## FINAL JEE-MAIN EXAMINATION - JULY, 2021

(Held On Tuesday 27 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ July, 2021)
TIME: 3:00 PM to 6: 00 PM

## PHYSICS

## SECTION-A

1. An electron and proton are separated by a large distance. The electron starts approaching the proton with energy 3 eV . The proton captures the electrons and forms a hydrogen atom in second excited state. The resulting photon is incident on a photosensitive metal of threshold wavelength $4000 \AA$. What is the maximum kinetic energy of the emitted photoelectron?
(1) 7.61 eV
(2) 1.41 eV
(3) 3.3 eV
(4) No photoelectron would be emitted

Official Ans. by NTA (2)
2. The expected graphical representation of the variation of angle of deviation ' $\delta$ ' with angle of incidence ' i ' in a prism is :
(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


Official Ans. by NTA (2)
3. A raindrop with radius $\mathrm{R}=0.2 \mathrm{~mm}$ falls from a cloud at a height $\mathrm{h}=2000 \mathrm{~m}$ above the ground. Assume that the drop is spherical throughout its fall and the force of buoyance may be neglected, then the terminal speed attained by the raindrop is : [Density of water $f_{\mathrm{w}}=1000 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{~m}^{-3}$ and Density of $\operatorname{air} f_{\mathrm{a}}=1.2 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{~m}^{-3}, \mathrm{~g}=10 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$
Coefficient of viscosity of air $=1.8 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{Nsm}^{-2}$ ]
(1) $250.6 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
(2) $43.56 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
(3) $4.94 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$
(4) $14.4 \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}$

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

## TEST PAPER WITH ANSWER

4. One mole of an ideal gas is taken through an adiabatic process where the temperature rises from $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $37^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. If the ideal gas is composed of polyatomic molecule that has 4 vibrational modes, which of the following is true?
$\left[\mathrm{R}=8.314 \mathrm{~J} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1} \mathrm{k}^{-1}\right]$
(1) work done by the gas is close to 332 J
(2) work done on the gas is close to 582 J
(3) work done by the gas is close to 582 J
(4) work done on the gas is close to 332 J

Official Ans. by NTA (2)
5. An object of mass 0.5 kg is executing simple harmonic motion. It amplitude is 5 cm and time period (T) is 0.2 s . What will be the potential energy of the object at an instant $t=\frac{T}{4}$ starting from mean position. Assume that the initial phase of the oscillation is zero.
(1) 0.62 J
(2) $6.2 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~J}$
(3) $1.2 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~J}$
(4) $6.2 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~J}$

Official Ans. by NTA (1)
6. Match List I with List II.

## List-I

(a) Capacitance, C
(b) Permittivity of free space, $\varepsilon_{0}$
(c) Permeability of free space, $\mu_{0}$
(d) Electric field, E

## List-II

(i) $\mathrm{M}^{1} \mathrm{~L}^{1} \mathrm{~T}^{-3} \mathrm{~A}^{-1}$
(ii) $\mathrm{M}^{-1} \mathrm{~L}^{-3} \mathrm{~T}^{4} \mathrm{~A}^{2}$
(iii) $M^{-1} L^{-2} T^{4} A^{2}$
(iv) $M^{1} L^{1} T^{-2} A^{-2}$

Choose the correct answer from the options given below
(1) (a) $\rightarrow$ (iii), (b) $\rightarrow$ (ii), (c) $\rightarrow$ (iv), (d) $\rightarrow$ (i)
(2) (a) $\rightarrow$ (iii), (b) $\rightarrow$ (iv), (c) $\rightarrow$ (ii), (d) $\rightarrow$ (i)
(3) (a) $\rightarrow$ (iv), (b) $\rightarrow$ (ii), (c) $\rightarrow$ (iii), (d) $\rightarrow$ (i)
(4) (a) $\rightarrow$ (iv), (b) $\rightarrow$ (iii), (c) $\rightarrow$ (ii), (d) $\rightarrow$ (i)

Official Ans. by NTA (1)
7. Given below is the plot of a potential energy function $U(x)$ for a system, in which a particle is in one dimensional motion, while a conservative force $\mathrm{F}(\mathrm{x})$ acts on it. Suppose that $\mathrm{E}_{\text {mech }}=8 \mathrm{~J}$, the incorrect statement for this system is :

[where K.E. $=$ kinetic energy]
(1) at $x>x_{4}$, K.E. is constant throughout the region.
(2) at $x<x_{1}$, K.E. is smallest and the particle is moving at the slowest speed.
(3) at $x=x_{2}$, K.E. is greatest and the particle is moving at the fastest speed.
(4) at $x=x_{3}$, K.E. $=4 \mathrm{~J}$.

Official Ans. by NTA (2)
8. A $100 \Omega$ resistance, a $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor and an inductor are connected in series across a 250 V supply at variable frequency. Calculate the value of inductance of inductor at which resonance will occur. Given that the resonant frequency is 60 Hz .
(1) 0.70 H
(2) 70.3 mH
(3) $7.03 \times 10^{-5} \mathrm{H}$
(4) 70.3 H

## Official Ans. by NTA (4)

9. A simple pendulum of mass ' $m$ ', length ' $l$ ' and charge ' +q ' suspended in the electric field produced by two conducting parallel plates as shown. The value of deflection of pendulum in equilibrium position will be

