B. More worrying is the disappearance of the city's green cover, recent satellite pictures show it has dipped to less than five percent.
C. The civil body over the past few years has taken a series of steps including the construction of new pumping stations, increasing the number of portable pumps and dredging of canals to improve the system.
D. The East Kolkata Wetlands are considered as the city's natural kidneys because they treat the city's sewage naturally.
E. "But there is a limit. There won't be any water logging if it rains at the rate of less than 10 mm per hour. If the rain is more, there would be waterlogging," said Tarak Singh member-mayor-incouncil of Kolkata Municipal Corporation.
F. According to a report from climate central a US-based research organization, Kolkata along with Mumbai are among the top 10 megacities across the world that face a serious threat due to rising sea levels owing to climate change.
121. Which of the following will be the Last sentence after rearrangement?
A. A
B. B
C. C
D. D
E. E
122. Which of the following will be the Fourth sentence after rearrangement?
A. A
B. B
C. C
D. D
E. F
123. Which of the following will be the second sentence after rearrangement?
A. E
B. D
C. C
D. F
E. A
124. Which of the following will be the First sentence after rearrangement?
A. A
B. $F$
C. B
D. C
E. D
125. Which of the following will the Third sentence after rearrangement?
A. A
B. $F$
C. C
D. B
E. E
126. Direction: Read the sentence to find out whether there is an error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. If the given sentence is correct as it is, mark the answer as "No error". Ignore the errors of punctuation if any.
The Christians and Marxists, (1)/ who once critiqued (2)/ capitalism, have found out that (3)/ their ideologies are no less regressive. (4)
A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4
E. No error
127. Direction: Read the sentence to find out whether there is an error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. If the given sentence is correct as it is, mark the answer as "No error". Ignore the errors of punctuation if any.
This three philosophers share (1)/ a methodical, deliberate and an (2)/ almost plodding approach (3)/ on philosophical puzzles. (4)
A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4
E. No error
128. Direction: Read the sentence to find out whether there is an error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. If the given sentence is correct as it is, mark the answer as "No error". Ignore the errors of punctuation if any.
128. In the present era of ubiquitous technology, (1)/ philosophers are beginning to (2)/ ask whether the biological anatomy (3)/ really captures the entirety of whom we are. (4)
A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4
E. No error
129. Direction: Read the sentence to find out whether there is an error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. If the given sentence is correct as it is, mark the answer as "No error". Ignore the errors of punctuation if any.
Besides the headline-making cases of mass shooters, (1)/ their are thousands of instances each year (2)/ in which police authorities try (3)/ to get access to encrypted devices. (4)
A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4
E. No error
130. Direction: Read the sentence to find out whether there is an error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. If the given sentence is correct as it is, mark the answer as "No error". Ignore the errors of punctuation if any.
Without a pen or a pencil, (1)/a great deal of complex reflection (2)/ and analysis would (3)/ never has been possible. (4)
A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4
E. No error
131. Direction: Read the sentence to find out whether there is an error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. If the given sentence is correct as it is, mark the answer as "No
error". Ignore the errors of punctuation if any.
Instead, they were (1)/ unwilling to accept (2)/ which social theory is actually (3)/ valid knowledge in the first place. (4)
A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4
E. No error
132. Direction: Read the sentence to find out whether there is an error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. If the given sentence is correct as it is, mark the answer as "No error". Ignore the errors of punctuation if any.
Liza demonstrated the point (1)/ for great elegance using a (2)/ battered and stuffed robin, (3)/ bought for a shilling from a junk shop. (4)
A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4
E. No error
133. Direction: Read the sentence to find out whether there is an error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. If the given sentence is correct as it is, mark the answer as "No error". Ignore the errors of punctuation if any.
Stromatolites would have appeared somewhat like (1)/ ancient fossilised coral reefs, (2)/ if those reefs have been (3)/ built by microbes rather than coral. (4)
A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4
E. No error
134. Direction: Read the sentence to find out whether there is an error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. If the given sentence is correct as it is, mark the answer as "No error". Ignore the errors of punctuation if any.
Although, the provenance of this particular (1)/ paper had nothing to do with the (2)/ archives, despite a copy of it (3)/ being held in the collection. (4)
A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4
E. No error
135. Direction: Read the sentence to find out whether there is an error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. If the given sentence is correct as it is, mark the answer as "No error". Ignore the errors of punctuation if any.
This aesthetic purism was in (1)/ part determined with the association (2)/ of flash photography with (3)/ newsmen and commercial agencies. (4)
A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4
E. No error
136. Direction: Read the sentence to find out whether there is an error in it. The error, if any, will be in one part of the sentence. If the given sentence is correct as it is, mark the answer as "No error". Ignore the errors of punctuation if any.
Its brevity and literary passion (1)/ has seen it join that small club (2)/ of philosophical texts that the (3)/ general reading public are capable of enjoying. (4)
A. 1
B. 2
C. 3
D. 4
E. No error
137. Direction: In the given question, a part of the sentence is printed in bold. Below the sentence alternatives to the bold part are given at (A), (B), (C) and (D) which may help improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case the given sentence is correct, your answer is (E), i.e., 'No correction required'.
Mark and I managed to straighten down the house before our parents got home.
A. Straighten up
B. Straighten along
C. Straighten across
D. Straighten at
E. No correction required
138. Direction: In the given question, a part of the sentence is printed in bold. Below
the sentence alternatives to the bold part are given at (A), (B), (C) and (D) which may help improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case the given sentence is correct, your answer is (E), i.e., 'No correction required'.
The car was blocked by other vehicles and would required considerably manoeuvring before she could leave.
A. Require considerably
B. Required considerable
C. Require considerable
D. Required considerate
E. No correction required
139. Direction: In the given question, a part of the sentence is printed in bold. Below the sentence alternatives to the bold part are given at (A), (B), (C) and (D) which may help improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case the given sentence is correct, your answer is (E), i.e., 'No correction required'.
To gain this, an extensive propaganda was carried on by secret agents, many of whom were officers.
A. Extensively propaganda
B. Extensible propaganda
C. Extension propaganda
D. Extensively propagandas E. No correction required
140. Direction: In the given question, a part of the sentence is printed in bold. Below the sentence alternatives to the bold part are given at (A), (B), (C) and (D) which may help improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case the given sentence is correct, your answer is (E), i.e., 'No correction required'.
If she have seen the ice on the road, she would have slowed down, and she wouldn't have gotten in an accident.
A. Has seen
B. Had seen
C. Would have seen
D. Would had seen
E. No correction required
141. Direction: In the given question, a part of the sentence is printed in bold. Below the sentence alternatives to the bold part are given at (A), (B), (C) and (D) which may help improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case the given sentence is correct, your answer is (E), i.e., 'No correction required'.
141. His plans to trek through South America fell upon when he got sick.
A. Fell across
B. Fell down
C. Fell along
D. Fell Through
E. No correction required
142. Direction: In the given question, a part of the sentence is printed in bold. Below the sentence alternatives to the bold part are given at (A), (B), (C) and (D) which may help improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case the given sentence is correct, your answer is (E), i.e., 'No correction required'.
142. John Taylor Gatto criticizes public schools because they are compulsory, funded by the government, and normalizing.
A. Government-funded
B. Funding by the government
C. Have been funded by the government
D. Government-funding
E. No correction required
143. Direction: In the given question, a part of the sentence is printed in bold. Below the sentence alternatives to the bold part are given at (A), (B), (C) and (D) which may help improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case the given sentence is correct, your answer is (E), i.e., 'No correction required'.
We were not able to stay overnight at the hotel since we did not reserve a room in advance.
A. Did not reserved
B. Have not reserved
C. Had not reserved
D. Has not reserved
E. No correction required
144. Direction: In the given question, a part of the sentence is printed in bold. Below the sentence alternatives to the bold part are given at (A), (B), (C) and (D) which may help improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case the given sentence is correct, your answer is (E), i.e., 'No correction required'.
I am not paying attention while I was writing the letter, so I made several mistakes.
A. Was not paying attention
B. Am not attentive
C. Were not paying attention
D. Have not been attentive
E. No correction required
145. Direction: In the given question, a part of the sentence is printed in bold. Below the sentence alternatives to the bold part are given at (A), (B), (C) and (D) which may help improve the sentence. Choose the correct alternative. In case the given sentence is correct, your answer is (E), i.e., 'No correction required'.
He failed to recognize the pressing need of reform within the church and the tremendous dangers which threatened the papal monarchy; and he unpardonably neglected the spiritual needs of the time.
A. Unpardonably neglected a spiritual
B. Unpardonable neglecting the spiritual
C. Unpardonable neglecting a spiritual
D. Unpardonably neglecting the spiritual
E. No correction required

