1. Match List I with List II

LIST I		LIST II		
A.	Zamindari System	I.	Benami transfer	
			Radical restructuring of	
В	Rayatwari System	II.	agrarian structure in	
			Kerala+Bengal	
	Tenancy abolition	Less burden of		
C.	and regulation	III.	taxation, more	
	and regulation		proporsion	
D.	Land Ceiling	IV.	Agricultural product	
ا.ا			stagnated/deliver	

Choose the correct answer from the options given below

- (1) A-III, B-I, C-IV, D-II
- (2) A-IV, B-II, C-I, D-III
- (3) A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV
- (4) A-IV, B-III, C-II, D-I
- 2. The term used when individual are required to many outside his/her group
 - (1) Monogamy
- (2) Polygamy
- (3) Endogamy
- (4) Exogamy
- 3. Sanskitization is a process of
 - (1) Upward mobility
 - (2) Downward mobility
 - (3) Intra-generational mobility
 - (4) Horizontal mobility
- 4. Match List I with List II

LIST I Nature of work		LIST II Industry		
Α.	Working conditions	l.	Bidi making, zari making	
В.	Recruitment	II.	The mines Act 1952	
C.	Management	III.	Jobless	
D.	Home based work	IV.	Taylorism	

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV
- (2) A-III, B-IV, C-I, D-II
- (3) A-IV, B-I, C-II, D-III
- (4) A-II, B-III, C-IV, D-I

- **5.** bidi workers are:
 - A. Workers who substitute for regular permanent workers.
 - B. Contract workers.
 - C. Permanent workers.
 - D. Workers who receive equal status and security like permanent workers

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) C, D Only
- (2) A, B Only
- (3) A, D Only
- (4) B, D Only
- **6.** The concept of failure of entitlements has been given by:
 - (1) Amartya Sen
 - (2) Emile Durkheim
 - (3) Abhijit Banerjee
 - (4) Thomas Robert Malthus
- 7. Social ineguality and exclusion are social because
 - A. They are structured
 - B. They are systematic
 - C. They are unstructured
 - D. They are non systematic

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) A & D Only
- (2) B & C Only
- (3) A & B Only
- (4) C & D Only
- 8. Who has argued nation as an imagined community?
 - (1) J. Gutenleerg
- (2) Raja Rammohan Roy
- (3) Vidyasagar
- (4) Benedict Anderson
- **9.** The most infamous pandemic was 'Spanish flue' which occured in the year-
 - (1) 2020
- (2) 1957
- (3) 1918
- (4) 1947
- **10.** The most common features of caste are:
 - A. It involves strict rule about marriage.
 - B. It involves rules about food and food sharing
 - C. It is a matter of choice.
 - D. Castes involved subdivisions within themselves. Choose the correct answer from the options given

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) A, B & D Only
- (2) B, C & D Only
- (3) A, C & D Only
- (4) A, B & C Only

- 11. Arrange the following in order of the development of Indian women's struggle for equality.
 - A. Raja Rammohan Roy undertook the campaign against Sati
 - B. Law became the major site for reform against violence
 - C. Karachi Session of INC committed itself to women's equality
 - D. Dayanand Saraswati stood for women's education based on religious principles

Choose the con ect answer from the options given below:

- (1) D, A, C, B
- (2) B, D, C, A
- (3) A, B, C, D
- (4) A. D. C. B
- 12. Who considered exclusive nationalism to be an evil?
 - (1) J. Nehru
- (2) R. Tagor
- (3) B.R. Ambedkar
- (4) Bhagat Singh
- 13. Which tribe is matrilineal?
 - (1) Bakarwal
- (2) Khasi
- (3) Bhil
- (4) Santhal
- 14. Permanent traits in tribes does not include
 - (1) region
- (2) Religion
- (3) language
- (4) Ecological Habit
- 15. The criteria for inclusion in civil society is that the organisation should lie
 - (1) Commercial
- (2) State controlled
- (3) Non-State controlled (4) Profit making
- **16.** Ail economy where the workforce involved in Design, Development. Technology, Marketing, Sales and Services is known as:-
 - (1) Knowledge economy (2) Developed economy
 - (3) Developing
- (4) Electronic economy
- 17. Disinvestment means:
 - (1) Saving in the bank
 - (2) Privatisation of public sector or Government companies
 - (3) Open market for global citizens
 - (4) Acquiring small and medium industries
- **18.** Who wrote Unquite Woods?
 - (1) Karl Marx
- (2) Ramchandra Guha
- (3) Dipanker Gupta
- (4) M.N.Srinivas
- 19. Extended working hours are Legitimesed by the common management, Which in theory, gives the employee freedom to choose his/her working hours. Give the common nomenclature of this process.
 - (1) Own-Time
 - (2) Flexi-Time
 - (3) Me-Time
 - (4) Work-From-Home-Time

- 20. India's first long running soap opera was
 - (1) Hum log
- (2) Buniyaad
- (3) Ramayana
- (4) Mahabharata
- 21. Match List I with List II