(1) $\tan ^{-1}\left[\frac{q}{m g} \times \frac{C_{1}\left(V_{2}-V_{1}\right)}{\left(C_{1}+C_{2}\right)(d-t)}\right]$
(2) $\tan ^{-1}\left[\frac{q}{m g} \times \frac{C_{2}\left(V_{2}-V_{1}\right)}{\left(C_{1}+C_{2}\right)(d-t)}\right]$
(3) $\tan ^{-1}\left[\frac{q}{m g} \times \frac{C_{2}\left(V_{1}+V_{2}\right)}{\left(C_{1}+C_{2}\right)(d-t)}\right]$
(4) $\tan ^{-1}\left[\frac{q}{m g} \times \frac{C_{1}\left(V_{1}+V_{2}\right)}{\left(C_{1}+C_{2}\right)(d-t)}\right]$

## Official Ans. by NTA (3)

10. Two Carnot engines $A$ and $B$ operate in series such that engine $A$ absorbs heat at $T_{1}$ and rejects heat to a sink at temperature T. Engine B absorbs half of the heat rejected by Engine A and rejects heat to the sink at $\mathrm{T}_{3}$. When workdone in both the cases is equal, to value of T is :
(1) $\frac{2}{3} \mathrm{~T}_{1}+\frac{3}{2} \mathrm{~T}_{3}$
(2) $\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{~T}_{1}+\frac{2}{3} \mathrm{~T}_{3}$
(3) $\frac{3}{2} \mathrm{~T}_{1}+\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{~T}_{3}$
(4) $\frac{2}{3} \mathrm{~T}_{1}+\frac{1}{3} \mathrm{~T}_{3}$

## Official Ans. by NTA (4)

11. Find the truth table for the function $Y$ of $A$ and $B$ represented in the following figure.

(1)

| A | B | Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 |

(2)

| A | B | Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |

(3)

| A | B | Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |

(4)

| A | B | Y |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |

Official Ans. by NTA (2)
12. Figure $A$ and $B$ shown two long straight wires of circular cross-section ( a and b with $\mathrm{a}<\mathrm{b}$ ), carrying current I which is uniformly distributed across the cross-section. The magnitude of magnetic field B varies with radius $r$ and can be represented as :


Fig. A


Fig. B
(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


Official Ans. by NTA (3)
13. Two identical particles of mass 1 kg each go round a circle of radius $R$, under the action of their mutual gravitational attraction. The angular speed of each particle is :
(1) $\sqrt{\frac{G}{2 R^{3}}}$
(2) $\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\mathrm{G}}{\mathrm{R}^{3}}}$
(3) $\frac{1}{2 \mathrm{R}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{\mathrm{G}}}$ (4) $\sqrt{\frac{2 \mathrm{G}}{\mathrm{R}^{3}}}$

Official Ans. by NTA (2)
14. Consider the following statements :
A. Atoms of each element emit characteristics spectrum.
B. According to Bohr's Postulate, an electron in a hydrogen atom, revolves in a certain stationary orbit.
C. The density of nuclear matter depends on the size of the nucleus.
D. A free neutron is stable but a free proton decay is possible.
E. Radioactivity is an indication of the instability of nuclei.
Choose the correct answer from the options given below :
(1) A, B, C, D and E
(2) A, B and E only
(3) B and D only
(4) A, C and E only

Official Ans. by NTA (2)
15. What will be the magnitude of electric field at point O as shown in figure? Each side of the figure is $l$ and perpendicular to each other?

(1) $\frac{1}{4 \pi \varepsilon_{0}} \frac{\mathrm{q}}{l^{2}}$
(2) $\frac{1}{4 \pi \varepsilon_{0}} \frac{\mathrm{q}}{\left(2 l^{2}\right)}(2 \sqrt{2}-1)$
(3) $\frac{\mathrm{q}}{4 \pi \varepsilon_{0}(2 l)^{2}}$
(4) $\frac{1}{4 \pi \varepsilon_{0}} \frac{2 \mathrm{q}}{2 l^{2}}(\sqrt{2})$

## Official Ans. by NTA (2)

16. A physical quantity ' $y$ ' is represented by the formula $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{m}^{2} \mathrm{r}^{-4} \mathrm{~g}^{\mathrm{x}} l^{-\frac{3}{2}}$
If the percentage errors found in $\mathrm{y}, \mathrm{m}, \mathrm{r}, l$ and g are $18,1,0.5,4$ and $p$ respectively, then find the value of $x$ and $p$.
(1) 5 and $\pm 2$
(2) 4 and $\pm 3$
(3) $\frac{16}{3}$ and $\pm \frac{3}{2}$
(4) 8 and $\pm 2$

Official Ans. by NTA (3)
17. An automobile of mass ' $m$ ' accelerates starting from origin and initially at rest, while the engine supplies constant power P. The position is given as a function of time by :
(1) $\left(\frac{9 P}{8 m}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} t^{\frac{3}{2}}$
(2) $\left(\frac{8 P}{9 m}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{t}^{\frac{2}{3}}$
(3) $\left(\frac{9 m}{8 P}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{t}^{\frac{3}{2}}$
(4) $\left(\frac{8 \mathrm{P}}{9 \mathrm{~m}}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} \mathrm{t}^{\frac{3}{2}}$

Official Ans. by NTA (4)
18. The planet Mars has two moons, if one of them has a period 7 hours, 30 minutes and an orbital radius of $9.0 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~km}$. Find the mass of Mars.
$\left\{\right.$ Given $\left.\frac{4 \pi^{2}}{\mathrm{G}}=6 \times 10^{11} \mathrm{~N}^{-1} \mathrm{~m}^{-2} \mathrm{~kg}^{2}\right\}$
(1) $5.96 \times 10^{19} \mathrm{~kg}$
(2) $3.25 \times 10^{21} \mathrm{~kg}$
(3) $7.02 \times 10^{25} \mathrm{~kg}$
(4) $6.00 \times 10^{23} \mathrm{~kg}$