Direction (146-150): Read the given passage carefully and answer the questions that follow.
A recent report released by the Housing and Land Rights Network (HRLN) on the Smart Cities Mission poses the question: "Smart for whom?" It also states that in 2017, forced evictions and demolitions
of homes were documented in 32 of the cities participating in the Smart Cities Mission. While many of those evictions were related to the mission, demolishing slums so that cities conform to the aesthetic norms of a "world-class" city, without taking into account the paucity of formal housing that cities offer, has been a long-standing practice. At least six homes are destroyed and 30 people forcibly evicted each hour in India as authorities modernise cities and build highways.
The "smart city" idea is extremely attractive, especially to the middle and upper classes who experience Indian cities as being anything but smart. It is a concept frequently thrown about but lacking a clear definition, though at heart it has emerged mainly as an instrument to make cities more competitive in economic terms. The Smart Cities Mission focuses on smart grids and devices to generate economic growth, create wealth and sizeable demand for rural and agricultural products, thereby enabling the shift from subsistence to commercial agriculture.
The future is becoming dangerous because increasingly, government policies and investors are driving the grand concept of a country awaiting the Big Bang take-off by turning the existing multinodal urban sector into centralised industrial corridors punctuated with lumps of smart macro cities and satellites. This is assumed to be one way of beating a modern identity into shape. By investing the international currency of debt in new urban infrastructure, the government hopes that national income will rise and a smart, supranational identity will emerge to show off to the developed world. It seems difficult for the planners to realise that since the beginning of the last century, despite the spectacular growth of urban populations, the poorest half of the
world has received just $1 \%$ of the total increase in global wealth. Simply complying with investor directives and accelerating urbanisation to zoom ahead seems to be illusory and dangerous because that is the way to debt slavery. Over the last two decades, the state-led production of space, as part of worlding cities, has introduced new structural violence into the lives of poor groups. The three main mechanisms have been adopted to produce spaceinfrastructure and mega-projects, redevelopment, and creating exception regimes for "slums" are applicable to the implementation of the Mission. The state that enacts structural violence through worlding processes is strong in its bid to open up new spaces for capital accumulation that integrate specific economic circuits, classes and groups "globally," while weak in its responsibility to protect and strengthen the life chances and claims of poor groups/spaces, is also one that can be used as a framework to understand how Smart Cities might not translate into inclusion. In fact, it does exactly the opposite. The urban local bodies (ULBs) seem to have been severely compromised by the Smart City Mission. Source:
https://www.epw.in/engage/article/if-smart-cities-exclude-the-vulnerable-who-are-they-smart-for
146. According to the passage, what's so smart about the Smart Cities?
A. It emerged as an instrument to make cities more competitive in economic terms.
B. It uses information and communication technologies to increase operational efficiency, share information with the public and improve both the quality of government services and citizen welfare.
C. It is extremely attractive, especially to the middle and upper classes. D. It directly addresses the opportunities
provided by renewable off-grid production to increase employment and diversification in the rural economy, with a particular focus on India's rural youth. E. None of these.
147. Which of the following statement is true with reference to the report released by the Housing and Land Rights Network (HRLN)?
A. It states that the goal of several cities to become 'slum-free' without including concomitant indicators to assess the realisation of this target could promote evictions and the destruction of lowincome settlements under the guise of creating 'cities without slums.' B. It retorted a question, who are these smart cities meant to benefit? C. It states that the Smart Cities Mission seeks to cover nearly 10 crore population in 100 cities; but it suffers from a lack of consultation, which has resulted in eviction, displacement of the poor and farmers.
D. It pointed to the lack of an integrated approach and focus on marginalised communities in the Smart Cities Mission and called for a more inclusive approach. $E$. It states that at least six homes are destroyed and 30 people forcibly evicted each day in India as authorities modernise cities and build highways.
148. Which of the following statement cannot be deciphered from the third paragraph of the passage?
A. The new Indian urban landscape is being designed around grand concepts such as smart cities and export-oriented industrial corridors.
B. Despite the spectacular growth of urban populations, global wealth inequality has certainly been high and rising.
C. In our desire to be global, we are emulating outdated models of urbanisation and economic progress borrowed from nations that have grown rich through questionable means.
D. Simply complying with outdated models of urbanisation and creditism is a way to debt slavery.
E . The government hopes that foreign debt in new urban infrastructure will help in the rise of national income and an emergence of a smart, supranational identity.
149. How does the smart city proposal actually do little to streamline any policies towards inclusion?
I. By often perpetuating the very issue that they aim to solve.
II. The nature of the state that enacts structural violence through worlding processes is simultaneously "strong" and "weak."
III. By being weak in its responsibility to protect and strengthen the life chances and claims of poor groups/spaces. IV. The urban local bodies (ULBs) have been severely compromised.
A. Both II and III
B. Both III and IV
C. I, III, IV
D. II, III, IV
E. All of these
150. Which of the following statements cannot be inferred from the passage?
I. Infrastructure and mega-projects and revitalisation are the main mechanisms that the Smart Cities Mission claim for its implementation.
II. The state-led production of space bids to open up new spaces for capital accumulation.
III. Urbanisation has introduced new structural violence into the lives of poor groups.
A. Only I
B. Only II
C. Only III
D. Both I and III
E. Both I and II
151. What does the letter 'I' in 'IMPS' stand for?
A. Interstate
B. Immediate
C. Index
D. Interest
E. Ink
152. The 2020 Summer Olympics will be held in $\qquad$ -.
A. Beijing, China
B. Pyeongchang, South Korea
C. Jakarta, Indonesia
D. Tokyo, Japan
E. Gold Coast, Australia
153. Which of the following is the capital of Bahrain?
A. Doha
B. Amsterdam
C. Minsk
D. Sofia
E. Manama
154. Indira Sagar dam is situated on which river ?
A. Tapti
B. Narmada
C. Krishna
D. Kaveri
E. Ganga
155. Mobile Money Identifier (MMID) is a __ digit number of a bank customer, issued by banks for effecting financial transactions through the user's mobile phone.
A. 11
B. 10
C. 9
D. 8
E. 7
156. Udaan is a Special Industry Initiative for Jammu \& Kashmir in the nature of the partnership between the corporates of India and Ministry of Home Affairs and implemented by National Skill Development Corporation. The programme aims to provide $\qquad$ -.
A. Regional Connectivity Scheme via air route
B. Girls Education
C. Nutritional
Food D. Skill enhancement and job opportunity of J\&K youth E. Agriculture Production
157. With an aim to promote cashless transaction among people, India's first Digi Dhan Mela was held in which city?
A. New Delhi
B. Gurugram
C. Bengaluru
D. Lucknow
E. Jaipur
158. What is the minimum and maximum ceiling of bank loan under standup India scheme?
A. Rs. 50 thousand and Rs. 50 lakh
B. Rs. 10 lakh and Rs. 10 crore
C. Rs. 10 lakh and Rs. 100 lakh
D. Rs. 1 lakh and Rs. 10 crore
E. None of these
159. National Science Day is observed on $\qquad$ .
A. $28^{\text {th }}$ January
B. $28^{\text {th }}$ March
C. $28^{\text {th }}$ February
D. $28^{\text {th }}$ December
E. None of these
160. Namdhapa National park is located in which state?
A. Mizoram
B. Arunachal Pradesh
C. Tripura
D. Manipur
E. Kerala
161. The share of State Government in Regional Rural Banks is $\qquad$ -.
A. $35 \%$
B. $15 \%$
C. $50 \%$
D. $25 \%$
E. $20 \%$
162. The 2017 FIFA U-17 World Cup hosted by which country?
A. India
B. France
C. England
D. Brazil
E. Spain
163. Mobile banking app "LIME" has been launched by which of the following banks?
A. SBI
B. HDFC
C. ICICI
D. PNB
E. AXIS
164. India's first International Exchange, 'India INX' has been inaugurated in
$\qquad$
A. Gandhinagar
B. Mumbai
C. Delhi
D. Nagpur
E. Chennai
165. The next Non-Aligned Movement Summit 2019 is scheduled to be held in
$\qquad$ .
A. India
B. Azerbaijan
C. Brazil
D. South Africa
E. None of these
166. The Reserve Bank of India launched portal to check illegal money collection.
A. Surksha portal
B. Gyan portal
C. Jagruk portal
D. Sachet portal
E. None of them
167. Who has won the best actor award in A Leading Role (Male) at 2019 Filmfare Awards?
A. Akshay Kumar
B. Irfan khan
C. Ranbir Kapoor
D. Shahrukh khan
E. Salman Khan
168. In which of the following states, is the $M$ Chinnaswamy Stadium situated?
A. Andhra Pradesh
B. Kerala
C. Karnataka
D. Telangana
E. Madhya Pradesh
169. Which of the following committees was established to look into the illegal mining of manganese and iron ore in Goa?
A. MB Shah Committee
B. Rangarajan Committee
C. Cheliah committee
D. Tarapore Committee
E. Mayaram Committee
170. According to the 2011 Census, which of the following states has the maximum density of population?
A. Bihar
B. Uttar Pradesh
C. Madhya Pradesh
D. Rajasthan
E. Maharashtra
171. Which is India's first Scorpene-class submarine which was recently launched for sea trials?
A. INS S52
B. INS Khanderi
C. INS SSQ
D. INS Kalvari
E. None of these
172. On which day, the World Consumer Rights Day is celebrated?
A. $14^{\text {th }}$ March
B. $2^{\text {nd }}$ March
C. $21^{\text {st }}$ March
D. $15^{\text {th }}$ March
E. $18^{\text {th }}$ march
173. The term 'EMI' stand for $\qquad$ .
A. Equated Money Installment
B. Equated Monthly Installment
C. Equally monthly Installment
D. Equated Monthly Income
E. None of these
174. Sharath Kamal is associated with which sports?
A. Cricket
B. Volleyball
C. Football
D. Table tennis
E. None of these
175. EXIM bank is headquartered in which of the following cities-
A. Mumbai
B. Delhi
C. Chennai
D. Kolkata
E. Ahmedabad
176. Chief Minister of Andhra Pradesh launched a medical scheme for APL families. What is the name of that scheme?
A. Haritha Kalyanam
B. Arogya Raksha C. Kalyanamsurvay
D. Swasthya Raksha
E. None of these
177. The objective of the Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana is to $\qquad$ _.
A. providing housing loan to poor people at cheaper interest rates
B. Promoting women's Self Help Groups in backward areas
C. promoting financial inclusion in the country
D. providing financial help to marginalised communities
178. Vyas Samman is given for excellence in the field of $\qquad$ .
A. Film
B. Literature
C. Dance
D. Music
E. Science and Technology
179. In which state is Chhabra Thermal Power Station located?
A. Odisha
B. Rajasthan
C. Madhya Pradesh
D. West Bengal
E. Gujarat
180. What is the expanded form of 'IFSC', the term frequently used in the banking sector?
A. International Forex System Code
B. Other than those given as options
C. Indian Function System Code
D. Indian Financial System Code
E. International Format System Code
181. What is the age limit for minors to operate a savings account in India?
A. below 6 years
B. above 10 years
C. below 8 years
D. below 9 years
E. None of these
182. Food and Agriculture organisation (FAO) Council approves India's proposal to observe an International Year of Millets in which year?
A. 2021
B. 2022
C. 2023
D. 2024
E. 2019
183. Which of the following companies has signed an agreement with Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs (MoHUA) to enhance its Swachh Bharat e-Learning Portal features?
A. Microsoft India
B. Amazon India
C. Oil and Natural Gas Corp
D. Facebook India
E. Bharat Petroleum Corporation Limited
184. A savings as well as current account should be treated as inoperative /dormant if there are no transactions in the account for over a period of $\qquad$ years.
A. One
B. Two
C. Three
D. Four
E. Five
185. Where is the headquarters of the Federal Bank located?
A. Coimbatore
B. Kochi
C. Chennai
D. Bengaluru
E. Mangalore
186. What is the theme of 106th edition Indian Science Congress-2019?
A. Science and Technology for Indigenous Development in India
B. Science for shaping the future of India
C. Planet Earth
D. Future India - Science and Technology
E. Reaching the unreached through science and technology
187. Tulsidas Borkar passed away recently, he was a renowned $\qquad$
A. writer
B. poet
C. sitar player
D. vocalist
E. harmonium player
188. SMERA Ratings Ltd (SMERA) is a fullservice credit rating agency exclusively set up for which of the objectives /institutions?
A. Small \& Payment Banks
B. Financial Inclusion
C. All Regional Rural \& Commercial bank
D. Micro, Small and Medium

Enterprises
E. Retail Banking
189. The headquarters of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) is located in $\qquad$ -.
A. Geneva
B. Vienna
C. New York
D. Paris
E. None of these
190. What is the name of the India's first indigenous, long-range artillery gun?
A. Lakshya
B. Dhanush
C. Nirbhay
D. Agni
E. Prahar
191. With reference to Capital Adequacy Ratio (CAR), consider the following statements:

1) It is the ratio of banks capital to its risk weighted credit exposure (loans).
2) A bank with lower CAR is considered safe.
3) A bank with higher CAR is considered safe.
Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
A. 1 only
B. 2 only
C. 1 and 2
D. none of the above
E. 1 and 3
192. 'Achanakmar Wildlife Sanctuary' is located in which state?
A. Jharkhand
B. Chhattisgarh
C. Bihar
D. Madhya Pradesh
E. Odisha
193. What is the full form of BBPS?
A. Bharat Bill Payment Secure
B. Bharat Board Payment System
C. Bharat Bill Permanent System
D. Bharat Bill Payment System
E. Bharat Bill Payment Service
194. Who has been appointed the new Prime Minister of Palestine?
A. Rami Hamdallah
B. Ali Mohsen al-Ahmar
C. Mohammed Shtayyeh
D. Saeb Erekat
E. Mahmoud Aloul
195. Who is the author of the recently released book "Undaunted: Saving the Idea of India"?
A. R P Dhokalia
B. Anita Desai
C. Olive Schlieden
D. Ramachandra Guha
E. P Chidambaram
196. In 'USSD' what does 'D' stands for?
A. Device
B. Default
C. Deficit
D. Directory
E. Data
197. Which state government has recently passed a bill to make Sanskrit the second official language of the state?
A. Uttar Pradesh
B. Sikkim
C. Haryana
D. Himachal Pradesh
E. Madhya Pradesh
198. Who is the current Chief Minister of Goa?
A. Pramod Sawant
B. Ramalingam Sudhakar
C. Ashok Bhushan
D. R. Banumathi
E. None of these
199. Tarun, Kishore and Shishu categories are a part of which scheme?
A. Regional Rural Banks (RRBs)
B. Micro Units Development \& Refinance Agency Ltd. (MUDRA).
C. Small Industries Development Bank of India (SIDBI)
D. Industrial Development Bank of India (IDBI)
E. Life Corporation of India (LIC)
200. Ramit Tandon is associated with which sports?
A. Shooting
B. Squash
C. Hockey
D. Wrestling
E. Chess

## Solutions

1. Ans. D.
$4.7+0.6=5.3$
$5.3+1.2=6.5$
$6.5+1.8=8.3$
$8.3+2.4=10.7$
2. Ans. B.

7*1-1 = 6,
$6 * 2-2=10$,
$10 * 3-3=27$
$27 * 4-4=104$,
$104 * 5-5=515$
3. Ans. B.
$11 * 0.5+0.5=6$
6*1+1 = 7
$7 * 2+2=16$
$16 * 4+4=68$
So, next number will be
$68 * 8+8=552$
4. Ans. A.

The given series shows the pattern
$13=6 * 2+1$
$38=13 * 3-1$
? $=38 * 4+1=153$
$764=153 * 5-1$
$4585=764 * 6+1$
5. Ans. E.

This series following this pattern,
$\times 1+2, \times 2+3, \times 3+4, \times 4+5, \times 5+6$
$=273 \times 5+6=1371$
6. Ans. E.
$11200 \div 5=2240$
$2240 \div 4=560$
$560 \div 5=112$
$112 \div 4=28$
$28 \div 5=5.6$
7. Ans. C.

According to the given equations:
I. $x^{2}-9 x+18=0$
$x^{2}-3 x-6 x+18=0=0$
$x(x-3)-6(x-3)=0$
$(x-3)(x-6)=0$
$x=3,6$
II. $y^{2}-11 y+18=0$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& y^{2}-9 y-2 y+18=0 \\
& y(y-9)-2(y-9)=0 \\
& (y-2)(y-9)=0 \\
& y=2,9
\end{aligned}
$$

After comparison of both equations, the conclusion is
$x=y$ or no relation is obtained
So option (c) is the correct answer.
8. Ans. B.
I. $x^{2}-16 x+63=0$
or, $\mathrm{x}^{2}-9 \mathrm{x}-7 \mathrm{x}+63=0$
or, $x(x-9)-7(x-9)=0$
or, $(x-7)(x-9)=0$
$\therefore \mathrm{x}=7,9$
II. $\mathrm{y}^{2}-2 \mathrm{y}-35=0$
or, $\mathrm{y}^{2}-7 \mathrm{y}+5 \mathrm{y}-35=0$
or, $\mathrm{y}(\mathrm{y}-7)+5(\mathrm{y}-7)=0$
or, $(y-7)(y+5)=0$
$\therefore y=7,-5$
Hence, $x \geq y$
9. Ans. D.
$x^{2}+x-42=0$
$x^{2}+7 x-6 x-42=0$
$x(x+7)-6(x+7)=0$
$(x+7)(x-6)=0$
$(x+7)=0$ or $(x-6)=0$
$x=-7$ or $x=6$
$y^{2}-13 y+42=0$
$\mathrm{y}^{2}-7 \mathrm{y}-6 \mathrm{y}+42=0$
$y(y-7)-6(y-7)=0$
$(y-7)(y-6)=0$
$(y-7)=0$ or $(y-6)=0$
$y=7$ or $y=6$
$x \leq y$
10. Ans. C.