LIST I		LIST II	
Α.	Kaka Kalelkar	I.	1990
	commission		
В.	Brahmo Samaj	II.	1828
C.	Karachi session of Indian	III.	1953
	National Congress		
D.	B.P.Mandal commission	IV.	1931

Choose the correct answer from the options given below

- (1) A-III, B-II, C-IV, D-I
- (2) A-IV, B-III, C-II, D-I
- (3) A-II, B-III, C-I, D-IV
- (4) A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV
- 22. Who coined the term 'Status Symbol'?
 - (1) T. K. Domenn
- (2) Levi Strauss
- (3) Emile Durkheim
- (4) Max Weber
- 23. Gender identities impact men as well. A typical man in the Indian society is expected to be the following:
 - (1) Do household work
 - (2) Help in child rearing
 - (3) Strong and successful
 - (4) Helpful and compassionate
- **24.** Wrights milla is a well known:

 - (1) French sociologist (2) American sociologist
 - (3) German sociologist (4) British sociologist
- 25. Strike out incorrect statement about Panchayati Raj:-
 - (1) Panchayati Raj translates to "Governance by five individuals"
 - (2) At the base of the structure stands "Gram Sabha"
 - (3) The 74th Amanedment provided a three-tier system of Panchayati Raj
 - (4) Election to these bodies are conducted every five years.
- **26.** Indian parliamentry and Legal system is leveitt on
 - (1) French Model
- (2) Canadian Model
- (3) British Model
- (4) Austrrailian Model
- 27. A systematic study of population is called
 - (1) Polygraphy
- (2) Sesmiography
- (3) Oceanography
- (4) Demography

- **28.** Read the statements given below and choose the option with the correct sequence of events:
 - A. Green revolution introduced in the dry and the semi-arid regions of India 2n[^] phase
 - B. New technology introduced
 - C. Displacement of service caste groups.
 - D. Increasing Commercialisation

Choose the correct answer from the option given below:

- (1) A, B, C, D
- (2) B, C, A, D
- (3) D, C, A, B
- (4) B, C, D, A
- **29.** Arrange the following process in chronological order:
 - A. Manufacturer branding and selling
 - B. Workers rolling the leaves
 - C. Pinking of tendu leaves
 - D. Selling tendu leaves by contractor to government
 - E. Auctions leaves of factory owners

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) C, D, E, B, A
- (2) C, D, E, A, B
- (3) C, D, B, A, E
- (4) C, D, A, E, B
- **30.** Which amendment provided a three-tier system of Panchayati Raj for all states having a population of over twenty lakh.
 - (1) The 92nd Amendment
 - (2) The 73rd Amendment
 - 3 The 56th Amendment
 - 4. The 83rd Amendment
- 31. Match the List I with List II

LIST I		LIST II	
A.	Welth of Nation	-	Mask Weber
В.	Capitalism	III.	Alfred Gell
C.	Status symbol	III.	Adam Smith
D.	Heirarchial social group	IV	Karl Mark

Choose the correct answer from the options given below

- (1) A-III, B-I, C-II, D-IV
- (2) A-III, B-II, C-I, D-IV
- (3) A-III, B-IV, C-I, D-II
- (4) A-III, B-I, C-IV, D-II
- **32.** Out of the following which is the dominant caste in Andhra Pradesh?
 - (1) Lingayats
- (2) Kammas
- (3) Jat
- (4) Sikhs
- **33.** In the decocratic form of government who are the key actors?

- (1) Industrialists
- (2) Political Parties
- (3) People
- (4) NGO's
- 34. Social movement is:
 - (1) absence of any degree of organisation
 - (2) sustained collective action
 - (3) necessarily include a leadership
 - (4) disorganised protest
- **35.** The critics of Malthosian theory argued that poverty and Starvation were caused by
 - A. Unequal distribution of economic resources
 - B. Population growth
 - C. injust social system
 - D. Privileged minority

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) B & D Only
- (2) B & C Only
- (3) A & C Only
- (4) A & B Only
- **36.** In 1993 Supreme Court held that Right to Information is part of and incidental to The Right of expression under:
 - (1) Article 19 (1)(A)
- (2) Article 17
- (3) Article 20 (1)(B)
- (4) Article 15
- 37. Match List I with List II

LIST I		LIST II		
Α.	Population momentum	I.	Voluntary action to reduce population growth	
B.	Demographic Divident	II.	Large cohort of women at reproduct age	
C.	Population pyramid	III.	Group data m term of gender and age	
D.	Preventive check	IV.	Higher population of workers compared to non-workers	

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) A-III, B-I, C-IV, D-II
- (2) A-II, B-IV, C-III, D-I
- (3) A-I, B-III, C-II, D-IV
- (4) A-IV, B-II, C-I, D-III
- **38.** Arrange the following in chronological sequence (from oldest to newest events)
 - A. Champaran Satyagraha
 - B. Bihar Provincial Kisan Sabha
 - C. Deccan riots
 - D. Tebhaga Movement
 - E. Bardoli Satyagraha