Official Ans. by NTA (4)
19. A particle of mass $M$ originally at rest is subjected to a force whose direction is constant but magnitude varies with time according to the relation

$$
\mathrm{F}=\mathrm{F}_{0}\left[1-\left(\frac{\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{T}}{\mathrm{~T}}\right)^{2}\right]
$$

Where $\mathrm{F}_{0}$ and T are constants. The force acts only for the time interval 2 T . The velocity v of the particle after time 2 T is :
(1) $2 \mathrm{~F}_{0} \mathrm{~T} / \mathrm{M}$
(2) $\mathrm{F}_{0} \mathrm{~T} / 2 \mathrm{M}$
(3) $4 \mathrm{~F}_{0} \mathrm{~T} / 3 \mathrm{M}$
(4) $\mathrm{F}_{0} \mathrm{~T} / 3 \mathrm{M}$

Official Ans. by NTA (3)
20. The resistance of a conductor at $15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is $16 \Omega$ and at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is $20 \Omega$. What will be the temperature coefficient of resistance of the conductor?
(1) $0.010^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{-1}$
(2) $0.033^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{-1}$
(3) $0.003^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{-1}$
(4) $0.042^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{-1}$

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

## SECTION-B

1. In the given figure, two wheels $P$ and $Q$ are connected by a belt B . The radius of P is three times as that of Q . In case of same rotational kinetic energy, the ratio of rotational inertias $\left(\frac{I_{1}}{I_{2}}\right)$ will be $x: 1$. The value of $x$ will be $\qquad$ .


Official Ans. by NTA (9)
2. The difference in the number of waves when yellow light propagates through air and vacuum columns of the same thickness is one. The thickness of the air column is $\qquad$ mm . [Refractive index of air $=1.0003$, wavelength of yellow light in vacuum $=6000 \AA$ ]
Official Ans. by NTA (2)
3. The maximum amplitude for an amplitude modulated wave is found to be 12 V while the minimum amplitude is found to be 3 V . The modulation index is 0.6 x where x is $\qquad$ .

## Official Ans. by NTA (1)

4. In the given figure the magnetic flux through the loop increases according to the relation $\phi_{\mathrm{B}}(\mathrm{t})=10 \mathrm{t}^{2}+20 \mathrm{t}$, where $\phi_{\mathrm{B}}$ is in milliwebers and t is in seconds.
The magnitude of current through $\mathrm{R}=2 \Omega$ resistor at $\mathrm{t}=5 \mathrm{~s}$ is $\qquad$ mA .


## Official Ans. by NTA (60)

5. A particle executes simple harmonic motion represented by displacement function as

$$
x(t)=A \sin (\omega t+\phi)
$$

If the position and velocity of the particle at $\mathrm{t}=0 \mathrm{~s}$ are 2 cm and $2 \omega \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$ respectively, then its amplitude is $x \sqrt{2} \mathrm{~cm}$ where the value of x is $\qquad$ .
Official Ans. by NTA (2)
6. A swimmer wants to cross a river from point A to point $B$. Line $A B$ makes an angle of $30^{\circ}$ with the flow of river. Magnitude of velocity of the swimmer is same as that of the river. The angle $\theta$ with the line $A B$ should be $\qquad$ ${ }^{\circ}$, so that the swimmer reaches point $B$.


Official Ans. by NTA (30)
7. For the circuit shown, the value of current at time $\mathrm{t}=3.2 \mathrm{~s}$ will be $\qquad$ A.


Figure 1


Figure-2
[Voltage distribution $\mathrm{V}(\mathrm{t})$ is shown by Fig. (1) and the circuit is shown in Fig. (2)]

Official Ans. by NTA (1)
8. A small block slides down from the top of hemisphere of radius $\mathrm{R}=3 \mathrm{~m}$ as shown in the figure. The height ' h ' at which the block will lose contact with the surface of the sphere is $\qquad$ m.
(Assume there is no friction between the block and the hemisphere)


Official Ans. by NTA (2)
9. The $K_{\alpha}$ X-ray of molybdenum has wavelength 0.071 nm . If the energy of a molybdenum atoms with a K electron knocked out is 27.5 keV , the energy of this atom when an $L$ electron is knocked out will be $\qquad$ keV . (Round off to the nearest integer)
$\left[\mathrm{h}=4.14 \times 10^{-15} \mathrm{eVs}, \mathrm{c}=3 \times 10^{8} \mathrm{~ms}^{-1}\right]$
Official Ans. by NTA (10)
10. The water is filled upto height of 12 m in a tank having vertical sidewalls. A hole is made in one of the walls at a depth ' $h$ ' below the water level. The value of ' h ' for which the emerging stream of water strikes the ground at the maximum range is $\qquad$ m.

Official Ans. by NTA (6)

## FINAL JEE-MAIN EXAMINATION - JULY, 2021

## CHEMISTRY

## SECTION-A

1. Which one of the following set of elements can be detected using sodium fusion extract?
(1) Sulfur, Nitrogen, Phosphorous, Halogens
(2) Phosphorous, Oxygen, Nitrogen, Halogens
(3) Nitrogen, Phosphorous, Carbon, Sulfur
(4) Halogens, Nitrogen, Oxygen, Sulfur

Official Ans. by NTA (1)
2.