From I : $\mathrm{x}^{2}-7 \mathrm{x}+6=0$
$(x-6)(x-1)=0$

Thus, $x=1$ or 6
From II : $11 y^{2}-13 y+2=0$
$(11 y-1)(y-2)=0$
Thus, $y=1$ or $2 / 11$
$x \geq y$
11. Ans. B.

| $(2 X+5 Y=31) \times 3$ |
| :--- |
| $(7 X+3 Y=36) \times 5$ |
| $6 X+15 Y=93$ |
| $35 X+15 Y=180$ |
| $-\quad-\quad-$ |
| $29 X \quad=87$ |

$X=\frac{87}{29}$
X=3
Substituting in $2 \mathrm{X}+5 \mathrm{Y}=31$
$2 \times 3+5 Y=31$
$6+5 Y=31$
$5 Y=31-6$
$5 \mathrm{Y}=25$
$\mathrm{Y}=5$
$X<Y$
12. Ans. C.
$20 x^{2}-81 x+63=0$
$20 x^{2}-60 x-21 x+63=0$
$20 x(x-3)-21(x-3)=0$
$(x-3)(20 x-21)=0$
$x=\frac{21}{20}, 3-----E q .1$
$20 y^{2}-y-21=0$
$20 y^{2}+20 y-21 y-21=0$
$20 y(y+1)-21(y+1)=0$
$(20 y-21)(y+1)=0$
$y=\frac{21}{20},-1----E q .2$
From Eq. 1 and Eq. 2, we get $x \geq y$.
13. Ans. B.

From the table,
Number of pens manufacture by Company R in the year $2009=42.6$ crores
Number of pens manufactured by Company T in the year $2008=30.4$ crores
Ratio of the number of pens manufactured by Company R in the year 2009 to that of those manufactured by Company T in the year $2008=42.6: 30.4=213: 152$
14. Ans. A.

From the table,
Number of pens manufactured by company P
in the year $2008=21.8$ crores
Number of pens manufactured by company P in the year $2009=53.0$ crores
\% increase in the number of pens manufactured by Company P in the year
2009, from the previous
year $=\frac{53-21.8}{21.8} \times 100 \%=143.11 \% \approx 143 \%$
15. Ans. B.

Average = sum of quantities/total number of quantities
From the given table,
Number of pens manufactured in year 2007
by company $\mathrm{P}=36.6$ crores
Number of pens manufactured in year 2007
by company $\mathrm{Q}=18.1$ crores
Number of pens manufactured in year 2007
by company $\mathrm{R}=38.7$ crores
Number of pens manufactured in year 2007
by company $S=43.6$ crores
Number of pens manufactured in year 2007
by company $\mathrm{T}=24.1$ crores
Number of pens manufactured in year 2007
by company $\mathrm{U}=40.5$ crores
Average number of pens manufactured in year 2007 by companies
$36.6+18.1+38.7+43.6+24.1+40.5$
$=\frac{6}{6}$
$=33.6$ crores $=336000000$
16. Ans. E.

Number of pens made by Company Q in $2005=36.5$ crores
Number of pens made by Company Q in all the given years = Sum of number of pens made in each individual year.
$\Rightarrow$ Number of pens made by Company Q in all
the given years $=51.6+36.5+43.5+18.1$ $+23.5+35.7=208.9$ crores
\% of number of pens made by Company Q in 2005 out of the total made by company
$\mathrm{Q}=\frac{36.5}{208.9} \times 100 \%=17.4 \% \approx 17 \%$
17. Ans. D.

Let the number of more pens need to be manufactured by Company $S$ in the year 2009 to make the ratio of the number of pens manufactured by Company $S$ to that of those manufactured by Company $U$ in the year 2009 as 54:83 be 'a'.
Number of pen made by Company $S$ in the year $2009=26.5$ crores
Number of pen made by Company $U$ in the year $2009=41.5$ crores
$\therefore\left(\frac{26.5+a}{41.5}\right)=\frac{54}{83}$
$\Rightarrow 2199.5+83 \mathrm{a}=2241$
$\Rightarrow 83 \mathrm{a}=41.5$
$\Rightarrow \mathrm{a}=0.5$ crores $=5000000$
18. Ans. D.
total sweets
$=80 \times \frac{15}{100} \times 80+5 \times \frac{25}{100} \times 80=1,060$
19. Ans. D.

On opening the three pipes simultaneously,
Part of tank filled in 1 hour $=\frac{1}{18}+\frac{1}{15}-\frac{1}{45}$
$=\frac{5+6-2}{90}=\frac{9}{90}=\frac{1}{10}$
Required Time $=10$ minutes
20. Ans. C.

Let the $C P=100 X$
MP= 140X
Difference between Discount \% is 10-5=5 \% Difference between the discount given=
$(140 X) *(5 / 100)=7 X$
This means, $7 X \equiv 35$
$\rightarrow 100 \mathrm{X} \equiv 500$
Hence the $C P=500$
Then, original MP $=500 \times \frac{140}{100}=700$
After giving 30\%, the selling price=
$700 \times \frac{70}{100}=490$
$\therefore$ there is a loss of $500-490=$ Rs. 10
Loss $\%=\frac{10}{500} \times 100=2 \%$
21. Ans. B.

Let the capacity of the stall be x and the capacity of the balcony be $y$.
Now, $x+y=3000$ $\qquad$
Also, $100 x+150 y=400000$
i.e., $x+1.5 y=4000$ $\qquad$
(ii)-(i) gives
$0.5 y=1000$, i.e., $y=2000$
$\therefore \mathrm{x}=1000$.
Hence, option is b.
22. Ans. E.

The ratio of incomes of $A$ and $B$ are 5:9 Let their incomes be 5x:9x and their savings be $3 y$ :5y
B saving $=9 x * 2 / 3$
=6x
So $6 x=5 y$
$x=5 y / 6$
The ratio of their expenditures
( $5 x-3 y$ ): ( $9 x-5 y$ )
Substituting the value of $x$ in the above
equation we get
$=7 y: 15 y$
=7:15
23. Ans. C.

From the graph,
The no. of refrigerators sold in $2001=600$ The no. of washing machines sold in $2001=$ 380
So, the total sale in $2001=600+380=$ 980
And,
The no. of refrigerators sold in $2005=540$
The no. of washing machines sold in $2005=$ 500
So, the total sale in $2005=540+500=$ 1040
$\therefore$ The required ratio $=980: 1040=49: 52$.
24. Ans. B.

From the graph,

| Year | No. of refrigerators <br> sold (A) | No. of washing <br> machines sold (B) | Total sale <br> $=A+B$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2001 | 600 | 380 | $600+380=980$ |
| 2002 | 580 | 420 | $580+420=1000$ |
| 2003 | 460 | 475 | $460+475=935$ |
| 2004 | 525 | 445 | $525+445=970$ |
| 2005 | 540 | 500 | $540+500=1040$ |
| 2006 | 535 | 480 | $535+480=1015$ |

$\therefore$ We can clearly observe that the total sale was the second highest in 2006.
25. Ans. C.

From the graph,

| Year | No. of refrigerators <br> sold (A) | No. of washing <br> machines sold (B) | Total sale <br> $=A+B$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2001 | 600 | 380 | $600+380=980$ |
| 2002 | 580 | 420 | $580+420=1000$ |
| 2003 | 460 | 475 | $460+475=935$ |
| 2004 | 525 | 445 | $525+445=970$ |
| 2005 | 540 | 500 | $540+500=1040$ |
| 2006 | 535 | 480 | $535+480=1015$ |

$\therefore$ We can clearly say that for 3 years, the total sale was less than 1000.
26. Ans. A.

From the graph,
The no. of washing machines sold in $2003=$ 475
The total no. of washing machines sold in the given years
$=380+420+475+445+500+480=$ 2700
So, the average no. of washing machines
sold in the given years $=2700 / 6=450$.
$\therefore$ The required difference $=475-450=25$.
27. Ans. D.

From the graph,
The no. of refrigerators sold in $2001=600$
The total no. of refrigerators sold in the given years
$=600+580+460+525+540+535=$ 3240
Then, the average no. of refrigerators sold in the given years
= $3240 / 6=540$
$\therefore$ The required percentage $=[(540 / 600) \times$ $100] \%=90 \%$.
28. Ans. C.

Let a Rat takes W days \& a Mouse takes C days to eat up 50 kg rice alone.
6 rats together can eat up a stock of 100 kg rice in = 15 days
So, 6 rats together can eat up a stock of 50 kg rice in $=7.5$ days
Now, Let 10 mice takes ' $x$ ' days to eat up the stock
ATQ
$(6 \mathrm{~W}+10 \mathrm{C}) \times 5=6 \mathrm{~W} \times 7.5 \Rightarrow 10 \mathrm{C}=3 \mathrm{~W}$

So, $6 \mathrm{~W} \times 7.5=10 \mathrm{C} \times x \Rightarrow 20 \mathrm{C} \times 7.5=10 \mathrm{C}$
$x \quad x \Rightarrow x=15$ days
29. Ans. D.

Cost price $=$ Rs. 800
Loss $=8 \%$
Selling price $=800-(800 * 8 / 100)$
= Rs. $800-64$
= Rs. 736
Reduction 5\% = 736 * 5/100
= Rs. 36.80
Reduced Selling Price $=736-36.80$
= Rs. 699.20
Selling price = Rs. $699.20 \approx 700$
30. Ans. D.

Let present ages of man and wife are $4 x$ and $3 x$ years respectively.
$\therefore \frac{4 x+4}{3 x+4}=9 / 7$
$\Rightarrow X=8$ years
Present age of man $=32$ years
Present age of wife $=24$ years
Now, let ' $y$ ' years ago they were married
$\therefore \frac{32-y}{24-y}=\frac{5}{3}$
$\Rightarrow 96-3 y=120-5 y$
$\Rightarrow Y=12$ years
31. Ans. A.

From the pie-chart,
The number of items produced by company A $=3960$
Percentage of items produced by company A $=11$
So, the total no. of items produced by six companies together
$=3960 \times(100 / 11)=36000$
Percentage of items produced by company C $=5$
Percentage of items produced by company F = 27
So, the total no. of items produced by company C and F
$=36000 \times(5+27) \%=36000 \times(32 / 100)$
$=11520$
$\therefore$ The total no. of items produced by company A, C, and F
$=11520+3960=15480$
32. Ans. C.

From the pie-chart,
The no. of items produced by company $\mathrm{A}=$ 3960
Percentage of items produced by company A $=11$
So, the total no. of items produced by six companies together
$=3960 \times(100 / 11)=36000$
Percentage of items produced by company B = 15
Percentage of items produced by company E $=24$
$\therefore$ The required difference $=36000 \times(24-$
$15) \%=36000 \times(9 / 100)=3240$
33. Ans. B.

From the pie-chart,
The no. of items produced by company $\mathrm{A}=$ 3960
Percentage of items produced by company A $=11$
So, the total no. of items produced by six companies together
$=3960 \times(100 / 11)=36000$
Percentage of items produced by company C $=5$
So, the no. of items produced by company C $=36000 \times(5 / 100)=1800$
Percentage of items produced by company D = 18
So, the no. of items produced by company D $=36000 \times(18 / 100)=6480$
$17 \%$ and $25 \%$ items are defective for the company C and D respectively.
Then, the no. of defective items produced by company $\mathrm{C}=1800 \times(17 / 100)=306$
And, the no. of defective items produced by company $\mathrm{D}=6480 \times(25 / 100)=1620$
$\therefore$ The required ratio $=306: 1620=17: 90$. 34. Ans. D.

From the pie-chart,
The no. of items produced by company $\mathrm{A}=$ 3960
Percentage of items produced by company A = 11
So, the total no. of items produced by six companies together
$=3960 \times(100 / 11)=36000$
Then, the average no. of items produced by
all companies $=36000 / 6=6000$
The no. of items produced by company $\mathrm{E}=$ 24
So, the no. of items produced by company E $=36000 \times(24 / 100)=8640$
$\therefore$ The required percentage $=[(8640 / 6000) \times$ $100] \%=144 \%$.
35. Ans. B.

From the pie-chart,
Total pie-chart $=100 \%$
Total central angle of the pie-chart $=360^{\circ}$
Percentage of items produced by company F $=27$
$\therefore$ The central angle corresponds to the no. of items produced by company F
$=\left(360{ }^{\circ} / 100\right) \times 27=97.2^{\circ}$
1 Degree $=60 \mathrm{~min}$
0.1 degree $=6 \mathrm{~min}$
0.2 degree $=12 \mathrm{~min}$
therefore,
$97.2^{\circ}=97^{\circ} 12^{\prime}$.
36. Ans. D.