Choose the correct answer fr om the options given below:

- (1) D, B, C, A, E
- (2) C, A, E, B, D
- (3) B, D, A, C, E
- (4) A, B, C, D, E

39. Which article of the constitution of India states the following

"No citizen shall be denied admission into any educational institution, maintained by tile state or received out of state funds on grounds only of religron, race, caste, language or any of them"

- (1) Article 29(1)
- (2) Article 29(2)
- (3) Article 30(1)
- (4) Article 30(2)
- **40.** Arrange the following statement in correct sequence of events
 - A. Effort to re-organise into Ethnic-Linguistic states
 - B. Indian state continued with British-Indian arrangement of presidence
 - C. Vigorous moments among Maratha and Kannada speakers in Bombay and Madras presidence
 - D. Pakistan was divided between Urdu and Punjabi speakers in the west and Bengali speakers in the east
 - E. Formation of SRC for final approval on Linguitic

Choose the correct answer from the option given below:

- (1) A, B, E, C, D
- (2) B, A, C, E, D
- (3) B, C, A, E, D
- (4) A, D., C, E, B

Directions for question 41 to 45:

Clamoring to enter India's red-hot retail sector, the world's largest chains, including WalMart Stores, Carrefour and Tesco, are seeking the best way to enter the country, despite a government ban on foreign direct investment in the market. Recent large investment by major Indian businesses, like Reliance Industries and Bharat Alltel, have increased the sense of urgency for foreign retailers Last week Bharat Airtel indicated

that it was in talks with Wal-Mart, Carrefour and Tesco to set up a joint venture India's retails sector is attractive not only because of its fast growth, but because familyrun street corner stores have 97% of the nation's business. But this industry trait is precisely why the government makes it hard for foreigners to enter the market. Politicians frequently argue that global retailers would destroy thousands of small local players and fledgling domestic chains.

- 41. The government is trying to sell its share in several public sector companies, a process which is known
 - (1) Foreign investment (2) De investment
 - (3) Dis investment
- (4) Retail therapy
- 42. Due to globalisation, MNcs are outsourcing work to developing countries because:
 - (1) Most MNc are headed by people from developing countries like India
 - (2) The International Monetary Fund and World Trade Organisation makes it mandatory

- (3) Labour is skilled
- (4) Labour is cheaper in developing countries which will yield bigger profits for the MNcs
- 43. India's retail sector is attractive not only because of its fast growth, bot because family run street cover. Stores have a large share of the market. Identify the share of the family run cover bussiness in retail sector.
 - (1) 59%
- (2) 97%
- (3) 79%
- (4) 90%
- 44. Parle drinks bring bought by Coca Cola in an example
 - (1) Liberalization
- (2) De-Monetisation
- (3) Globalization
- (4) Acquisition
- 45. Identify the world's largest MNC in retail market
 - (1) Wal Mart stores
- (2) Pepsico
- (3) Reliance-Industries (4) Amazon

Directions for questions 46 to 50: Read the following passage and answer question based on the concept.

Considered from an, urban point of view. The rapid growth in urbanization shows that the town or city has been acting as a magnet for the rural population. Those who cannot find work (or sufficient work) in the rural areas go to the city in search of work. This flow of rural-to-urban migration has also been accelerated by the continuous decline of common property resources like ponds, forests and grazing land. These common resources enabled poor people to survive in the villages although they owned little or no land. Now, these resources have been turned into private property, or they are exhausted. (Ponds may run dry no longer provide enough fish; forests may have been cut down and have vanished. If people no longer have access to these resources, but on the other hand have to buy many things in the market that they used to get free (like fuel, fodder or supplementary food items). Then their hardship increases. This hardship is worsened by the fact that opportunities for cash income are limited in the villages.

- 46. Identify how is Mass Media contributing to urbanization?
 - (1) By controlling the product market
 - (2) By streaming the image of urban life styles and patterns of consumption to rural people
 - (3) By changing the views of rural people
 - (4) By providing employment
- 47. There is a selective in the common property resources in the village trading to migration in that are these common property resources?
 - (1) Agricultural land
 - (2) Ponds, forests and grazing land
 - (3) Agricultural Implements
 - (4) Friends and relatives

- **48.** Urbanisation is not list impacting the number of people migration to urban areas, but also impacting:
 - (1) Increased interaction of urban people
 - (2) Increased resources for rural people left behind
 - (3) Decline in socio- economic significances of agrarian way of life
 - (4) Increased resources of urban people
- **49.** Decline in common property resources like ponds, forests has led to acceleration of:
 - (1) Rural and rural
- (2) Urban and rural
- (3) Rural and urban
- (4) Urban to urban

- **50.** The emergence of machine production, based on the use of inanimate power resources like steem or electricity is known as:
 - (1) Globalisation
- (2) Modernisation
- (3) Industriesation
- (4) Glocalisation