Consider the above reaction, the major product "P" formed is :-
(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


Official Ans. by NTA (2)
3. The number of neutrons and electrons, respectively, present in the radioactive isotope of hydrogen is :-
(1) 1 and 1
(2) 3 and 1
(3) 2 and 1
(4) 2 and 2

Official Ans. by NTA (3)
4. Match List - I with List II :

| List - I |  | List - II |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (a) | Li | (i) | photoelectric cell |
| (b) | Na | (ii) | absorbent of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ |
| (c) | K | (iii) | coolant in fast breeder <br> nuclear reactor |
| (d) | Cs | (iv) | treatment of cancer |
|  |  | (v) | bearings for motor engines |

Choose the correct answer from the options given below :

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(1) (a) - (v), (b) - (i), (c) - (ii), (d) - (iv)
(2) (a) - (v), (b) - (ii), (c) - (iv), (d) - (i)
(3) (a) - (iv), (b) - (iii), (c) - (i), (d) - (ii)
(4) (a) - (v), (b) - (iii), (c) - (ii), (d) - (i)

Official Ans. by NTA (4)
5. Given below are two statement : one is labelled as Assertion A and the other is labelled as Reason R.
Assertion A : $\mathrm{SO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ is adsorbed to a large extent than $\mathrm{H}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ on activated charcoal.
Reason $\mathbf{R}: \mathrm{SO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ has a higher critical temperature than $\mathrm{H}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$.
In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below.
(1) Both $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{R}$ are correct but $\mathbf{R}$ is not the correct explanation fo $\mathbf{A}$
(2) Both $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{R}$ are correct and $\mathbf{R}$ is the correct explanation of $\mathbf{A}$.
(3) $\mathbf{A}$ is not correct but $\mathbf{R}$ is correct.
(4) $\mathbf{A}$ is correct but $\mathbf{R}$ is not correct.

Official Ans. by NTA (2)
6. The CORRECT order of first ionisation enthalpy is :
(1) $\mathrm{Mg}<\mathrm{S}<\mathrm{Al}<\mathrm{P}$
(2) $\mathrm{Mg}<\mathrm{Al}<\mathrm{S}<\mathrm{P}$
(3) $\mathrm{Al}<\mathrm{Mg}<\mathrm{S}<\mathrm{P}$
(4) $\mathrm{Mg}<\mathrm{Al}<\mathrm{P}<\mathrm{S}$

Official Ans. by NTA (3)
7. Given below are two statements :

Statement I : Hyperconjugation is a permanent effect.

Statement II : Hyperconjugation in ethyl cation $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\stackrel{+}{\mathrm{C}} \mathrm{H}_{2}\right)$ involves the overlapping of $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{sp}}{ }^{-}-\mathrm{H}_{1 \mathrm{~s}}$ bond with empty 2 p orbital of other carbon.
Choose the correct option :
(1) Both statement I and statement II are false
(2) Statement I is incorrect but statement II is true
(3) Statement I is correct but statement II is false
(4) Both Statement I and statement II are true.

Official Ans. by NTA (3)
8. Given below are two statements :

Statement I : $\left[\mathrm{Mn}(\mathrm{CN})_{6}\right]^{3-},\left[\mathrm{Fe}(\mathrm{CN})_{6}\right]^{3-}$ and $\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right)_{3}\right]^{3-}$ are $\mathrm{d}^{2} \mathrm{sp}^{3}$ hybridised.
Statement II : $\left[\mathrm{MnCl}_{6}\right]^{3-}$ and $\left[\mathrm{FeF}_{6}\right]^{3-}$ are paramagnetic and have 4 and 5 unpaired electrons, respectively.
In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below :
(1) Statement I is correct but statement II is false
(2) Both statement I and statement II are false
(3) Statement I is incorrect but statement II is true
(4) Both statement I and statement II are are true Official Ans. by NTA (4)
9. To an aqueous solution containing ions such as $\mathrm{Al}^{3+}, \mathrm{Zn}^{2+}, \mathrm{Ca}^{2+}, \mathrm{Fe}^{3+}, \mathrm{Ni}^{2+}, \mathrm{Ba}^{2+}$ and $\mathrm{Cu}^{2+}$ was added conc. HCl , followed by $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$.
The total number of cations precipitated during this reaction is/are :
(1) 1
(2) 3
(3) 4
(4) 2

Official Ans. by NTA (1)
10. Given below are two statements :

Statement I : Penicillin is a bacteriostatic type antibiotic.
Statement II : The general structure of Penicillin is:


Choose the correct option :
(1) Both statement I and statement II are false
(2) Statement I is incorrect but statement II is true
(3) Both statement I and statement II are true
(4) Statement I is correct but statement II is false Official Ans. by NTA (2)
11. Compound A gives D-Galactose and D-Glucose on hydrolysis. The compound $\mathbf{A}$ is :
(1) Amylose
(2) Sucrose
(3) Maltose
(4) Lactose

Official Ans. by NTA (4)
12. $\mathrm{R}-\mathrm{CN} \xrightarrow[\text { (ii) } \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}]{\text { (i) DIBAL-H }} \mathrm{R}-\mathrm{Y}$

Consider the above reaction and identify "Y"
(1) $-\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{NH}_{2}$
(2) $-\mathrm{CONH}_{2}$
(3) -CHO
(4) -COOH

Official Ans. by NTA (3)
13.

consider the above reaction, and choose the correct statement :
(1) The reaction is not possible in acidic medium
(2) Both compounds $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{B}$ are formed equally
(3) Compound $\mathbf{A}$ will be the major product
(4) Compound $\mathbf{B}$ will be the major product