Let, A's investment $=2 x$
B's investment $=3 \mathrm{x}$
C's investment $=4 \mathrm{x}$
Let, $A^{\prime}$ 's profit $=4 y$
B's profit $=3 y$
C's profit $=2 y$
Let, Time of investment of $A=a$
Time of investment of $B=b$
Time of investment of $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{c}$
According to problem,
$\Rightarrow 2 x \times a=4 y$
$\Rightarrow a=2 y / x$
According to problem,
$\Rightarrow 3 x \times b=3 y$
$\Rightarrow b=y / x$
According to problem,
$\Rightarrow 4 x \times c=2 y$
$\Rightarrow c=y / 2 x$
$\therefore$ ratio of time for which the capital has been invested,
$\Rightarrow a: b: c$
$\Rightarrow(2 y / x):(y / x):(y / 2 x)$
$\Rightarrow 2: 1: 1 / 2$
$\Rightarrow 4: 2: 1$
37. Ans. C.
S.P of Ist buffalo = Rs 12000

Profit $=20 \%$
$\mathrm{C} . \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{S} . \mathrm{P} /(100+\mathrm{P} \%) * 100$
=> $12000 / 120 * 100$
=> Rs 10000
S.P of 2nd buffalo = Rs 13000

Profit = 30\%
C. $P=13000 / 130 * 100$
=> Rs 10000
S.P of 3rd buffalo = Rs 31000
overall profit $=40 \%$
Total S.P $=12000+13000+31000$
=> Rs56000
Total C.P = 56000/140 * 100
=> Rs 40000
C.P of 3rd buffalo $=$ total C.P - [C.P of 1st
buffalo + C.P of 2nd buffalo]
=> 40000-[10000 + 10000]
=> Rs 20000
38. Ans. B.

Let the total salary $=100 x$
Investment on shopping $=13 \%$ of $100 x=$
13x
Remaining amount $=(100 x-13 x)=87 x$
Investment on savings $=(9 / 29) * 87 x=27 x$
Difference of savings and shopping $=9800$
[Given]
$27 x-13 x=9800$
$14 x=9800$
$x=700$
$\therefore$ salary $=100 \mathrm{x}=100 * 700=$ RS 70000
Remaining amount $=100 \mathrm{x}$ - (Investment on
shopping + Investment on savings)
$=100 x-(13 x+27 x)=60 x$
Let the amount spent on house rent and loans $=y$
$\therefore 40 \mathrm{x}-2 \mathrm{y}=4000$
$x=700$
$28000-2 y=4000$
$28000-4000=2 y$
So,
$y=24000 / 2=$ Rs 12000
39. Ans. D.
$\frac{x}{y}=\frac{9}{16}$
$\frac{x+10}{y+10}=\frac{2}{3}$
After solving $y=32, x=18$
40. Ans. C.

Let the speed of the boat is Sb and the speed of water is Sw
So, $\rightarrow$ Upstream Speed $=\mathrm{Sb}-\mathrm{Sw}$
$15 \mathrm{Km} / \mathrm{hr}=20-\mathrm{Sw}$
$\mathrm{Sw}=5 \mathrm{Km} / \mathrm{hr}$
Downstream Speed $=25$
So, distance is $4 \times(20+5)=100 \mathrm{Km}$.
41. Ans. E.

Required difference $=266-165=101$
Males in company $=\frac{86}{19+86} \times 1650=860$
Females in company $=1650-860=790$
Males in designing department $=198$
Employees in quality department
$=\frac{18}{100} \times 1650=297$
Males in quality department
$=\frac{5}{9} \times 297=165$
Females in quality department $=132$
Males in maintenance department $=77$
Females in maintenance department
$=\frac{5}{7} \times 77=55$
Females in designing department $=165$
Males in HR department $=77 \times 2=154$
Males in production department $=860-$
$(198+165+77+154)=266$
Females in production department
$=\frac{19}{14} \times 266=361$
Females in HR department $=790-(132+$
$55+165+361)=77$
42. Ans. B.

Required percentage
$=\frac{361}{790} \times 100 \approx 45.7 \%$
Males in company $=\frac{86}{19+86} \times 1650=860$
Females in company $=1650-860=790$
Males in designing department $=198$
Employees in quality department
$=\frac{18}{100} \times 1650=297$
Males in quality department
$=\frac{5}{9} \times 297=165$
Females in quality department $=132$
Males in maintenance department $=77$

Females in maintenance department
$=\frac{5}{7} \times 77=55$
Females in designing department $=165$
Males in HR department $=77 \times 2=154$
Males in production department $=860-$
$(198+165+77+154)=266$
Females in production department
$=\frac{19}{14} \times 266=361$
Females in HR department $=790-(132+$
$55+165+361)=77$
43. Ans. B.

Required percentage
$=\frac{165-55}{165} \times 100=66 \frac{2}{3} \%$
Males in company $=\frac{86}{19+86} \times 1650=860$
Females in company $=1650-860=790$
Males in designing department $=198$
Employees in quality department
$=\frac{18}{100} \times 1650=297$
Males in quality department
$=\frac{5}{9} \times 297=165$
Females in quality department $=132$
Males in maintenance department $=77$
Females in maintenance department
$=\frac{5}{7} \times 77=55$
Females in designing department $=165$
Males in HR department $=77 \times 2=154$
Males in production department $=860-$
$(198+165+77+154)=266$
Females in production department
$=\frac{19}{14} \times 266=361$
Females in HR department $=790-(132+$
$55+165+361)=77$
44. Ans. B.

No. of males in designing, quality and HR
departments
$=198+165+154=517$
No. of females in Designing, maintenance
and production department
$=361+55+165=581$
Difference $=64$
Males in company $=\frac{86}{19+86} \times 1650=860$

Females in company $=1650-860=790$
Males in designing department $=198$
Employees in quality department
$=\frac{18}{100} \times 1650=297$
Males in quality department
$=\frac{5}{9} \times 297=165$
Females in quality department $=132$
Males in maintenance department $=77$
Females in maintenance department
$=\frac{5}{7} \times 77=55$
Females in designing department $=165$
Males in HR department $=77 \times 2=154$
Males in production department $=860-$
$(198+165+77+154)=266$
Females in production department
$=\frac{19}{14} \times 266=361$
Females in HR department $=790-(132+$
$55+165+361)=77$
45. Ans. B.

Females shifted from quality
Department $\frac{5}{12} \times 132=55$
Females in HR department $=77+55=132$
Makes in HR department $=154$
154
$\overline{132}=1.17$
Males in company $=\frac{86}{19+86} \times 1650=860$
Females in company $=1650-860=790$
Males in designing department $=198$
Employees in quality department
$=\frac{18}{100} \times 1650=297$
Males in quality department
$=\frac{5}{9} \times 297=165$
Females in quality department $=132$
Males in maintenance department $=77$
Females in maintenance department
$=\frac{5}{7} \times 77=55$
Females in designing department $=165$
Males in HR department $=77 \times 2=154$
Males in production department $=860-$
$(198+165+77+154)=266$

Females in production department
$=\frac{19}{14} \times 266=361$
Females in HR department $=790-(132+$
$55+165+361)=77$
46. Ans. C.

Let the distance be $x \mathrm{~km}$.
$x / 60-(200-x) / 80=1$
$(4 x-600+3 x) / 240=1$
$7 x-600=240$
$X=120 \mathrm{~km}$.
47. Ans. C.

Acc to LCM method

P 30

$$
\text { LCM }=180
$$

Q 36

$$
E f f(Q)=5
$$

Therefore, $(5+6) * 5+5 *$ No of days Q works Alone $=$ 180
No of days Q works Alone $=25$
48. Ans. A.
$25 \%=1 / 4$

|  | Original | New |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Price | 4 | 5 |
| cons. | $\underbrace{5}_{\text {diff. } 1 \text { unit }}$ |  |

So, original price $=\frac{160}{5}=32 \mathrm{Rs} . / \mathrm{kg}$.
49. Ans. A.

Required ratio $=\frac{\frac{2}{5} \times 20+\frac{3}{7} \times 28}{\frac{3}{5} \times 20+\frac{4}{7} \times 28}=\frac{20}{28}=\frac{5}{7}$
50. Ans. C.

Happy
Then, are 5 letters.
And number of words formed $=\frac{5!}{2!}$
$=\frac{5 X 4 X 3 X 2 X 1}{2 X 1}=\frac{120}{2}=60$
51. Ans. C.

From the given question,

1. J sits on an extreme end of the line.
2. There are two persons between J and the one who likes Red.
3. The one who likes Yellow sits third to the
right of $M$. $I$ is on the immediate left of $M$. The person who likes Pink sits second to the left of $I$.
4. The one who likes Blue is an immediate neighbour of the one who likes Yellow.
5. H sits second to the right of N , who likes neither Yellow nor Pink.
6. Only two persons sit between K and the one who likes Red.
7. $G$ and $L$ are immediate neighbours and both of them do not like Yellow.
8. The one who likes Brown sits second to the left of G.
9. One of the immediate neighbours of $M$ likes Black.
10. The person who likes Orange sits second to the right of G .

| J | L | G | I | M | N | K | H |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brown | Pink | Green | Red | Orange | Black | Blue | Yellow |

52. Ans. D.

From the given question,

1. J sits on an extreme end of the line.
2. There are two persons between J and the one who likes Red.
3. The one who likes Yellow sits third to the right of $M$. I is on the immediate left of $M$. The person who likes Pink sits second to the left of I.
4. The one who likes Blue is an immediate neighbour of the one who likes Yellow.
5. H sits second to the right of $N$, who likes neither Yellow nor Pink.
6. Only two persons sit between $K$ and the one who likes Red.
7. $G$ and $L$ are immediate neighbours and both of them do not like Yellow.
8. The one who likes Brown sits second to the left of $G$.
9. One of the immediate neighbours of $M$ likes Black.
10. The person who likes Orange sits second to the right of $G$.

| J | L | G | I | M | N | K | H |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brown | Pink | Green | Red | Orange | Black | Blue | Yellow |

53. Ans. A.

From the given question,

1. J sits on an extreme end of the line.
2. There are two persons between J and the
one who likes Red.
3. The one who likes Yellow sits third to the right of $M$. $I$ is on the immediate left of $M$. The person who likes Pink sits second to the left of I.
4. The one who likes Blue is an immediate neighbour of the one who likes Yellow.
5. H sits second to the right of N , who likes neither Yellow nor Pink.
6. Only two persons sit between K and the one who likes Red.
7. G and $L$ are immediate neighbours and both of them do not like Yellow.
8. The one who likes Brown sits second to the left of $G$.
9. One of the immediate neighbours of $M$ likes Black.
10. The person who likes Orange sits second to the right of G .

| J | L | G | I | M | N | K | H |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brown | Pink | Green | Red | Orange | Black | Blue | Yellow |

54. Ans. B.

From the given question,

1. J sits on an extreme end of the line.
2. There are two persons between J and the one who likes Red.
3. The one who likes Yellow sits third to the right of $M$. I is on the immediate left of $M$.
The person who likes Pink sits second to the left of $I$.
4. The one who likes Blue is an immediate neighbour of the one who likes Yellow.
5. H sits second to the right of N , who likes neither Yellow nor Pink.
6. Only two persons sit between K and the one who likes Red.
7. $G$ and $L$ are immediate neighbours and both of them do not like Yellow.
8. The one who likes Brown sits second to the left of $G$.
9. One of the immediate neighbours of $M$ likes Black.
10. The person who likes Orange sits second to the right of G .

| J | L | G | I | M | N | K | H |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brown | Pink | Green | Red | Orange | Black | Blue | Yellow |

55. Ans. C.

From the given question,

1. J sits on an extreme end of the line.
2. There are two persons between J and the one who likes Red.
3. The one who likes Yellow sits third to the right of $M$. I is on the immediate left of $M$.
The person who likes Pink sits second to the left of I.
4. The one who likes Blue is an immediate neighbour of the one who likes Yellow.
5. H sits second to the right of N , who likes neither Yellow nor Pink.
6. Only two persons sit between K and the one who likes Red.
7. $G$ and $L$ are immediate neighbours and both of them do not like Yellow.
8. The one who likes Brown sits second to the left of G.
9. One of the immediate neighbours of $M$ likes Black.
10. The person who likes Orange sits second to the right of G .

| J | L | G | I | M | N | K | H |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brown | Pink | Green | Red | Orange | Black | Blue | Yellow |

56. Ans. D.

The least possible Venn diagram for the given statements is as follows:-


Conclusions:

1) Some ties are not cloths. (It is sure, hence true)
2) Some pins are not shoes. (It is sure, hence true)
Hence, only conclusion both is true.
57. Ans. C.

The least possible Venn diagram for the given statements is as follows:-


Conclusions:

1) Some hike is not amazon. (False)
2) All hike can be amazon (It is a positive
possibility, hence true)
Hence, only conclusion 2 is true.
58. Ans. D.

The least possible Venn diagram for the given statements is as follows:-


Conclusions:

1) Some cottage can be house. (It is a positive possibility, hence true)
2) All bungalow can be cottage (It is a positive possibility, hence true) Hence, only conclusion 1 and 2 are true. 59. Ans. C.

The least possible Venn diagram for the given statements is as follows:-


## Conclusions:

1) Some $Z$ are $Q$. (it is not sure, hence false)
2) All $Z$ are not $Q$ can be a possibility. (it can be possible hence true)
Hence, only conclusion 2 is true.
60. Ans. A.