Official Ans. by NTA (3)
14. Match List - I with List - II :

| List - I <br> (compound) |  | List - II <br> (effect/affected species) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (a) | Carbon monoxide | (i) | Carcinogenic |
| (b) | Sulphur dioxide | (ii) | Metabolized by <br> pyrus plants |
| (c) | Polychlorinated <br> biphenyls | (iii) | Haemoglobin |
| (d) | Oxides of Nitrogen | (iv) | Stiffness <br> flower buds |

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:
(1) (a) - (iii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (i), (d) - (ii)
(2) (a) - (iv), (b) - (i), (c) - (iii), (d) - (ii)
(3) (a) - (i), (b) - (ii), (c) - (iii), (d) - (iv)
(4) (a) - (iii), (b) - (iv), (c) - (ii), (d) - (i)

Official Ans. by NTA (1)
15. If the Thompson model of the atom was correct, then the result of Rutherford's gold foil experiment would have been :
(1) All of the $\alpha$-particles pass through the gold foil without decrease in speed.
(2) $\alpha$-Particles are deflected over a wide range of angles.
(3) All $\alpha$-particles get bounced back by $180^{\circ}$
(4) $\alpha$-Particles pass through the gold foil deflected by small angles and with reduced speed.
Official Ans. by NTA (4)
16. Number of $\mathrm{Cl}=\mathrm{O}$ bonds in chlorous acid, chloric acid and perchloric acid respectively are :
(1) 3, 1 and 1
(2) 4,1 and 0
(3) 1, 1 and 3
(4) 1, 2 and 3

Official Ans. by NTA (3)
17. Select the correct statements.
(A) Crystalline solids have long range order.
(B) Crystalline solids are isotropic.
(C) Amorphous solid are sometimes called pseudo solids.
(D) Amorphous solids soften over a range of temperatures.
(E) Amorphous solids have a definite heat of fusion.

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below.
(1) (A), (B), (E) only
(2) (B), (D) only
(3) (C), (D) only
(4) (A), (C), (D) only

Official Ans. by NTA (4)
18. What is A in the following reaction?

(i)

(ii) ${ }^{\ominus} \mathrm{OH} / \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ (Major Product)
(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)


Official Ans. by NTA (4)
19. The correct sequence of correct reagents for the following transformation is :-

(1) (i) $\mathrm{Fe}, \mathrm{HCl}$
(ii) $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}, \mathrm{HCl}$,
(iii) $\mathrm{NaNO}_{2}, \mathrm{HCl}, 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (iv) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{H}^{+}$
(2) (i) $\mathrm{Fe}, \mathrm{HCl}$
(ii) $\mathrm{NaNO}_{2}, \mathrm{HCl}, 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(iii) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{H}^{+}$
(iv) $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}, \mathrm{FeCl}_{3}$
(3) (i) $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}, \mathrm{FeCl}_{3}$
(ii) $\mathrm{Fe}, \mathrm{HCl}$
(iii) $\mathrm{NaNO}_{2}, \mathrm{HCl}, 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (iv) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{H}^{+}$
(4) (i) $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}, \mathrm{FeCl}_{3}$
(ii) $\mathrm{NaNO}_{2}, \mathrm{HCl}, 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
(iii) $\mathrm{Fe}, \mathrm{HCl}$
(iv) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{H}^{+}$

Official Ans. by NTA (3)
20. The addition of silica during the extraction of copper from its sulphide ore :-
(1) converts copper sulphide into copper silicate
(2) converts iron oxide into iron silicate
(3) reduces copper sulphide into metallic copper
(4) reduces the melting point of the reaction mixture
Official Ans. by NTA (2)

## SECTION-B

1. The equilibrium constant for the reaction
$\mathrm{A}(\mathrm{s}) \rightleftharpoons \mathrm{M}(\mathrm{s})+\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$
is $\mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{p}}=4$. At equilibrium, the partial pressure of $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ is $\qquad$ atm. (Round off to the nearest integer)

## Official Ans. by NTA (16)

2. When 400 mL of $0.2 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ solution is mixed with 600 mL of 0.1 M NaOH solution, the increase in temperature of the final solution is
$\qquad$ $\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~K}$. (Round off to the nearest integer).
[Use : $\mathrm{H}^{+}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{OH}^{-}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ :

$$
\left.\Delta_{\gamma} \mathrm{H}=-57.1 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right]
$$

Specific heat of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=4.18 \mathrm{~J} \mathrm{~K}^{-1} \mathrm{~g}^{-1}$
density of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}=1.0 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{~cm}^{-3}$
Assume no change in volume of solution on mixing.

Official Ans. by NTA (2)
ALLEN Ans. (82)
3. $2 \mathrm{SO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+\mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{SO}_{3}(\mathrm{~g})$

The above reaction is carried out in a vessel starting with partial pressure $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{SO}_{2}}=250 \mathrm{mbar}$, $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{O}_{2}}=750 \mathrm{~m}$ bar and $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{SO}_{3}}=0$ bar. When the reaction is complete, the total pressure in the reaction vessel is $\qquad$ m bar. (Round off of the nearest integer).
Official Ans. by NTA (875)
4. $\quad 10.0 \mathrm{~mL}$ of $0.05 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$ solution was consumed in a titration with 10.0 mL of given oxalic acid dihydrate solution. The strength of given oxalic acid solution is ........ $\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{L}$.
(Round off to the nearest integer)
Official Ans. by NTA (1575)
5. The total number of electrons in all bonding molecular orbitals of $\mathrm{O}_{2}^{2-}$ is $\qquad$
(Round off to the nearest integer)
Official Ans. by NTA (10)
6. 3 moles of metal complex with formula $\mathrm{Co}(\mathrm{en})_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{3}$ gives 3 moles of silver chloride on treatment with excess of silver nitrate. The secondary valency of Co in the complex is $\qquad$ .
(Round off to the nearest integer)
Official Ans. by NTA (6)
7. In a solvent $50 \%$ of an acid HA dimerizes and the rest dissociates. The van't Hoff factor of the acid is
$\qquad$ $\times 10^{-2}$.
(Round off to the nearest integer)
Official Ans. by NTA (125)
8. The dihedral angle in staggered form of Newman projection of 1, 1, 1-Trichloro ethane is $\qquad$ degree. (Round off to the nearest integer)
(Round off to the nearest integer)
Official Ans. by NTA (60)
9. For the first order reaction $\mathrm{A} \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{~B}, 1$ mole of reactant A gives 0.2 moles of B after 100 minutes. The half life of the reaction is $\qquad$ min. (Round off to the nearest integer).
[Use : $\ln 2=0.69, \ln 10=2.3$
Properties of logarithms: $\ln x^{y}=y \ln x$;

$$
\left.\ln \left(\frac{x}{y}\right)=\ln x-\ln y\right]
$$

(Round off to the nearest integer)
Official Ans. by NTA (300)
ALLEN Ans. (600 to 700)
10. For the cell
$\mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{s})\left|\mathrm{Cu}^{2+}(\mathrm{aq})(0.1 \mathrm{M}) \| \mathrm{Ag}^{+}(\mathrm{aq})(0.01 \mathrm{M})\right| \mathrm{Ag}(\mathrm{s})$
the cell potential $\mathrm{E}_{1}=0.3095 \mathrm{~V}$
For the cell
$\mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{s})\left|\mathrm{Cu}^{2+}(\mathrm{aq})(0.01 \mathrm{M}) \| \mathrm{Ag}^{+}(\mathrm{aq})(0.001 \mathrm{M})\right| \mathrm{Ag}(\mathrm{s})$
the cell potential $=$ $\qquad$ $\times 10^{-2} \mathrm{~V}$. (Round off the Nearest Integer).
[Use : $\frac{2.303 \mathrm{RT}}{\mathrm{F}}=0.059$ ]
Official Ans. by NTA (28)

## FINAL JEE-MAIN EXAMINATION - JULY, 2021

(Held On Tuesday 27th July, 2021)
TIME: 3: 00 PM to 6: 00 PM

## MATHEMATICS

## SECTION-A

1. The point $P(a, b)$ undergoes the following three transformations successively :
(a) reflection about the line $\mathrm{y}=\mathrm{x}$.
(b) translation through 2 units along the positive direction of x -axis.
(c) rotation through angle $\frac{\pi}{4}$ about the origin in the anti-clockwise direction.

If the co-ordinates of the final position of the point $P$ are $\left(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{7}{\sqrt{2}}\right)$, then the value of $2 a+b$ is equal to :
(1) 13
(2) 9
(3) 5
(4) 7

Official Ans. by NTA (2)
2. A possible value of ' $x$ ', for which the ninth term in the expansion of $\left\{3^{\log _{3} \sqrt{25^{x-1}+7}}+3^{\left(-\frac{1}{8}\right) \log _{3}\left(5^{x-1}+1\right)}\right\}^{10}$ in the increasing powers of $3^{\left(-\frac{1}{8}\right) \log _{3}\left(5^{x-1}+1\right)}$ is equal to 180 , is :
(1) 0
(2) -1
(3) 2
(4) 1

Official Ans. by NTA (4)
3. For real numbers $\alpha$ and $\beta \neq 0$, if the point of intersection of the straight lines
$\frac{x-\alpha}{1}=\frac{y-1}{2}=\frac{z-1}{3} \quad$ and $\quad \frac{x-4}{\beta}=\frac{y-6}{3}=\frac{z-7}{3}$,
lies on the plane $x+2 y-z=8$, then $\alpha-\beta$ is equal to :
(1) 5
(2) 9
(3) 3
(4) 7

Official Ans. by NTA (4)
4. Let $\mathrm{f}: \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ be defined as
$f(x+y)+f(x-y)=2 f(x) f(y), f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)=-1$. Then,
the value of $\sum_{k=1}^{20} \frac{1}{\sin (k) \sin (k+f(k))}$ is equal to :
(1) $\operatorname{cosec}^{2}(21) \cos (20) \cos (2)$
(2) $\sec ^{2}(1) \sec (21) \cos (20)$
(3) $\operatorname{cosec}^{2}(1) \operatorname{cosec}(21) \sin (20)$
(4) $\sec ^{2}(21) \sin (20) \sin (2)$

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

## TEST PAPER WITH ANSWER

5. Let $\mathbb{C}$ be the set of all complex numbers. Let
$S_{1}=\{z \in \mathbb{C}:|z-2| \leq 1\}$ and
$S_{2}=\{z \in \mathbb{C}: z(1+i)+\bar{z}(1-i) \geq 4\}$.
Then, the maximum value of $\left|z-\frac{5}{2}\right|^{2}$ for $\mathrm{z} \in \mathrm{S}_{1} \cap \mathrm{~S}_{2}$ is equal to :
(1) $\frac{3+2 \sqrt{2}}{4}$
(2) $\frac{5+2 \sqrt{2}}{2}$
(3) $\frac{3+2 \sqrt{2}}{2}$
(4) $\frac{5+2 \sqrt{2}}{4}$