The least possible Venn diagram for the given statements is as follows:-


Conclusions:

1) Some sugar is not wheat. (It is not sure, hence false)
2) No field is maze. (It is not sure, hence false)
Hence, No conclusion is true.
61. Ans. E.

In the given question we can see that direction sense is also necessary so first of all we have to make a direction sense diagram:


1) Ram is facing to the southwest direction and he goes to Delhi.
2) Ram is sitting in front of the one who is going to Jaipur.
3) Ramesh is sitting opposite to Rama, who does not go to Gurugram and facing south.
4) Ramu is facing north - west direction and likes to go Noida. Rohit is going to Bangalore.

5) Raja, who is going to kota is not facing east direction and he is not sitting between Ram and Ramu.
6) Rupesh is going to Mumbai and is sitting opposite to one who is facing west.
7) Raju is facing north - east direction.
8) The person who sits between the one who likes to go kota and Delhi, is going to Mathura.

62. Ans. C.

In the given question we can see that direction sense is also necessary so first of all we have to make a direction sense diagram:


1) Ram is facing to the southwest direction and he goes to Delhi.
2) Ram is sitting in front of the one who is going to Jaipur.
3) Ramesh is sitting opposite to Rama, who does not go to Gurugram and facing south.
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6) Rupesh is going to Mumbai and is sitting opposite to one who is facing west.
7) Raju is facing north - east direction.
8) The person who sits between the one who likes to go kota and Delhi, is going to Mathura.

63. Ans. E.

In the given question we can see that direction sense is also necessary so first of all
we have to make a direction sense diagram:


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7) Raju is facing north - east direction.
8) The person who sits between the one who likes to go kota and Delhi, is going to Mathura.

64. Ans. E.

In the given question we can see that direction sense is also necessary so first of all we have to make a direction sense diagram:


1) Ram is facing to the southwest direction and he goes to Delhi.
2) Ram is sitting in front of the one who is going to Jaipur.
3) Ramesh is sitting opposite to Rama, who does not go to Gurugram and facing south.
4) Ramu is facing north - west direction and likes to go Noida. Rohit is going to Bangalore.

5) Raja, who is going to kota is not facing east direction and he is not sitting between Ram and Ramu.
6) Rupesh is going to Mumbai and is sitting opposite to one who is facing west.
7) Raju is facing north - east direction.
8) The person who sits between the one who likes to go kota and Delhi, is going to Mathura.

65. Ans. D.

In the given question we can see that direction sense is also necessary so first of all we have to make a direction sense diagram:


1) Ram is facing to the southwest direction and he goes to Delhi.
2) Ram is sitting in front of the one who is going to Jaipur.
3) Ramesh is sitting opposite to Rama, who does not go to Gurugram and facing south.
4) Ramu is facing north - west direction and likes to go Noida. Rohit is going to Bangalore.

5) Raja, who is going to kota is not facing east direction and he is not sitting between Ram and Ramu.
6) Rupesh is going to Mumbai and is sitting opposite to one who is facing west.
7) Raju is facing north - east direction.
8) The person who sits between the one who likes to go kota and Delhi, is going to Mathura.



As per the given diagram, it is clear that $\mathbf{H}$ is a grandson of $B$.
67. Ans. D.


As per the diagram, it is clear that $\mathbf{F}$ is the son-in-law of $A$.
68. Ans. C.


As per the given diagram, C is the sister-inlaw of $F$ 69. Ans. C.


Code for 'each' is either 'hus' or 'pzy'
Code for 'problems' is either 'hlt' or 'mlp'
Code for 'facing' is 'ngi'
Code for 'challenge' is 'riy'
Hence possible code for 'problems facing each challenge' is either 'mlp ngi hus riy' or 'hlt ngi pzy riy'.
70. Ans. A.

Code for 'rts' is either 'on' or 'standard' Code for 'uqp' is either 'is' or 'long' Code for 'nop' is 'day'
Hence possible code for 'rts uqp nop' is either 'on day is' or 'standard long day' but here only one option is available 'on day is' so it is the answer.
71. Ans. E.

Code for 'health' is either 'mlp' or 'hlt'
Code for 'problems' is either 'mlp' or 'hlt'
Code for 'rise' is 'rtv'
Code for standard is either 'sa' or 'rts'
But code for 'health problems rise standard'
is 'hlt mlp rtv rts' above given so we can
assure that 'standard' code is for 'rts'
Hence possible code for 'standard' is 'rts'.
72. Ans. D.

Code for 'problems' is either 'mlp' or 'hlt'.
73. Ans. C.

Code for 'environmental challenge' is 'tgt riy'.
74. Ans. C.

Order of clues to be used:

1) Only three persons visit the site between $A$ and $C$.
2) $C$ visits immediately before $G$ and $B$ visits immediately after A.
2 cases:
Case 1: A B _ _ C G or
Case 2: C G__AB
But case 1 will be eliminated: 3) B visits the site in the month with more than 30 days.
Next, we have:
3) Only 2 persons visit the site between $G$ and E .
4) E visits the site before $G$.

Case 2: E_C G _ A B
Next, we have:
6) E does not visit the site on 18th of any month.
7) There are two persons who visit the site between $F$ and $H$.
8) F visits the site before H and does not visit in the month with 31 days.
9) A does not visit in a month with 30 days and $B$ does not visit the site before or after H .
10) One person visits between $B$ and $D$. This is our final case which follows all the
conditions.
10 FEB--E
18 FEB--F
10 APR--C
18 APR--G
10 JUL--H
18 JUL--D
10 AUG--A
18 AUG-B
75. Ans. C.

## Order of clues to be used:

1) Only three persons visit the site between A and C.
2) $C$ visits immediately before $G$ and $B$ visits immediately after A.
2 cases:
Case 1: A B _ _ C G or
Case 2: C G__AB
But case 1 will be eliminated: 3) B visits the site in the month with more than 30 days. Next, we have:
3) Only 2 persons visit the site between $G$ and E .
4) $E$ visits the site before $G$.

Case 2: E_C G _ A B
Next, we have:
6) E does not visit the site on 18th of any month.
7) There are two persons who visit the site between F and H .
8) F visits the site before H and does not visit in the month with 31 days.
9) A does not visit in a month with 30 days and $B$ does not visit the site before or after H.
10) One person visits between $B$ and $D$.

This is our final case which follows all the conditions.
10 FEB--E
18 FEB--F
10 APR--C
18 APR--G
10 JUL--H
18 JUL--D
10 AUG--A
18 AUG-B
76. Ans. B.

Order of clues to be used:

1) Only three persons visit the site between

A and C.
2) $C$ visits immediately before $G$ and $B$ visits immediately after A.
2 cases:
Case 1: A B _ C G or
Case 2: C G __AB
But case 1 will be eliminated: 3) B visits the site in the month with more than 30 days. Next, we have:
4) Only 2 persons visit the site between $G$ and E .
5) E visits the site before $G$.

Case 2: E_C G _ _ A B
Next, we have:
6) E does not visit the site on 18th of any month.
7) There are two persons who visit the site between $F$ and $H$.
8) $F$ visits the site before $H$ and does not visit in the month with 31 days.
9) A does not visit in a month with 30 days and $B$ does not visit the site before or after H.
10) One person visits between $B$ and $D$.

This is our final case which follows all the conditions.
10 FEB--E
18 FEB--F
10 APR--C
18 APR--G
10 JUL--H
18 JUL--D
10 AUG--A
18 AUG-B
77. Ans. D.

## Order of clues to be used:

1) Only three persons visit the site between $A$ and $C$.
2) $C$ visits immediately before $G$ and $B$ visits immediately after $A$.
2 cases:
Case 1: A B__C G or
Case 2: C G _ A B
But case 1 will be eliminated: 3) B visits the site in the month with more than 30 days. Next, we have:
3) Only 2 persons visit the site between G and E .
4) E visits the site before G.

Case 2: E _ C G _ _ A B
Next, we have:
6) E does not visit the site on 18th of any month.
7) There are two persons who visit the site between $F$ and $H$.
8) F visits the site before H and does not visit in the month with 31 days.
9) A does not visit in a month with 30 days and $B$ does not visit the site before or after H.
10) One person visits between $B$ and $D$.

This is our final case which follows all the conditions.
10 FEB--E
18 FEB--F
10 APR--C
18 APR--G
10 JUL--H
18 JUL--D
10 AUG--A
18 AUG-B
78. Ans. A.

Order of clues to be used:

1) Only three persons visit the site between $A$ and $C$.
2) $C$ visits immediately before $G$ and $B$ visits immediately after A.
2 cases:
Case 1: A B _ _ C G or
Case 2: C G__A B
But case 1 will be eliminated: 3) B visits the site in the month with more than 30 days.
Next, we have:
3) Only 2 persons visit the site between G and $E$.
4) $E$ visits the site before $G$.

Case 2: E _ C G _ _ A B
Next, we have:
6) E does not visit the site on 18th of any month.
7) There are two persons who visit the site between $F$ and $H$.
8) F visits the site before H and does not visit in the month with 31 days.
9) A does not visit in a month with 30 days and $B$ does not visit the site before or after H.
10) One person visits between $B$ and $D$.

This is our final case which follows all the conditions.
10 FEB--E
18 FEB--F
10 APR--C
18 APR--G
10 JUL--H
18 JUL--D
10 AUG--A
79. Ans. A.

As per the question,
Greene > Bolt ( 9.68 sec ) > Powell > Blake ( 9.98 sec ) > Carter > Gatlin
Speed of Greene is greater than Bolt so 100/9.68 i.e $10.33 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$
Hence, $11 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$ is the answer.
80. Ans. B.

As per the question,
Greene > Bolt ( 9.68 sec ) > Powell > Blake
(9.98 sec) > Carter > Gatlin
81. Ans. E.

As per the question,
Greene > Bolt ( 9.68 sec ) > Powell > Blake (9.98 sec) > Carter > Gatlin

Speed of Blake $=100 / 9.98=10.02 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{sec}$ So Either Carter or Gatlin has the speed of 9 $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{sec}$.
82. Ans. D.

Boxes: P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W and X

1) There are 5 boxes between box $P$ and box R.
2) Box $T$ is kept immediately above R.

| Case-1 | Case-2 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | T |
| P | R |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| T |  |
| $R$ | P |

3) 3 boxes are kept between box $T$ and box S.

| Case-1.1 | Case-1.2 | Case-2.1 | Case-2.2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | T | S |
| P | P | R |  |
| S |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | S | T |
|  |  |  | R |
| T | T |  |  |
| R | R | P |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | S |  |  |
|  |  |  | P |

4) The number of boxes between $P$ and $S$ is same as the number of boxes between $T$ and Q.
5) There are less than 13 boxes kept in the stack.

| Case-1.1 | Case-2.1 (A) | Case -2.1 (B) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Q |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | T | T |
| P | R | R |
| S |  |  |
|  |  | Q |
|  | S | S |
| Q |  |  |
| T |  |  |
| R | P |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

(Here case - 2.2 gets eliminated as here we get more than 13 boxes)
(Similarly, case 1.2 gets eliminated as here we get 13 boxes, but we want less than 13 boxes)
6) Box $U$ is kept below box $Q$ but above $P$.
(here case - 1.1 will gets eliminated)
7) There is only one box kept between $U$ and V.
(Here case 2.1 (B) will gets eliminated)

8) Box $W$ is kept somewhere above $X$.
9) There are as many boxes kept between V and $S$ as there are between $Q$ and $Y$
(as there is no box kept between V and S therefore there will not be any box between $Q$ and $Y$ )
10) Box $Z$ is kept somewhere above $R$.
11) Box $Y$ is kept below $Q$.


Hence, box $W$ is sixth from the bottom in the given arrangement.
83. Ans. A.

Boxes: P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W and X

1) There are 5 boxes between box $P \&$ box $R$.
2) Box $T$ is kept immediately above $R$.

| Case-1 | Case-2 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $T$ |
| $P$ | $R$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| $T$ |  |
| $R$ | $P$ |

3) 3 boxes are kept between box $T$ and box S.

| Case-1.1 | Case-1.2 | Case-2.1 | Case-2.2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | T | S |
| P | P | R |  |
| S |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | S | T |
|  |  |  | R |
| T | T |  |  |
| R | R | P |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | S |  |  |
|  |  |  | P |

4) The number of boxes between $P$ and $S$ is same as the number of boxes between $T$ and Q.
5) There are less than 13 boxes kept in the stack.

| Case-1.1 | Case-2.1 (A) | Case-2.1 (B) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Q |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | T | T |
| P | R | R |
| S |  | Q |
|  |  | S |
|  | S |  |
| Q |  |  |
| T |  |  |
| R | P |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

(Here case - 2.2 gets eliminated as here we get more than 13 boxes)
(Similarly, case 1.2 gets eliminated as here we get 13 boxes, but we want less than 13 boxes)
6) Box $U$ is kept below box $Q$ but above $P$. (here case - 1.1 will gets eliminated)
7) There is only one box kept between $U$ and V.
(Here case 2.1 (B) will gets eliminated)

8) Box $W$ is kept somewhere above $X$.
9) There are as many boxes kept between $V$ and $S$ as there are between $Q$ and $Y$
(as there is no box kept between V and S therefore there will not be any box between $Q$ and $Y$ )
10) Box $Z$ is kept somewhere above $R$.
11) Box $Y$ is kept below $Q$.

| $\mathbf{Q}$ |
| :--- |
| $\mathbf{Y}$ |
| $\mathbf{Z}$ |
| T |
| $R$ |
| W |
| $\mathrm{U} / \mathrm{V}$ |
| S |
| $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{U}$ |
| X |
| P |

Hence, U and V are kept immediately above and below box Q .
84. Ans. C.