Official Ans. by NTA (4)
6. A student appeared in an examination consisting of 8 true-false type questions. The student guesses the answers with equal probability. The smallest value of $n$, so that the probability of guessing at least ' $n$ ' correct answers is less than $\frac{1}{2}$, is :
(1) 5
(2) 6
(3) 3
(4) 4

Official Ans. by NTA (1)
7. If $\tan \left(\frac{\pi}{9}\right), x, \tan \left(\frac{7 \pi}{18}\right)$ are in arithmetic progression and $\tan \left(\frac{\pi}{9}\right), \mathrm{y}, \tan \left(\frac{5 \pi}{18}\right)$ are also in arithmetic progression, then $|x-2 y|$ is equal to :
(1) 4
(2) 3
(3) 0
(4) 1

Official Ans. by NTA (3)
8. Let the mean and variance of the frequency distribution
$\mathrm{x}: \quad \mathrm{X}_{1}=2$
$x_{2}=6$
$\mathrm{x}_{3}=8$
$\mathrm{X}_{4}=9$
f: $\quad 4$
4
$\alpha$
$\beta$
be 6 and 6.8 respectively. If $x_{3}$ is changed from 8 to 7, then the mean for the new data will be:
(1) 4
(2) 5
(3) $\frac{17}{3}$
(4) $\frac{16}{3}$

Official Ans. by NTA (3)
9. The area of the region bounded by $y-x=2$ and $\mathrm{x}^{2}=\mathrm{y}$ is equal to :-
(1) $\frac{16}{3}$
(2) $\frac{2}{3}$
(3) $\frac{9}{2}$
(4) $\frac{4}{3}$

Official Ans. by NTA (3)
10. Let $y=y(x)$ be the solution of the differential equation $\left(x-x^{3}\right) d y=\left(y+y x^{2}-3 x^{4}\right) d x, x>2$. If $y(3)=3$, then $y(4)$ is equal to :
(1) 4
(2) 12
(3) 8
(4) 16

Official Ans. by NTA (2)
11. The value of $\lim _{x \rightarrow 0}\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt[8]{1-\sin x}-\sqrt[8]{1+\sin x}}\right)$ is equal to :
(1) 0
(2) 4
(3) -4
(4) -1

Official Ans. by NTA (3)
12. Two sides of a parallelogram are along the lines $4 x+5 y=0$ and $7 x+2 y=0$. If the equation of one of the diagonals of the parallelogram is $11 x+7 y=9$, then other diagonal passes through the point :
(1) $(1,2)$
(2) $(2,2)$
(3) $(2,1)$
(4) $(1,3)$

Official Ans. by NTA (2)
13. Let $\alpha=\max _{x \in \mathbf{R}}\left\{8^{2 \sin 3 x} \cdot 4^{4 \cos 3 x}\right\}$ and $\beta=\min _{x \in \mathbf{R}}\left\{8^{2 \sin 3 x} \cdot 4^{4 \cos 3 x}\right\}$. If $8 x^{2}+b x+c=0$ is $a$ quadratic equation whose roots are $\alpha^{1 / 5}$ and $\beta^{1 / 5}$, then the value of $c-b$ is equal to :
(1) 42
(2) 47
(3) 43
(4) 50

Official Ans. by NTA (1)
14. Let $f:[0, \infty) \rightarrow[0,3]$ be a function defined by $f(\mathrm{x})= \begin{cases}\max \{\sin \mathrm{t}: 0 \leq \mathrm{t} \leq \mathrm{x}\}, & 0 \leq \mathrm{x} \leq \pi \\ 2+\cos \mathrm{x}, & \mathrm{x}>\pi\end{cases}$
Then which of the following is true?
(1) $f$ is continuous everywhere but not differentiable exactly at one point in $(0, \infty)$
(2) $f$ is differentiable everywhere in $(0, \infty)$
(3) $f$ is not continuous exactly at two points in $(0, \infty)$
(4) $f$ is continuous everywhere but not differentiable exactly at two points in $(0, \infty)$
Official Ans. by NTA (2)
15. Let $\mathbf{N}$ be the set of natural numbers and a relation R on $\mathbf{N}$ be defined by
$R=\left\{(x, y) \in \mathbf{N} \times \mathbf{N}: x^{3}-3 x^{2} y-x y^{2}+3 y^{3}=0\right\}$.
Then the relation R is :
(1) symmetric but neither reflexive nor transitive
(2) reflexive but neither symmetric nor transitive
(3) reflexive and symmetric, but not transitive
(4) an equivalence relation

Official Ans. by NTA (2)
16. Which of the following is the negation of the statement "for all $M>0$, there exists $x \in S$ such that $\mathrm{x} \geq \mathrm{M}^{\prime \prime}$ ?
(1) there exists $\mathrm{M}>0$, such that $\mathrm{x}<\mathrm{M}$ for all $\mathrm{x} \in \mathrm{S}$
(2) there exists $M>0$, there exists $x \in S$ such that $x \geq M$
(3) there exists $M>0$, there exists $x \in S$ such that $x<M$
(4) there exists $M>0$, such that $x \geq M$ for all $x \in S$

Official Ans. by NTA (1)
17. Consider a circle $C$ which touches the $y$-axis at $(0,6)$ and cuts off an intercept $6 \sqrt{5}$ on the $x$-axis. Then the radius of the circle $C$ is equal to :
(1) $\sqrt{53}$
(2) 9
(3) 8
(4) $\sqrt{82}$

Official Ans. by NTA (2)
18. Let $\vec{a}, \vec{b}$ and $\vec{c}$ be three vectors such that $\vec{a}=\vec{b} \times(\vec{b} \times \vec{c})$. If magnitudes of the vectors $\vec{a}, \vec{b}$ and $\overrightarrow{\mathrm{c}}$ are $\sqrt{2}, 1$ and 2 respectively and the angle between $\vec{b}$ and $\vec{c}$ is $\theta\left(0<\theta<\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$, then the value of $1+\tan \theta$ is equal to :
(1) $\sqrt{3}+1$
(2) 2
(3) 1
(4) $\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{3}}$

Official Ans. by NTA (2)
19. Let $A$ and $B$ be two $3 \times 3$ real matrices such that $\left(A^{2}-B^{2}\right)$ is invertible matrix. If $A^{5}=B^{5}$ and $A^{3} B^{2}=A^{2} B^{3}$, then the value of the determinant of the matrix $A^{3}+B^{3}$ is equal to :
(1) 2
(2) 4
(3) 1
(4) 0

Official Ans. by NTA (4)
20. Let $f:(\mathrm{a}, \mathrm{b}) \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$ be twice differentiable function such that $f(\mathrm{x})=\int_{\mathrm{a}}^{\mathrm{x}} \mathrm{g}(\mathrm{t}) \mathrm{dt}$ for a differentiable function $\mathrm{g}(\mathrm{x})$. If $f(\mathrm{x})=0$ has exactly five distinct roots in $(a, b)$, then $g(x) g^{\prime}(x)=0$ has at least :
(1) twelve roots in (a, b)
(2) five roots in (a, b)
(3) seven roots in (a, b)
(4) three roots in (a, b)

Official Ans. by NTA (3)

## SECTION-B

1. Let $\overrightarrow{\mathrm{a}}=\hat{\mathrm{i}}-\alpha \hat{\mathrm{j}}+\beta \hat{\mathrm{k}}, \quad \overrightarrow{\mathrm{b}}=3 \hat{\mathrm{i}}+\beta \hat{\mathrm{j}}-\alpha \hat{\mathrm{k}} \quad$ and $\overrightarrow{\mathrm{c}}=-\alpha \hat{\mathrm{i}}-2 \hat{\mathrm{j}}+\hat{\mathrm{k}}$, where $\alpha$ and $\beta$ are integers. If $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}=-1$ and $\vec{b} \cdot \vec{c}=10$, then $(\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) \cdot \vec{c}$ is equal to $\qquad$ .

Official Ans. by NTA (9)
2. The distance of the point $\mathrm{P}(3,4,4)$ from the point of intersection of the line joining the points. $\mathrm{Q}(3,-4,-5)$ and $\mathrm{R}(2,-3,1)$ and the plane $2 x+y+z=7$, is equal to $\qquad$ .

Official Ans. by NTA (7)
3. If the real part of the complex number $\mathrm{z}=\frac{3+2 i \cos \theta}{1-3 i \cos \theta}, \theta \in\left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$ is zero, then the value of $\sin ^{2} 3 \theta+\cos ^{2} \theta$ is equal to $\qquad$ .

Official Ans. by NTA (1)
4. Let E be an ellipse whose axes are parallel to the co-ordinates axes, having its center at $(3,-4)$, one focus at $(4,-4)$ and one vertex at $(5,-4)$. If $m x-y=4, m>0$ is a tangent to the ellipse E, then the value of $5 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ is equal to $\qquad$ .
Official Ans. by NTA (3)
5. If $\int_{0}^{\pi}\left(\sin ^{3} x\right) e^{-\sin ^{2} x} d x=\alpha-\frac{\beta}{e} \int_{0}^{1} \sqrt{t} e^{t} d t$, then $\alpha+\beta$ is equal to $\qquad$ .
Official Ans. by NTA (5)
6. The number of real roots of the equation $\mathrm{e}^{4 \mathrm{x}}-\mathrm{e}^{3 \mathrm{x}}-4 \mathrm{e}^{2 \mathrm{x}}-\mathrm{e}^{\mathrm{x}}+1=0$ is equal to $\qquad$ .

Official Ans. by NTA (2)
7. Let $y=y(x)$ be the solution of the differential equation $d y=e^{\alpha x+y} d x ; \alpha \in \mathbf{N}$. If $y\left(\log _{\mathrm{e}} 2\right)=\log _{\mathrm{e}} 2$ and $y(0)=\log _{e}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$, then the value of $\alpha$ is equal to $\qquad$ .

## Official Ans. by NTA (2)

8. Let n be a non-negative integer. Then the number of divisors of the form " $4 \mathrm{n}+1$ " of the number $(10)^{10} .(11)^{11} .(13)^{13}$ is equal to $\qquad$ .

Official Ans. by NTA (924)
9. Let $\mathrm{A}=\left\{\mathrm{n} \in \mathbf{N} \mid \mathrm{n}^{2} \leq \mathrm{n}+10,000\right\}, \mathrm{B}=\{3 \mathrm{k}+1 \mid \mathrm{k} \in \mathbf{N}\}$ and $C=\{2 k \mid k \in N\}$, then the sum of all the elements of the set $\mathrm{A} \cap(\mathrm{B}-\mathrm{C})$ is equal to $\qquad$ .

Official Ans. by NTA (832)
10. If $A=\left[\begin{array}{lll}1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1\end{array}\right]$ and $M=A+A^{2}+A^{3}+\ldots . .+A^{20}$, then the sum of all the elements of the matrix M is equal to $\qquad$ .

Official Ans. by NTA (2020)