Boxes: P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W and X

1) There are 5 boxes between box $P$ and box $R$.
2) Box T is kept immediately above R.

| Case-1 | Case-2 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $T$ |
| $P$ | $R$ |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| $T$ |  |
| $R$ | $P$ |

3) 3 boxes are kept between box $T$ and box S.

| Case-1.1 | Case-1.2 | Case-2.1 | Case-2.2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | T | S |
| P | P | R |  |
| S |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | S | T |
|  |  |  | R |
| T | T |  |  |
| R | R | P |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | S |  |  |
|  |  |  | $P$ |

4) The number of boxes between $P$ and $S$ is same as the number of boxes between $T$ and Q.
5) There are less than 13 boxes kept in the stack.

| Case-1.1 | Case-2.1 (A) | Case-2.1 (B) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Q |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | T | T |
| P | R | R |
| S |  |  |
|  |  | Q |
|  | S | S |
| Q |  |  |
| T |  |  |
| R | P |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

(Here case - 2.2 gets eliminated as here we get more than 13 boxes)
(Similarly, case 1.2 gets eliminated as here we get 13 boxes, but we want less than 13 boxes)
6) Box $U$ is kept below box $Q$ but above $P$. (here case - 1.1 will gets eliminated)
7) There is only one box kept between $U$ and V.
(Here case 2.1 (B) will gets eliminated)

8) Box $W$ is kept somewhere above $X$.
9) There are as many boxes kept between $V$ and S as there are between Q and Y
(as there is no box kept between V and S therefore there will not be any box between $Q$ and $Y$ )
10) Box $Z$ is kept somewhere above $R$.
11) Box $Y$ is kept below $Q$.


Box $X$ is kept immediately above P. Hence there is no box between $X$ and $P$.
85. Ans. C.

Boxes: P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W and X

1) There are 5 boxes between box $P$ and box $R$.
2) Box $T$ is kept immediately above $R$.

| Case-1 | Case-2 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | T |
| P | R |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| T |  |
| R | P |

3) 3 boxes are kept between box $T$ and box S.

| Case-1.1 | Case-1.2 | Case-2.1 | Case-2.2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | T | S |
| P | P | R |  |
| S |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | S | T |
|  |  |  | R |
| T | T |  |  |
| R | R | P |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | S |  |  |
|  |  |  | $P$ |

4) The number of boxes between $P$ and $S$ is same as the number of boxes between $T$ and Q.
5) There are less than 13 boxes kept in the stack.

| Case-1.1 | Case-2.1 (A) | Case-2.1 (B) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Q |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | T |
|  | T | R |
| P | R |  |
| S |  | Q |
|  |  | S |
|  | S |  |
| Q |  | P |
| T |  |  |
| R | P |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

(Here case - 2.2 gets eliminated as there will be more than 13 box.)
(Similarly, Case 1.2 gets eliminated as there
will be 13 box not less than 13 box.)
6) Box $U$ is kept below box $Q$ but above $P$. (here case - 1.1 will gets eliminated)
7) There is only one box kept between $U$ and V.
(Here case 2.1 (B) will gets eliminated)

8) Box $W$ is kept somewhere above $X$.
9) As many boxes kept between $V$ and $S$ as many between $Q$ and $Y$.
(as there is no box kept between V and S therefore there will not be any box between $Q$ and $Y$.)
10) Box $Z$ is kept somewhere Above R.
11) Box $Y$ is kept below $Q$.


There are 11 box in the stack.
86. Ans. D.

Boxes: P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W and X

1) There are 5 boxes between box $P$ and box
R.
2) Box $T$ is kept immediately above $R$.

| Case-1 | Case-2 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | T |
| P | R |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| T |  |
| $R$ | $P$ |

3) 3 boxes are kept between box $T$ and box S.

| Case-1.1 | Case-1.2 | Case-2.1 | Case - 2.2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | T | S |
| P | P | R |  |
| S |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | S | T |
|  |  |  | R |
| T | T |  |  |
| R | R | P |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | S |  |  |
|  |  |  | P |

4) The number of boxes between $P$ and $S$ is same as the number of boxes between $T$ and Q.
5) There are less than 13 boxes kept in the stack.

| Case-1.1 | Case-2.1 (A) | Case-2.1 (B) |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Q |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  | T | T |
| P | R | R |
| S |  |  |
|  |  | Q |
|  | S | S |
| Q |  |  |
| T |  | P |
| R | P |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

(Here case - 2.2 gets eliminated as there will
be more than 13 box.)
(Similarly, Case 1.2 gets eliminated as there will be 13 box not less than 13 box.)
6) Box $U$ is kept below box $Q$ but above $P$. (here case - 1.1 will gets eliminated)
7) There is only one box kept between $U$ and V.
(Here case 2.1 ( $B$ ) will gets eliminated)

8) Box $W$ is kept somewhere above $X$.
9) As many boxes kept between $V$ and $S$ as many between Q and Y .
(as there is no box kept between V and S therefore there will not be any box between $Q$ and $Y$.)
10) Box $Z$ is kept somewhere Above $R$.
11) Box $Y$ is kept below $Q$.

| $\mathbf{Q}$ |
| :--- |
| $\mathbf{Y}$ |
| $\mathbf{Z}$ |
| $T$ |
| $R$ |
| $W$ |
| $U / V$ |
| $S$ |
| $V / U$ |
| $X$ |
| $P$ |

I. Two boxes between T and Q. $\Rightarrow$ True
II. S is kept below W. $\Rightarrow$ True
III. U is kept immediately above P . $\Rightarrow$ False Hence both I and II is true.
87. Ans. C.
$6 m+2 m+5 m=13 m$
Hence, option C.

88. Ans. C.

Point $R$ is south-west of point $P$. Hence, option C.

89. Ans. A.

Point $S$ is west of point $P$.
Hence, option $A$.

90. Ans. A.
(A) is a conclusion. (D) goes against the grain of the passage. (B) applies only to rich students. But (C) is the assumption that underlines the logical reasoning in the passage.
91. Ans. A.

Only course of action I follows. Because the ratio of $1: 17,68$ is so screwed up that immediate steps should be taken to recruit more doctors. Courses of action II and III do not follow. Rolling out incentives to those students who take up medicine would be highly unfair and increasing the number of clinics makes no sense if there are no doctors available. Therefore, option A is the correct answer.
92. Ans. C.

Only III can be inferred. The very name Reuters Institute digital news reports - and the fact that they published a report on the use of social media for news suggests that their reports reveal various insights about digital news consumption. Inferences I and II cannot be deduced because both of them contain a lot of extraneous information that cannot be deduced from what is given. Therefore, option C is the correct answer. 93. Ans. D.

The statement mentions that 'majority of victims might have been nuisance to peace loving people. This implies that majority of the victims are wicked people though some victims are innocent people too. So, both I and II are implicit. Further the statement advocates vehement opposition of wars. So III is implicit.
94. Ans. D.

We have to focus our attention on the conclusion at hand and on larger issues "They need not even be in the not to better IT systems, office at all why?
Because due people can work from elsewhere, as given in (D).
95. Ans. A.
$\mathrm{M} \geq \mathrm{G}=\mathrm{T} \geq \mathrm{B}<\mathrm{Q}=\mathrm{P}<\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{S}$
From I, $M \geq B$, clearly I is true.

From II, T<P, we can't compare T and P so II is not true.
Hence, only I is true.
96. Ans. A.
$\mathrm{R}>\mathrm{T}=\mathrm{G}>\mathrm{S}=\mathrm{P} \leq \mathrm{Q}=\mathrm{O}<\mathrm{A} \leq \mathrm{B}$
From I, $\mathrm{P}<\mathrm{A}$, clearly I is true.
From II, G > Q, we can't compare G and Q so II is not true.
Hence, only I is true.
97. Ans. D.
$K=T<M<O=N>S=R>P \geq B$
From I, $\mathrm{K}>\mathrm{O}$, clearly I is not true.
From II, $0<R$, clearly $O>R$ so II is not true. Hence, none is true.
98. Ans. D.

Answer cannot be found even using all the three statements
99. Ans. E.

Abhinav's borther>abhinav's wife>Abhinav>abhinav's father>Abhinav's sister>abhinav's mother 100. Ans. B.

Combining statement I and III
Floor People

| 6 | $P$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 5 | $T$ |
| 4 | $R$ |
| 3 | S |
| 2 | Q |
| 1 | U |
| 101 | Ans |

101. Ans. B.

Refer to the first paragraph of the passage. It can be clearly inferred that according to gender neutrality, social roles shouldn't be assigned as per the gender of the person and that the term backs the elimination of gender based distinctions.
102. Ans. C.

Refer to the following statement of the passage, "Advocates of post-genderism argue that the presence of gender roles, social stratification, and cogno-physical disparities and differences are generally to the detriment of individuals and society."
'Discrepancies' means differences/ disparities. Inimical means destructive/
harmful. Since the statement says that the post-genderists argue about it, it is clear that it is their cause of concern.
103. Ans. A.

Refer to the following statement of the fourth para, 'Gender-neutral language, genderinclusive language, inclusive language or gender neutrality is a form of linguistic prescriptivism that aims to eliminate (or neutralize) reference to gender in terms that describe people. This can involve discouragement of the use of gender-specific job titles....' and the following line of the sixth para, '"Gender-neutral language" should not be confused with "genderless language", which refers to a language that does not have grammatical gender.'
The former statements validate option A and nullify option $B$. The latter statement nullifies option C.
104. Ans. B.

Refer to the third paragraph of the passage.
It can be inferred that the main reason for it
to be considered a controversial topic is because of the increased number of individuals who identify as transgender, intersex, third sex etc. and that the people are not in a comfortable position to overtly have a discussion over the same.
105. Ans. C.

Refer to the following statement of the passage, "Given the radical potential for advanced assistive reproductive options, postgenderists believe that sex for reproductive purposes will either become obsolete, or that all post-gendered humans will have the ability, if they so choose, to both carry a pregnancy to term and father a child." The correct answer is option C. Option A is nowhere mentioned in the passage.
Option B is an incomplete context.
Option D is illogical and talks about something that is beyond the scope of the passage.
106. Ans. A.

Dispute = conflict, argument
Squabble = a noisy quarrel about something trivial.

Apostle = a vigorous and pioneering advocate or supporter of a particular policy, idea, or cause.
Concordance $=$ agreement or consistency. Causatum = effect
Imprint = make an impression or mark on. Hence, option A is the correct answer.
107. Ans. C.

Perspective = a view or prospect.
Dissension = disagreement that leads to discord.
Condemnation = the expression of very strong disapproval; censure.
Prospect = a view or perspective
Exponent = a person who supports an idea or theory and tries to persuade people of its truth or benefits.
Sympathy = feelings of pity and sorrow for someone else's misfortune.
Hence, option C is the correct answer. 108. Ans. D.

Transcend = surpass (a person or achievement).
Consonance $=$ agreement or compatibility between opinions or actions.
Initiate =
Bolster = support or strengthen
Outstrip = move faster than and overtake (someone else).
Urge =try earnestly or persistently to
persuade (someone) to do something.
Hence, option D is the correct answer.
109. Ans. E.

Reinforce = strengthen or support (an object or substance), especially with additional material.
Reciprocity = the practice of exchanging things with others for mutual benefit, especially privileges granted by one country or organization to another.
Concord = agreement or harmony between people or groups.
Culmination $=$ the highest or climactic point of something, especially as attained after a long time.
Tout $=$ attempt to persuade people of the merits of.
Undermine $=$ lessen the effectiveness, power, or ability of, especially gradually or
insidiously.
Hence, option E is the correct answer.
110. Ans. C.

Stratification = the arrangement or classification of something into different groups.
Denouement = the outcome of a situation, when something is decided or made clear.
Outset = the start or beginning of
something.
Unison = harmony
Cessation = the fact or process of ending or being brought to an end.
Repercussion = an unintended consequence of an event or action, especially an unwelcome one.
Hence, option C is the correct answer.
111. Ans. B.
"Symptom" refers to the physical or mental feature which is regarded as indicating a condition of disease, particularly such a feature that is apparent to the patient.
"Malleable" means easily influenced; pliable.
"Symptoms" fits in the fits in the first blank as "symptoms" could emerge or start being noticeable. The characteristic of "malleability" allows ease of working on the brain. Thus, option $B$ is the correct answer.
112. Ans. C.
"Detection" refers to the action or process of identifying the presence of something concealed and "subtle" is something so
delicate or precise as to be difficult to analyze or describe. Hence, these are the most appropriate words.
113. Ans. C.

The sentence is about the decision taken by central bank's monetary policy committee that they will give time to the committee decision to see the transitory efforts of demonetization on inflation and the output. The first word should mean that the committee has decided. The second word should be a pronoun for the committee. Being committee a collective noun, pronoun it will be used. The singularity and plurality of the 'it' depends on singularity or plurality of verb. Also, reflexive form of a noun should be used. Therefore, option C is apt. Opted
means making a choice from a range of possibilities. And for the committee, reflexive form of 'it' should be used.
114. Ans. C.

Among all the options, "pace" meaningfully follows the word "grow". "Acknowledging" means to accept, admit, or recognize something. The sentence talks about the acceptance of government of demonetization's impact on consumer spending.
115. Ans. E.

The sentence is about a stereotypical fact that the finance minister has limited resources, thus, he won't be able to provide more investment to different projects or subdepartment but for the first time, he has an extra budget now. The first blank must have a word which means to be controlled, or compel to follow a particular course of action. The second blank must be in accordance with won't and plural form of give. Therefore, Option E is apt. "Constrained" means compelled to follow a particular course of action.
116. Ans. E.

The second blank is followed by the phrase "the end of 2016". Since this is not a fixed time- frame, "at" cannot fit in the blank. This eliminates option D. "Approaching", "near" and "of" would be grammatically incorrect in the blank. This eliminates option A, B, and C. This leaves us with option $E$, which is the correct answer.
117. Ans. A.
"Revenue" refers to income, especially when of an organization and of a substantial nature and "demographic" means a statistic characterizing human populations. Hence, these are the most appropriate words. 118. Ans. D.

The sentence is about the efficiency of amazon. The first blank must have a word that shows possibility in a positive tone. The second blank must have a word that shows easiness to use the portal. Therefore, option D is apt. 'Perhaps' is used to express uncertainty or possibility. 'Simplify' refers to
make something simpler or easier to do or understand.
119. Ans. D.

The latter part of the sentence talks about some action that has been made possible by internet which helps people to speak out their minds. Logically, the only word that fits in the blank is anonymity which is the condition of being anonymous i.e. (of a person) not identified by name; of unknown name.
Folio refers to an individual leaf of paper.
Epoch refers to a particular period of time in history or in a person's life Apprehensions mean doubt.
Conviction means a firmly held belief. Rapidness refers to the fastness of something.
Nuances refer to a slight difference in meaning, expression, or sound.
Exploring the options via their meaning, the first blank can be filled in by the word nuances.
Thus, D is the correct option.
120. Ans. C.

It can be concluded from the statement that the portrayal of women in video games is inappropriate and unreasonable. Therefore, 'absurdity' best fits the first blank.
'Exhibiting' fits the second blank as it means displaying. So option 3 is the correct answer.
Felony - crime
Enticing- tempting
Transgression- crime
Tantalizing- teasing
Malfeasance- wrongdoing
Enthralling- fascinating
121. Ans. D.

Refer to the last question of the series. 122. Ans. A.

Refer to the last question of the series. 123. Ans. A.

Refer to the last question of the series.
124. Ans. B.

Refer to the last question of the series.
125. Ans. C.

Correct Sequence: FECABD
The central theme of all the passage is the threat of rising sea level in Kolkata and

Mumbai as reported by a US-based organization. hence sentence $F$ is the opening sentence of this series.
Sentence E and C from a pair since both talk about the steps taken to prohibit and mitigate the situation of waterlogging. In this case, the statement of the mayor should be followed by the steps taken by the civil body. The mayor is a part of the civic body. Sentence A and B form a pair as both of them talk about the reasons that lead to waterlogging in Kolkata. B will come after A because of the use of the word 'more' in it, adding to the poor conditions with respect to waterlogging.
Placing sentences $A B$ before EC makes the structure not very convincing on grammatical and logical grounds. Thus, EC should be followed by AB.
Statement D stands independently as it talks about a redeeming factor for Kolkata in light of the existence of wetlands in the eastern side, and should come last in the series. It has no direct linkage to any of the other statements with respect to the reasons for waterlogging or the steps taken to control them.
126. Ans. E.

The above sentence is grammatically correct. 127. Ans. A.

The error lies in the incorrect usage of a pronoun. Instead of "this", 'these' should be used; 'this' is used to describe a singular countable noun and "these" is used with plural countable nouns. A non-countable noun has no plural form. In the above sentence, "philosophers" is plural, and 'these' is the pronoun that should be used. Hence, option A is correct.
128. Ans. D.

The error lies with the incorrect usage of a pronoun. 'Whom' is the object of a verb (i.e. the one being acted upon). The difference between 'who' and 'whom' is similar to that between 'he' and 'him'. 'He' is the subject of the verb, and 'him' is an object. Similarly, 'who' is the subjective pronoun and the sentence demands the subjective pronoun
and not objective pronoun.
Hence, D is correct.
129. Ans. B.

The error lies in the incorrect usage of the pronoun. The words 'there' and 'their' are often confused and misused because they are homophones i.e., they sound alike. 'There' refers to a place; while "their" means belonging to, or associated with, a group of people. The sentence demands a possessive known as it shows belonging; so, there" should be used here. Hence, option B is correct.
130. Ans. D.

The error lies in the incorrect usage of the tense in part D. "Has" indicate singular subject" and "have" indicates plural subjects. Since we have two subjects joined by the conjunction "and", the plural verb must be used. Thus, "has been" should be replaced by "have been" to make the sentence correct. 131. Ans. C.

The error lies in the incorrect usage of 'which' in the third part of the sentence. Here we need to use the conjunction "that" to state what was unacceptable. "Which" makes the sentence grammatically incorrect.
132. Ans. B.

The error lies in the incorrect usage of a preposition. Instead of 'point for', it should be 'point with' as the sentence reflects the association. The idea here is to provide the point with elegance, which is correct this way and not otherwise.
Hence, option B is correct.
133. Ans. C.

The error lies in the incorrect usage of the verb. "Have been" is a verb used to form the present perfect tense, and when followed by a present participle, such as "running", "walking", "doing" etc., the present perfect continuous tense. "Had been" basically follows similar parameters, but for the past perfect continuous tense instead of present perfect. In this case, "had" doesn't change depending on the subject, whether it is singular or plural.
Hence, C is correct.
134. Ans. A.

The error lies in the incorrect usage of an adverb. The main difference between these two words is that "however" can stand by itself at the beginning of a sentence, with a comma after it, while "although" can't do this. The words also have slightly different meanings - "although" means "in spite of the fact that", while "however" means "but". The above segment requires the usage of "however" and not "although".
Hence, A is correct.
135. Ans. B.

The error lies in the incorrect usage of the preposition. The preposition "by" is used when the dependent clause starts with a verb, while "with" is used when the dependent clause starts with a noun. Hence, B is correct. 136. Ans. E.

The sentence is grammatically correct. Hence, E is correct.
137. Ans. A.

The sentence implies that the concerned persons cleaned their house before their parents came back home.
The phrase 'straighten up' means 'to make (something) organized or tidy'.
Therefore, option A is the correct answer. 138. Ans. C.

The phrase 'require considerably' is incorrect. We use base form of the verb after modals. Therefore, 'required' must be replaced with 'require'.
Also, an adjective is required to modify the gerund form of the word 'maneuvering'. Hence, 'considerably' must be replaced by 'considerable' to form a grammatically correct sentence.
Hence, option C is the correct answer. 139. Ans. E.

The sentence is both contextually and grammatically correct, hence, no correction is required.
Therefore, option E is the correct answer. 140. Ans. B.

The sentence is an example of third
conditional sentences.

Third conditional sentences are used to explain that present circumstances would be different if something different had happened in the past.
When using the third conditional, we use the past perfect (i.e., had + past participle) in the if-clause. The modal auxiliary (would, could, should, etc.) + have + past participle in the main clause expresses the theoretical situation that could have happened.
Therefore, 'have seen' must be replaced
by 'had seen' to form a grammatically
correct sentence.
Hence, option B is the correct answer.
141. Ans. D.

The sentence implies that the person's plan to trek through South America failed when he got sick.
If something that has been planned or agreed falls through, it does not happen i.e. the phrase 'fall through' means 'to fail'. Hence, 'fell upon' must be replaced with 'fell
through' to form a grammatically correct sentence.
Therefore, option $\mathbf{D}$ is the correct answer. 142. Ans. A.

The given sentence violates parallelism.
Parallel structure is the repetition of a chosen grammatical form within a sentence. When we compare items in a list, we use parallel structure.
In the given sentence, adjectives are used to modify `public schools' while 'funded by the government' is a phrasal verb. It needs to be replaced by some adjective. 'Government-
funded' is the appropriate adjective to maintain the parallelism.
Hence, option A is the correct answer. 143. Ans. C.

We use past perfect tense to talk about something that happened before another action in the past, which is usually expressed by the simple past.
In the given sentence, the subjects were not able to stay overnight at the hotel because they had not made reservations before.
Therefore, the phrase in the bold should be in the past perfect tense.
Hence, option C is the correct answer.
144. Ans. A.

The given sentence talks about the activities happened in the past. The emboldened phrase violates the parallelism of the sentence. The phrase should be in past continuous tense.
When we use the past continuous with two actions in the same sentence, it expresses the idea that both actions were happening at the same time. The actions are parallel. Therefore, the phrase should be 'was not
paying attention'.
Hence, option A is the correct answer. 145. Ans. E.

The given sentence is both grammatically and contextually correct. "Unpardonably" is an adverb which correctly modifies the verb "neglected".
Hence, option $\mathbf{E}$ is the correct answer. 146. Ans. E.

According to the second paragraph of the passage, "smart city" is a designation given to a city that incorporates information and communication technologies (ICT) to enhance the quality and performance of urban services such as energy, transportation and utilities in order to reduce resource consumption, wastage and overall costs.
In the passage, there is no mention of what 'smart' means in Smart Cities. Option B makes sense, but it is not mentioned in the passage.
Therefore, option E is the apt answer. 147. Ans. D.

Option A: The report was on the Smart Cities Mission, not on slum-free or cities without slum. The statement can't be deciphered from the passage.
Option B: The passage states that 'the Housing and Land Rights Network (HRLN) on the Smart Cities Mission poses the question: "Smart for whom?"..' Retort means to say something in answer to a remark, typically in a sharp, angry, or witty manner. So, the statement is the opposite of what mentioned in the passage.
Option C: One cannot say or decipher, 'the Smart Cities Mission seeks to cover nearly 10
crore population in 100 cities,' from the paragraph.
Option D: It can be deciphered from the first and the last paragraphs.
Option E: The correct sentence is '...At least six homes are destroyed and 30 people forcibly evicted each hour in India as authorities modernise cities and build highways.'
Therefore, option D is the apt answer. 148. Ans. B.

We can decipher all the statements from the third paragraph except statement B. The paragraph states '..It seems difficult for the planners to realise that since the beginning of the last century, despite the spectacular growth of urban populations, the poorest half of the world has received just $1 \%$ of the total increase in global wealth.' It might be conveying the sense that global wealth inequality has been high and rising. But 'despite the spectacular growth of urban populations, global wealth inequality has certainly been high and rising' makes no sense. Therefore, option B is the apt answer. 149. Ans. E.

Option I: From the second paragraph, one can decipher that focus of the mission is economic growth. But the first paragraph states that 'without taking into account the paucity of formal housing that cities offer,' it is exercising forced evictions and demolitions of homes, slums in particular. How can this contribute to the economic growth? So, one can say that the smart city proposal is perpetuating the very issue that they aim to solve.
Options II, III and IV can be deciphered from the fourth paragraph, thereby all options can be used.
Therefore, option E is the apt answer. 150. Ans. B.

Option I: The passage states '..The three main mechanisms have been adopted to produce space-infrastructure and megaprojects, redevelopment, and creating exception regimes for "slums" are applicable to the implementation of the Mission.' This means that the Smart Cities Mission uses
these mechanisms as their mechanisms for the implementation of the mission. Hence, option I can be inferred.
Option II: From the fourth paragraph, one can clearly state that the statement is clearly mentioned in the passage, not inferred from the passage.
Option III: The passage states, '..Over the last two decades, the state-led production of space, as part of worlding cities, has introduced new structural violence into the lives of poor groups.' 'Worlding cities' refers to urbanisation. Hence, option III can be inferred.
Therefore, option B is the apt answer. 151. Ans. B.

Immediate Payment Service (IMPS) is an instant interbank electronic fund transfer service through mobile phones.
152. Ans. D.

2020 Summer Olympics will be held
in Tokyo, Japan.

- The games are planned to be held from 24 July to 9 August 2020 in Tokyo.
- The city was announced as the host at the 125th IOC Session in Buenos Aires on 7 September 2013. Having previously hosted the 1964 Summer Olympics, Tokyo will become the first city in Asia to host the Olympics twice.

153. Ans. E.

Manama is the capital and Bahraini dinar is the currency of Bahrain.
154. Ans. B.

Indira Sagar Dam is located on Narmada. This is the world's largest river valley plan. 155. Ans. E.

Mobile Money Identifier or MMID is a $\mathbf{7}$ digit
number of a bank customer. This number is used when you try to send or receive money using the IMPS method. Every bank account has only one MMID. This MMID would be unique to the bank account. Along with the mobile number, MMID identifies a bank account.
156. Ans. D.

Udaan is a Special Industry Initiative for
Jammu \& Kashmir in the nature of the partnership between the corporates of India
and Ministry of Home Affairs and implemented by National Skill Development Corporation.
The programme aims to provide skills training and enhance the employability of unemployed youth of J\&K. The Scheme covers graduates, postgraduates and threeyear engineering diploma holders

## It has two objectives :

(i) To provide an exposure to the unemployed graduates to the best of Corporate India
(ii) To provide Corporate India, an exposure to the rich talent pool available in the State 157. Ans. B.

To promote cashless transaction among people, India's first Digi Dhan Mela held in Gurugram, Haryana.
158. Ans. C.

Stand-Up India Scheme Facilitates bank loans between Rs 10 lakh and Rs 1
Crore to at least one Scheduled Caste (SC) or Scheduled Tribe (ST) borrower and at least one-woman borrower per bank branch for setting up a Greenfield enterprise.
This enterprise may be in manufacturing, services or the trading sector. In the case of non-individual enterprises, at least $51 \%$ of the shareholding and controlling stake should be held by either an SC/ST or woman entrepreneur.
159. Ans. C.

The National Science Day is observed every year on 28th February with an objective to spread message of importance of science and its application among the people. The theme for National Science Day 2018 is "Science and Technology for a sustainable future." 160. Ans. B.

Namdhapa National Park is the largest protected area in the Eastern Himalaya biodiversity hotspot and is located in Arunachal Pradesh in North East India. It is also the largest national park in India in terms of area.
161. Ans. B.

Regional Rural Banks were started in 1975
due to the fact that even after
nationalization, there were cultural issues
which made it difficult for commercial banks, even under government ownership, to lend to farmers. Each RRB is owned by three entities with their respective shares as follows:
Central Government $\rightarrow 50 \%$
State government $\rightarrow$ 15\%
Sponsor bank $\rightarrow 35 \%$
162. Ans. A.

The 17 th edition of the FIFA under-17
World Cup football tournament 2017 was hosted by India.
Note:-This was the first time India hosted an international football competition. The 17th FIFA U-17 World Cup, a biennial international football tournament contested by men's under-17 national teams.
England won the $\mathbf{U - 1 7}$ World Cup for the first time after coming back from a two-goal deficit and beating Spain 5-2in the final. 163. Ans. E.

The mobile banking app "LIME" has been launched by Axis Bank. The app will allow customers in both account and non-account holders to compare and shop, split bills, transfer money and even share their mobile banking wallets. This app can also be used to pool money to buy gifts or for group travel by friends.
164. Ans. A.

PM Narendra Modi inaugurated India's first International Exchange, 'India INX' in Gandhinagar. It is a wholly owned subsidiary of BSE (Bombay Stock Exchange). 165. Ans. B.

The Heads of State or Government welcomed the offer of the Republic of Azerbaijan to host the XVIII Summit of the Heads of State or Government of the Non-Aligned Movement in 2019, as endorsed by the NAM Member States from the European Region, and recommended it for endorsement to the XVII NAM Summit to be held in Margarita Island, the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela on 1718 September 2016.
166. Ans. D.

The Reserve Bank of India launched Sachet portal, sachet.rbi.org.in, to check illegal money collection on $4^{\text {th }}$ August 2016. The
portal will help anyone can obtain information regarding entities that are allowed to accept deposits, lodge complaints and share information.
167. Ans. C.

Ranbir Kapoor has won the Best Actor in A Leading Role award at the 2019 Filmfare Awards.
Filmfare awards are presented annually in the Hindi language film industry of India. The awards are presented to honour both artistic and technical excellence.
168. Ans. C.

The M. Chinnaswamy Stadium is one of the premier cricket stadiums of India. It is located in the heart of the city of Bengaluru, Karnataka. It can accommodate
approximately 40000 spectators during a match.
169. Ans. A.

The Government of India has set up Shri Justice M. B. Shah Commission of Inquiry for Illegal Mining of Iron Ore and Manganese vide Notification dated 22nd November, 2010.
170. Ans. A.

According to Census 2011, Bihar's population density is the highest of 1,106 per sq. Km. 171. Ans. D.

Indian Navy's first indigenous Scorpeneclass stealth submarine INS Kalvari, has recently launched for the first sea trial in the Mumbai naval dockyard.
Note: It is a diesel-electric attack submarine which is built by Mazagon Dock Limited (MDL) in collaboration with French naval defence and energy company DCNS under Project 75 in Mumbai, Maharashtra. 172. Ans. D.

The consumer movement marks 15th March with World Consumer Rights Day every year, as a means of raising global awareness about consumer rights and needs.
Celebrating the day is a chance to demand that the rights of all consumers are respected and protected, and to protest against market abuses and social injustices which undermine those rights.

World Consumer Rights Day was inspired by President John F Kennedy, who sent a special message to the US Congress on 15th March 1962, in which he formally addressed the issue of consumer rights. The consumer movement first marked that date in 1983 and now uses the day every year to mobilise action on important issues and campaigns.
173. Ans. B.

Equated Monthly Installment (EMI) is the monthly payment a borrower makes on his loan. EMI's are used to pay off both interest and principle each month.
174. Ans. D.

Achanta Sharath Kamal is a professional table tennis player from Tamil Nadu, India.
He is the first Indian table tennis player ever to become nine times Senior National Champion hence breaking the record of eight times National Champion Kamlesh Mehta. Recently he received the fourth highest civilian award, Padma Shri.
175. Ans. A.

Export-Import Bank of India (EXIM) bank is headquartered in Mumbai. It is the premier export finance institution in India, and has been established in 1982 under Export-Import Bank of India Act 1981
176. Ans. B.

Chief Minister of Andhra Pradesh launched a medical scheme known as Arogya Raksha for families who are above poverty line. It involves a payment of Rs 1200 premium annually and avail free medical treatment for diseases under secondary and tertiary care in both government and private hospitals.
177. Ans. C.

Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana is a full fledge financial programme started by the government that explains that every individual should have a bank account that will include life insurance of account. The idea of Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana is to encourage financial inclusion in the nation, so this seems that option C is correct. Options A, B and D are incorrect as Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan Yojana is not related to any housing loan or promotion of women's group
and not involved in financial help to lower communities.
178. Ans. B.

The Vyas Samman is given in literature field in India, first awarded in 1991. It is awarded annually by the K.K. Birla

## Foundation.

179. Ans. B.

Chhabra Thermal Power Plant is one of Rajasthan's coal-fired power plants. It is located at Chowki Motipura (Village) of tehsil Chhabra in Rajasthan's Baran district. 180. Ans. D.

Indian Financial System Code (IFS Code) is an alphanumeric code that uniquely identifies a bank-branch participating in the two main Electronic Funds Settlement Systems in India:
-The Real Time Gross Settlement (RTGS)
-The National Electronic Funds Transfer (NEFT) Systems.
This is an 11-character code with the first four alphabetic characters representing the bank name, and the last six characters (usually numeric, but can be alphabetic) representing the branch.
181. Ans. B.

Minors above the age of 10 years and who can sign uniformly. This account will be opened in the sole name of the minor. 182. Ans. C.

* Food and Agriculture organisation (FAO) Council has approved the proposal of India to observe an International Year of Millets in 2023.
* This proposal has been approved at the 160th session of the Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) Council being held in Rome. Millets consists of jowar, bajra, ragi and minor millets together termed as nutricereals.
* This proposal will enhance global awareness to bring back these nutri-cereals to the plate, for food and nutrition security.

183. Ans. A.

Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs (MoHUA) has partnered with Microsoft India to use the platform Project Sangam of Microsoft on its Swachh Bharat e-Learning Portal.
184. Ans. B.

Dormant means inactive and inoperative means which is not being operated i.e. no transactions have been undertaken recently. In terms of RBI guidelines "A savings as well as current account should be treated as inoperative/dormant if there are no transactions in the account for over a period of two years".
185. Ans. B.

The Federal Bank Limited is a major Indian commercial bank in the private sector. Its headquarter is in Aluva in the district of Kochi, Kerala.
186. Ans. D.

The theme of 106th edition Indian Science Congress-2019 is 'Future India: Science and Technology'.

- Prime Minister Narendra Modi inaugurated the Indian Science Congress-2019 (106th edition) in Jalandhar, Punjab.
- Indian Science Congress Association (ISCA) is a premier scientific organisation of India with headquarters at Kolkata, West Bengal.
- It has a membership of more than 30,000 scientists.
Note:
- The 105th Indian Science Congress-2018 was held in Imphal, Manipur University.
- Theme - Reaching the unreached through science and technology.

187. Ans. E.

* Renowned harmonium player Pandit

Tulsidas Borkar(84-year) passed away in Mumbai.

* Borkar was conferred the Padma Shri in 2016 for his contributions to Indian music.
* He was also a recipient of the Sangeet Natak Akademi Award.

188. Ans. D.

SMERA Ratings Ltd (SMERA) is a full service credit rating agency exclusively set up for micro, small and medium enterprises (MSME) in India and has grown to rate SME, mid \& large corporate. It provides ratings which enable MSME, SMEs, Corporates to raise bank loans at competitive rates of interest.
189. Ans. B.

The headquarter of International Atomic Energy Agency is located in Vienna, Austria. Note: It is an international organization that seeks to promote the peaceful use of nuclear energy. It was established on 29 July 1957. 190. Ans. B.

- India's first indigenous, long-range artillery gun is known as - Dhanush.
- Dhanush is a $155 \mathrm{~mm} \times 45 \mathrm{~mm}$ calibre artillery gun and is also called the "desi Bofors".
- It was manufactured by the Jabalpur-based Gun Carriage Factory (GCF).

191. Ans. E.

- Capital Adequacy Ratio is the measure of a bank's financial strength expressed by the ratio of its capital (net worth and subordinated debt) to its risk-weighted credit exposure (loans). It is also called CRARCapital to Risk-weighted Assets Ratio.
- A bank with a higher capital adequacy is considered safer because if its loans go bad, it can make up for it from its net worth. Most banks in India have a capital adequacy of more than $12 \%$.

192. Ans. B.

The Achanakmar Wildlife Sanctuary is an Indian sanctuary in Mungeli district, Chhattisgarh State.
193. Ans. D.

Bharat Bill Payment System (BBPS) is an integrated bill payment system that will enable payment services online or through an offline network.
Payment can be made through multiple modes and the users will get instant confirmation.
It offers bill payment services to consumers through the network of agents/retail shops/bank-branches and digital channels like - Internet banking of banks, Mobile app of banks etc. allowing multiple payment modes like Card, UPI, AePS, Wallet, Cash and provides instant confirmation. It will facilitate a less cash society through migration of bill payments from cash to electronic channel.
194. Ans. C.

Dr. Mohammad Shtayyeh (60-years) has been appointed the new Prime Minister of Palestinian.
Mr. Shtayyeh is an economist with a PhD from the University of Sussex in England. 195. Ans. E.

Former Vice President Hamid Ansari has launched the new book of P Chidambaram (former Finance Minister) named "Undaunted: Saving the Idea of India" at Nehru Memorial Museum in New Delhi. The book is a collection of essays on the country's atmosphere of fear and how the constitutional values are being threatened. 196. Ans. E.

USSD - Unstructured Supplementary
Services Data
USSD (Unstructured Supplementary Service Data) is a Global System for Mobile(GSM) communication technology that is used to send text between a mobile phone and an application program in the network. Applications may include prepaid roaming or mobile chatting.
197. Ans. D.

The Himachal Pradesh Assembly on $16^{\text {th }}$ Feb 2019 passed a Bill to make Sanskrit the second official language of the state.

- Irrigation and Public Health Minister Mahender Singh Thakur introduced the Himachal Pradesh Official Language Bill, 2019 (Amendment) in the ongoing budget session.
- This bill was passed without any discussion.
- The first official language of Himachal Pradesh is hindi.
- Himachal Pradesh was coined from the Sanskrit words 'him' means 'snow' and achal means 'land' or 'abode' by Acharya Diwakar Datt Sharma, one of the state's eminent Sanskrit scholars. 198. Ans. A.

BJP leader Pramod Sawant (46-years) was sworn-in as the new Chief Minister (11th) of Goa.
He succeeded Manohar Parrikar, who died after a prolonged battle with advanced pancreatic cancer.
199. Ans. B.

The primary product of PM Narendra Modi's Pradhan Mantri MUDRA Yojana will be providing refinance for lending to micro businesses/units (medium and small entrepreneurs). The initial products and schemes under this umbrella have already been created and the interventions have been named 'Shishu', 'Kishor' and 'Tarun' to signify the stage of growth / development and funding needs of the beneficiary micro unit / entrepreneur as also provide a reference point for the next phase of graduation / growth for the entrepreneur to aspire for:

1. Shishu: covering loans up to Rs 50,000
2. Kishor: covering loans above Rs 50,000 and up to Rs. 5 lakh
3. Tarun: covering loans above Rs 5 lakh and up to Rs. 10 lakh 200. Ans. B.

Indian squash player Ramit Tandon has won the 2019 Seattle Open title by defeating Mohamed El Sherbini of Egypt in the final in the USA.

